# PHRASAL VERB ORGANISER

with Mini-Dictionary

JOHN FLOWER

Editor: Jimmie Hill



#### LTP

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#### The Author

John Flower is a teacher at Eurocentre Bournemouth where he has worked for many years. He has long experience of teaching Cambridge examination classes for whom phrasal verbs are a serious problem. He is the author of the popular **Build Your Vocabulary** series. His first book in LTP's Organiser series was **First Certificate Organiser**.

#### Personal Note

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### **Using This Book**

There are thousands of phrasal verbs in English. Some are very common. Some are rare. Some have more than one meaning. This book practises over 700 with more than 1,000 meanings.

### Phrasal verbs can be organised

This book organises them in different ways - by particle, by verb, and by topic. The more different ways you meet these verbs, the more you will learn.

### If you are learning English in class

Your teacher can only spend a small amount of time teaching you phrasal verbs. You must spend time at home learning them for yourself. The more you study at home, the better your English will become.

### If you are learning English on your own without a teacher

It is better to do a little at regular intervals, rather than a lot at one time, and then nothing for weeks.

### If you do not understand the meaning of a verb

Do not worry! See if the context of the verb can help you to understand its meaning. Look the verb up in the Mini-Dictionary at the back of this book or in your own dictionary. Study the example and try to write your own sentence using the verb. This will help you to remember what the verb means and how it is used.

### If you are studying for an examination

You can use the special organising pages and Your Personal List at the end of the book. Cover part of the page and test yourself.

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### **Getting Started**

#### 1 What is a phrasal verb?

A phrasal verb is a verb plus one or two particles.

Here are some common verbs: bring, get, go, put, take, turn.

Some teachers call them prepositions or adverbs, but it is easier to think of them as all 'particles'.

Here are some examples of phrasal verbs:

bring in go off take out get on with

To understand what a phrasal verb is, let us look at the verb GET:

#### GET as an ordinary verb:

Can you get me a glass of milk?

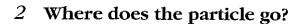
### GET with one or two particles to form phrasal verbs:

GET IN: The window was open. A thief got in and stole the video . (enter)

GET ON WITH: We don't get on with our neighbours. (We aren't friendly to each other.)

Please get on with your work. (Please continue with your work.)

You can see that some phrasal verbs are easy, and some are more difficult to understand. Working through the exercises in this book will help you understand these verbs and their meanings.



Very often the particle comes immediately after the verb, but this is not always true.

#### Particle immediately after the verb:

The cat stayed on top of the wall and only got down at meal times. (descend)

#### Particle after the object:

This terrible weather is getting many people down. (making them depressed)

#### Particle before or after the object:

Did you get down all the information? (manage to make a note of it)
Did you get all the information down?



"I don't think they get on very well.

"I'm getting wet. It's getting me down."

If the object is a pronoun, the particle comes after: Did you get it down?

#### 3 Identifying phrasal verbs

There are thousands of phrasal verbs in English. Here is an exercise to help you discover and learn these verbs as you study English.

Look at these extracts from three articles. There are twelve phrasal verbs. Underline them and write them on the lines beside the texts.

Smoke from the fire in the kitchen set a fire alarm off. Mr and Mrs Newton and their two children managed to get out through a window. One man in the flats upstairs was watching TV and hadn't realised what was happening. He had the shock of his life when firemen broke in and told him to leave immediately.

Annoyed by telephone salespeople? Don't put up with them any longer! Whenever one rings you up, you should ask them to hold on because you have to consult someone. You then simply carry on doing what you were doing before. When you return after about ten minutes, you should find that the caller has hung up.

4.5.6.7.

We needed money to pay off the loan so I decided never to turn down any jobs that I was offered. Of course the work piled up and I just couldn't do it all. My wife was worried that I was going to crack up and started helping me when she could.

Did you understand those twelve verbs? If not, check in the Mini-Dictionary at the end of this book.

When you read a new text, find the phrasal verbs. Check to see if they are included in the Mini-Dictionary. If not, make your own list of verbs. There are some special pages at the end of the book to help you do this.

Match each phrasal verb from the previous exercise with its correct definition. Use each verb once only. See how many verbs you can remember without looking back at the exercise.

1.	***************************************	If youan alarm, for example, you cause it to start.
2.		lf you're in a building where there is danger and you, you manage to escape.
3.		When firemen come to a house and, they enter it using force.
4.		If you someone or something, you tolerate them.
5.	***************************************	If you someone, you phone them.
6.	••••••	If you ask someone to, you want them to wait.
7.		If you doing something, you continue doing it.
В.	***************************************	You when you end a phone conversation.
9.		If you a loan, you pay the money you owe.
10.		If you the offer of a job, you say you don't want it.
11.		If work, you have too much to do.
12.		When people are under a lot of pressure and, they have a nervous breakdown.
oic OV	I you notice how the	te phrasal verb 'set off' was used?

#### set a fire alarm off

Look back at the opposite page and find the nouns which go with the following:

has hung up	
turn down	
piled up	)



"I didn't set it off. It went off by itself!"

It is important to note down any common partnerships that verbs form with nouns. This will help you to understand and remember the phrasal verbs you meet.

#### 4 What do phrasal verbs mean?

It is often possible to understand what a phrasal verb means by looking at its particle. As you do the exercises in this book, try to notice patterns of meaning and build up lists based on these patterns. Although it is not always possible to find a pattern, thinking about the meaning of the particle will help you to understand and remember the phrasal verbs you meet.

Below you will see some of the meanings of the six most common particles used with phrasal verbs.

#### UP

#### An upward movement:

We left early, just as the sun was coming up.

#### An increase, an improvement:

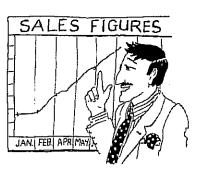
Sales have gone up in the past year.

#### Completing, ending:

We used up all the eggs when we made the cake.

#### Approaching:

A taxi drew up just as we were thinking of calling one.



"Sales are UP!"

#### **DOWN**

#### A downward movement:

The teacher told the pupils to sit down.

#### A decrease:

That music is too loud! Turn it down!

#### Completing, ending, stopping:

Business was so bad that the shop had to close down.



"Turn it DOWN!"

#### **OUT**

#### An outward movement, not being inside:

Let's eat out this evening.

#### **Excluding:**

The double glazing helps to shut out the noise.

#### Completing, doing thoroughly:

It took me hours to clean out that room.

#### IN/INTO

#### An inward movement:

The spectators poured into the stadium.

#### Including, being involved:

We'd better let her into the secret.



"Next week, you can clean it OUT!"

#### **OFF**

Movement away, detaching: We set off at midday.

Preventing entry, separating, not including: They've fenced off their garden to keep dogs out.

#### ON

#### Touching, attaching:

I wish you wouldn't put on so much lipstick!

#### Continuing:

He went on talking as if nothing had happened.

The other particles can often be understood because they have their literal meanings of place or movement. Here are some additional meanings:

#### AWAY

#### Continuous activity:

The secretary kept typing away, ignoring the noise outside.

#### **BACK**

#### Returning:

#### Reference to past time:

This photo brings back memories of when I was young.

#### **THROUGH**

#### Completing, doing thoroughly:

meaning from its context?

I need to think this through before I decide.

I've given back the tools I borrowed.

When you read or hear a phrasal verb that you have ever met before, try to guess

Look the verb up in a dictionary to see if you are correct. Make a note of the verb

its meaning. Does its particle help you to understand it? Can you guess its

and write your own sentence so that you can remember the meaning.

"It brings BACK memories!"



"We can't get IN - they've fenced it OFF to keep us OUT!"



bad bappened!"

11

1 Complete each of the sentences with the correct form of one of the verbs below and the particle UP. Use each verb once only.

#### build cheer grow liven put shoot speak stand

- 1. I'm not tall enough to reach. Can you ...... this poster for me?
- 2. Why are you so miserable? ......! Things can't be that bad!
- 3. When the headmaster came in, most of the pupils ...... but a few remained seated.
- 5. After a long illness, it takes some time to ...... your strength.
- 6. She's a bit deaf so you'll have to ......
- 7. I was born in Washington but I ...... in New York.

The 'UP' in the verbs in this exercise had the meaning of an upward movement, an increase or an improvement.



"Could you speak up, Jobn!"

#### 2 Now do the same with these verbs:

#### fill heal hurry lock ring save seal tidy

- 1. Why are you walking so slowly? We'll have to ...... or we'll be late.
- 2. You've got my number so you can ...... me ...... if you have any problems.
- 4. It's a long journey so remember to ...... the petrol tank before you go.
- 6. He was such a dangerous prisoner that they ...... him ......... in a room and put a guard outside.
- 7. She was finally able to buy the bicycle after she'd ...... enough money.
- 8. You'll be able to find everything if you ...... your room.

In exercise 2 it is possible to omit 'UP' from each sentence. Sometimes it appears to intensify the verb it follows.

1	Match one half of the dialogue on the left with the other half on the right
	Write your answers in the boxes.

1. Why are they so tired this A Well, I didn't make it, so don't expect me to clear morning? it up! 2. Why have you set your alarm B Of course! I'll back you up. Let's go and see the for five o'clock? manager. 3. Joe's missed a lot of lessons. C I'm afraid not. I've used it all up. D Of course not. You'll have to dress up. 4. Lucy's very polite, isn't she? 5. Look at the mess all over the E Yes. It'll be very hard for him to catch up. 6. Can I wear jeans this evening? Because I have to get up early. 7. Will you support me if I G Because they stayed up late watching television. complain about the food? 8. Is there any milk left? H Yes. She's been very well brought up. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

#### Now do the same with these dialogues:

3. I can't understand this word.

4. My French isn't very good.

- 1. I don't know which one is which. A No, drink up! It's time to go. Do you?
- 2. Can I have an ice-cream? B Yes. They've blown up the Central Bank.
- C Only if you eat up all your vegetables.
- 5. Have you heard about the

D All right. And I'll wash up afterwards.

- E Why don't you go to evening classes to terrorist attack? brush up?
- 6. What shall I do about this No. It's very easy to mix them up, letter asking for money? isn't it?
- 7. Shall we have another drink? G Well look it up!
- 8. Would you like me to cook the H I'd tear it up if I were you. meal this evening?

1			 		 		 		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

Now go through the sentences on the right and underline the phrasal verbs.

1 Complete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs given and the particle UP. Use each verb once only.

#### beat call crop light own pull speed split

1.	At first the coach went quite slowly but it began to as we got onto the motorway.
2.	The fireworks exploded in all their colours andthe sky.
3.	The phone never stopped ringing as her friends kept to congratulate her .
4.	It was a really violent attack. The robbershimso badly that he had to be treated in hospital.
5.	The car suddenly came towards us. It
6.	I won't be able to go out tonight because a problem has just
7.	If the person who broke the window doesn't, the whole class will be punished. "I was badly beaten up, as you can see."
8.	Over sixty people arrived to help look for the missing girl.  They into groups of four or five and went off in different directions.

#### 2 Now do the same with these verbs:

#### bottle dig freshen polish screw tighten

- 1. The press are always looking for scandal. They're trying to ......information about his past.
- 2. You could tell that she wasn't happy about the news by the way she ...... her face in disapproval.
- 3. He hasn't spoken Spanish for ages so he wants to ...... it ...... before his holiday.
- 4. I can tell you're upset. Don't ......your feelings. It'll only make things worse.
- 5. That's the third break-in this month. We must ...... security to prevent any more.
- 6. Where's the ladies' room? I need to ...... before we go into the restaurant.

### Match a number with a letter. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.

- do up
   A appearances although he'd lost all his money.
- 2. fold up B the bank and steal a hundred thousand pounds.
- 3. hold up C the volume so that we can all hear.
- 4. keep up D the letter and put it in the envelope.
- 5. kick up E your overcoat because it's cold.
- 6. stir up F the situation in a few words.
- 7. sum up G trouble for the rest of us.
- 8. turn up H a fuss about the room being so cold. "Brrrr. I'd better do up my jacket."

1	2	2	1	5	ا و ا	7	
						'	8

#### 2 Now do the same with these sentences:

- 1. The caller A broke up and we all went home.
- 2. A car B froze up so she couldn't open the door.
- 3. The contestants C flared up and some people were hurt.
- 4. The lock D drew up and the driver got out.
- 5. The party E hung up before I could ask him his name.
- 6. Violence F lined up and paraded in front of the judges.
- 7. The windows G piled up while I was away on holiday.
- 8. Work H misted up and we couldn't see outside.

		,			 				
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	

Test yourself by covering one column and trying to remember the other part.

		e particle						or one	or the	verbs given and		
			come	give	go	make	pick	put	set	take		
	1.	The hotels	were all fu	ll so we	offere	d to	Ca	arla	for t	he night.		
:	2. Early that morning, we set off on our journey as the sun was											
;	3. An enquiry was into the use of chemicals in farming.											
	4. You're such a good singer that you should it professionally.											
!	5. Are you coming or not? Please your mind!											
ı	6. We managed to escape before the factory in flames.											
-	7. Do you know any Turkish?											
;	8. Tony's free time was very important to him and he resented having tosome of it											
2	No	ow do the	e same w	ith thes	e ver	bs:						
			come	give	go	make	pick	put	set	take		
	1.	l've decide	ed to	**********		your offer	of a part-	time job	).			
;	2.	As the hor supporters		me out o	nto th	e field a ch	eer	••••••	••••••	from their		
;	3. He was supposed to be a very violent man but he didn't much of a fight when the police finally caught him.											
	4. Where do you want me to put the computer and printer?  - Could youthemin that corner?											
	5.	l'II give yo	u a lift. If y	ou wait c	n the	corner, l'II .	•••••	you	a	t 6 o'clock.		
	6.	_	/ realised t		-	ıld possibly	/ have su	rvived t	he expl	osion they decided		
	7.	Was that s	story true, o	or was sh	e	it	all	. 7				
	8.	Has Isabel	-	thing abo	out me	o? in the co	urse of co	onversa	tion last	t night.		

### Organising Verbs with UP – 1

Complete each of the groups of sentences below with one of the following verbs. Use each verb once only.

	come up give up	go up make up	pick up set up put up take up
1.	Did he		a prize at the show?
	Does he expect me to		the bill?
	I managed to		some ideas at the meeting.
2.	I'll have to		my job and look after her.
	If you		smoking, you'll feel better.
	Tommy,		your seat to the lady!
3.	Won't it		too much of your time?
	She decided to		her skirt as it was too long.
	I think I'll		golf, when I retire.
4.	Don't		an excuse! Tell the truth!
	Will they ever		their quarrel?
	Come on! You must		your mind!
5.	They've		an enquiry into the incident.
	You need money to	)	in business.
	The police		road blocks to stop the terrorists.
6.	I've been forced to		prices.
	He's agreed to		the money you need.
	The party may		an alternative candidate.
7.	We watched the moon		over the hill.
	Did the subject		in the course of conversation?
.	People used to		and speak to her.
8.	Prices will		in the New Year.
	We saw the building		in flames.
	Why don't you		and introduce yourself?

Test yourself by covering the middle column.

### Organising Verbs with UP-2

Fill each blank with one of the following verbs. Use each verb once only.

break up bring up	draw up get up	hold up keep up	look up turn up
You must		Don't walk so	slowly.
I hope this rain doesn't		much longer.	·
We try to		appearances.	
It was tactless to		such a sensitiv	ve subject.
She had to		the children a	lone.
Why don't you		the matter of	expenses.
lf you		your collar, yo	ou won't be so cold.
It's too soft. Please		the volume.	
They didn't		until the party	was over.
It will take time to		an agreement	
We saw a car		and a man ge	t out.
Why don't you		your chair nea	arer to the fire?
Things are beginning to		at last.	
He didn't even		when he came	e in.
Remember-to		any words yo	u don't know.
If you know the answer		your hand.	
The robbers planned to	,	the bank in th	e town centre.
The police had to		the traffic bec	ause of the accident.
It'll take ages to		that hill!	
		early tomorro	w morning.
We should			inst the motorway.
The ship began to		on the rocks	
When do the schools			er holiday?
	You must I hope this rain doesn't We try to  It was tactless to She had to Why don't you  If you It's too soft. Please They didn't  It will take time to We saw a car Why don't you  Things are beginning to He didn't even Remember to  If you know the answer The robbers planned to The police had to  I have to We should The ship began to The police decided to	You must I hope this rain doesn't We try to  It was tactless to She had to Why don't you  If you It's too soft. Please They didn't  It will take time to We saw a car Why don't you  Things are beginning to He didn't even Remember to  If you know the answer The robbers planned to The police had to  It'll take ages to I have to We should  The ship began to The police decided to	You must I hope this rain doesn't We try to  It was tactless to She had to Why don't you  If you It's too soft. Please They didn't  It will take time to Why don't you  Things are beginning to He didn't even Remember to If you know the answer The robbers planned to The police had to  It'll take ages to It'll take ages to It'll take ages to It'll take to We should The ship began to The police decided to  Don't walk so much longer. Much longer. Much longer. Much a sensitive the children a the children a funct appearances.  Such a sensitive the children a function appearances.  Such a sensitive the volume. an agreement and a man ge your collar, you the volume. and a man ge your chair nea function and a man ge the volume. function appearances.  It was tactless to such appearances.  It was tactless to an appearance.  It was tactless to an appearance.  It was t

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

### Organising Verbs with UP – 3

Complete the blanks in the definitions with the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	back cheer mix		brush freshen tighten	dig stay bottle	screw blow dress	beat crop own
1.	***************************************	ир	If children to bed at the	normal time.	to watch televis	ion, they don't go
2.	***************************************	uр	People who . them and no	t show how the	their emotion y are feeling.	s try to control
3.	***************************************	up	If you tell sor stop being so	meone to o miserable.	, уос	ı want them to
4.	*******	up	If youwere the per	t son who did it.	o something wrong	ı, you admit you
5.	***************************************	up	When terroris	sts osion.	a bridge,	they destroy it
6.		ир	People who . badly.	у	ou hit or kick	you and hurt you
7.	***************************************	up	When you more present	table.	, you wash and i	make yourself look
8.	-	up	If you clothes.	***************************************	to go to a party, you	ı wear very smart
9.	· * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	up	If youdifference be	t tween them.	wo people or things	s, you can't tell the
10.		up	When you	*****************************	your Spanish, y	ou improve it.
11.	***************************************	up	If youshow disappr	y oval.	our face, you twist	a part of it to
<b>12.</b> .		up	When you and support.	sor	meone, you	give them help
13.	****************	up	When you	••••••	security, you ma	ake it stricter.
14.		up	Problems wh	ich	appear un	expectedly.
15.	***************************************	up	If youthat had been	iı kept secret.	nformation, you dis	cover something

To test yourself cover the sentence and try to remember how the verb is used.

#### Verbs with DOWN - 1

1	Complete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs given and
	the particle DOWN. Use each verb once only.

#### blow chop kneel lie pour shoot sit slow

- 1. Make yourself at home. .......l'll be with you in a moment.
- 2. I feel a bit tired so I think I'll ...... for a while.
- 3. You'd better take your umbrella because it's ......
- 4. You're driving too fast! ..... or you'll have an accident!
- 6. Tall people can be very frightening for small children. If you're tall, ...... when you're speaking to them so that you're at their level.
- 8. Did you hear on the news that a UN plane was .....this morning?



"Kneel down or bend down when you speak to children. Get down to their levelt"

#### 2 Now do the same with these verbs:

#### calm cool cut fall mark quieten tear tone

- 1. This coffee's too hot! I'll wait until it has ...... before I drink it.
- 2. There's no need to get so excited! Try to ......!
- 3. If they saw any posters with his picture on, the protestors ...... them ....... .
- 4. If you can't give up smoking entirely, at least try to .......
- 5. Everyone started talking at once. Finally, after they had ....., he continued speaking.
- 6. The church tower was damaged in the storm and a week later, it ......
- 7. During the sale some prices were ...... by as much as 50 per cent.
- 8. So as not to cause offence they asked her to ...... her speech.

Did you notice that the verbs in these exercises had the idea of a downward movement or some kind of reduction or decrease?

#### Verbs with DOWN - 2

### I Match one half of the dialogue on the left with the other half on the right. Write your answers in the boxes.

- 1. I hate these pills!
- A Your friends will just have to bed down in the living room, then, won't they?
- 2. I want to travel and see the world.
- B They had to climb down and admit they'd made a mistake.
- 3. My hair keeps sticking up.
- C Yes. Shall I throw them down to you?
- 4. We haven't finished decorating the spare bedroom yet.
- D Come on! Swallow it down?
- 5. How long do you think the dispute will last?
- E I think she's feeling weighed down by all her responsibilities.
- 6. Joannna seems to be under a lot of stress.
- F If neither side backs down, it could go on for ages.



"Good boy! Swallow it down!"

- 7. What happened when they found out they were wrong?
- G Isn't it time you got a job and settled down?
- 8. Are my football boots up there?
- H Use some water to smooth it down.

### 2 Now do the same with these dialogues:

- 1. Why is John so irritable these days?
- A I don't know. It's been handed down from generation to generation.
- 2. I've got to make a speech and don't know what to say.
- B She was run down by a lorry while crossing the road.
- 3. How do you manage to relax after a hard day at the office?
- C It's supposed to splash down somewhere in the Pacific.
- 4. Where is the space shuttle going to land?
- D I think the constant noise is beginning
- 5. You will come, won't you?
- to wear him down.
- C. Harright days -----
- E I find yoga helps me to wind down.
- How did the accident happen?
   People still remember the time
- F He'll never live it down, will he?
- People still remember the time Jeremy put salt in his tea.
- G Why don't you write down a few ideas first?
- 8. How old is that story?
- H Don't worry! I won't let you down.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

Now underline all the phrasal verbs in the exercises.

### Verbs with DOWN – 3

1 Complete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs given and the particle DOWN. Use each verb once only.

#### copy fall get keep tie tumble water wave

- I'm so annoyed with myself for making a mistake!
   You shouldn't let it ...... you ......... like this.
- 2. A teacher might see you if you put your head up!
- It's important to follow the instructions so the details carefully and check them when you've finished.
- 4. It's a very weak argument that ...... on at least two points.
- When the car broke down, we stood by the side of the road and managed to ...... a passing motorist, who gave us a lift to town.
- They didn't like the strong language in his speech and they asked him to ...... it ......... to avoid a diplomatic incident.



"... and then they all came tumbling down!"

8. The boy took a tin from the bottom of the stack and the rest came ......

Did you notice that the phrasal verb **get** ... **down**, as it is used in the first example, must have its object between the verb and particle? It is important to check where the object can go with transitive phrasal verbs and to make a note of any difficulties.

2 Now do the same with these verbs:

#### flutter jot lay narrow play scale

- 1. I'd better just ..... those dates in case I forget.
- 2. The Soviets tried to ...... the incident at Chernobyl. It was much more serious than they admitted at first.
- 3. We were starting to run out of money so we've had to ...... our operations.
- 4. The regulations ..... minimum safety standards in the workplace.
- 5. As I looked up, a piece of paper came ...... from a window on the third floor.
- 6. Originally we had over fifty suspects but we've managed to ...... them ...... to five.

Notice in the last example the object comes between the verb and particle.

### Verbs with DOWN - 4

- When you meet a phrasal verb, notice the noun it is used with. This will help you understand and remember the verb much better. Match an item on the right with an item on the left. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.
  - 1. The birds
- A beat down and we got very hot.
- 2. The building
- B broke down on the journey home.
- 3. The car
- C burnt down and all the contents were destroyed.
- 4. The noise
- D cracked down hard to prevent more violence.
- 5. The plane
- E died down and I was able to concentrate again.
- 6. The police
- F pelted down and they got extremely wet.
- 7. The rain
- G swooped down and took the breadcrumbs from the grass.
- 8. The sun
- H touched down at the airport two hours late.

- 1					1 "							
- 1	ا ما	_	i e	I _								
- 1	7 I	7	ſ	2	1 1		1.0		_		0	1
- 1		£.,		J		-		J	U			1
- 1	- 1			l							_	1

- 2 Now do the same with these:
  - 1. batter down
- A the blinds if the sun gets too bright.
- 2. note down
- B your new address.
- 3. pull down
- C the door to get in.
- 4. set down
- D the information I was looking
  - for.
- 5. shout down
- E minimum standards of
  - hygiene.
- 6. slam down
- F the phone, looking very angry
- "Please don't slam the phone down like that!"

- 7. track down
- G the walls before you start
  - painting.
- 8. wash down
- H the speaker so he's unable to continue.

	1
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8

Test yourself by covering one of the columns.

### Verbs with DOWN - 5

1		omplete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs given and e particle DOWN. Use each verb once only.
		bring come go hold knock put take turn
÷	1.	As my friend was crossing the road, she was by a speeding car.
	2.	The couple stood on the beach and watched the sun over the horizon.
	3.	The Opposition parties hope the scandal will the President and his government.
	4.	Our dog was in such pain that we had him
	5.	Mary, there's someone on the phone with an urgent order. Can you
	6.	The prisoner became violent and it took 4 officers to him
	7.	Now we've moved to the country, why don't you "Poor old Rover! We bad to have bim put down!"
	8.	The committee had very strong feelings about the kind of person who wasn't acceptable. They any applicant who was wearing jeans, for example.
2		ow use the same verbs in these sentences. Notice how the verbs have ompletely different meanings.
	1.	Land was needed for the new motorway and 100 houses were to make way for it.
	2.	We've spent hours putting up all the decorations. When the party's over, we'll have to them all again.
	3.	It's a bit chilly in here. They've the heating.
	4.	Just as we arrived, the sky went very black and the rain so heavily that we got extremely wet.
	5.	As you can imagine, the news of the team's defeat didn'tvery well.
	6.	The boss doesn't criticise other people like that. Why does he have toher
	7.	So Sid's unemployed again! He just can't a job for more than a few weeks!
	8.	The government is doing its best to the cost of houses so that more people can afford to buy a home of their own again.

### Organising Verbs with DOWN – 1

Complete each group of sentences with one of the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	bring down come down	go down hold down	knock down put down	take down turn down
1.	We'll have to		that wall.	
	Two witnesses saw him		the pedestrian.	
	If you		the price. You'll	sell them all.
2.	How could you		such an offer?	
	Shall I		the volume?	
	We will, of course.		any unsuitable a	pplicants.
Э.	How much must I		as a deposit?	:
	Vets hate having to		pets – even if the	ey are injured.
	He tends to		who doesn't agr	ee with him.
4.	They're fighting to		the government.	
	The new policy will		prices.	
	We saw the defender		their centre forw	ard.
5.	It's time to		the Christmas de	ecorations.
	My secretary will		the details.	
	Can you help me to		the tent?	
6.	He can't		a job for very lo	ng.
	We've managed to		prices.	
	It took four men to		such a strong pe	rson.
7.	You must		to the country a	nd visit us.
	The fog has		and made drivin	g dangerous.
	We expect them to		in favour of the p	oroposal.
8.	The swelling will		in a few days.	
	I want him to		on his knees and	apologise!
	The news didn't		very well.	

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

### Organising Verbs with DOWN – 2

Complete each group of sentences with one of the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	break down fall down	get down keep down	lay down let down	run down wind down
1.	You can't		all the people who	are relying on you.
	Someone has		my tyres!	
	I had to		the dress because i	t was too short.
2.	He might	.=	if he climbs that tre	e.
	The argument seems to		in several places.	
	The houses will	HI Mania I. n	eventually if they a	ren't repaired.
3.	Don't let these problems	(you)	so much!	
	Did your secretary	,	everything that was	s said?
	Please	e de la la companya de la companya d	out of that tree imn	nediately!
4.	We had to		the door to get in.	
	Many people		because of the pres	sure of their work.
	Did the car		on the motorway?	
-5.	Could you		the window and let	some air into the car?
	I find it hard to		after work?	
	We had to		the business and sa	ack some of the staff.
6.	Why don't they		their guns and stop	the fighting!
	The regulations		minimum safety sta	andards.
	It's the young who mostly		their lives for their	country.
7.,	You must	,	! Someone might s	ee you!
	The boss wants to		costs as much as po	ossible.
	He used a wave of terror to		the entire population	
8.	She was	,	by a car while cross	sing the road.
	Services are being		to save money.	
	If the batteries		the radio won't wo	k so well.

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

### Organising Verbs with DOWN – 3

Fill in the blanks in the definitions with the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	climb settle wave	į,	lay /ater ot	tumble hand pelt	crack narrow track	live tie wear
1.		down ,		th	e choices, you redu s.	ce their
2.		down	When you generation.	а	story, you pass it to	the next
3.	•••••••	down		rcumstances that cause of the const	ant pressure.	make
4.	•••••	down		or you tons people won't fo	somethi	ng you did
5.		down	When you try t it appear less i	to an mportant than it is	incident, yo	u try to make
6.		down			gs kept changing an e of stability and ro	
7.		down		wouldn't want rair own very heavily.	ı to	as it
8.		down	When the police strictly.	ce	, they enforce ru	iles very
9.	***************************************	down	If circumstance freedom.	es yo	u, they limit	your
10.		down		after a lot of diffic	something you've tulty.	peen looking
11.		down	When tins etc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, they fall down in	disorder.
12.	***************************************	down	Youcontroversial.	a speecl	n to make it weaker	and less
13.		down	When you them to stop.	sc	omeone driving pas	t, you signal
14.	••••••	down			something and then hat they were wron	
15.		down	When you of it.	in	formation, you mak	e a quick note
Test	yourself, by o	overing	the right-har	nd side of the pa	ge.	

		ask	cut	jump	keep	slip	squeeze	stay	walk
1		What he was s	aying m	ade us so	angry tha	t we		in pro	otest.
2		As Jim was cro	_	•		suddenly	y	ı	
3		There were gu	an	y protesto		_		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The state of the s
4		How can I get s - You know sh	e likes d	lancing so	why don'	t you	W		
5	•	If you want to I							
6	•	There's always never manage		•			•	Iollinons! (	Cut out everything
7									
,	•	They didn't get because they'd					_		į C
8	•	because they'd	mum to	o notice us nile she's v	celebra leaving. L vatching t	ating all r eave the	ig ight. back door u	ınlocked :	and we'll try to
8.	•	because they'd We don't want	mum to	notice us nile she's v h these v	celebra leaving. L vatching t verbs:	ating all r Leave the	night. back door u		
8. N	· To	because they'd We don't want  ow do the sar  check	mum to wh ne wit	notice us nile she's v h these v	celebra leaving. L watching to verbs: lock	eting all r Leave the elevision pick	reach	rush	and we'll try to
8. N		because they'd We don't want	mum to me wit ceat	notice us nile she's v  h these v  t leave the car! I tour studen	celebra leaving. I watching to verbs: lock think I've	eting all r eave the elevision pick mework?	reach	rush !	throw
N. 1. 2.		because they'de We don't want want was do the sar check Oh no! My key Why didn't you was whe	mum to wh ne wit c eat s are in give you	notice us nile she's v  h these v  t leave the car! I to	e lock chink I've any horey all	eting all r Leave the elevision pick mework?	reach myself befor	<b>rush</b> ! e I had tir	throw me to say
N. 1. 2.		because they'de We don't want want want was checked. Oh no! My key Why didn't you anything.	mum to with a contract of the wedge shelves	notice us nile she's vert he car! I to bur studen ell rang, the car student out out out out out out out out out ou	e lock  chink I've  cos and	eting all r Leave the elevision pick mework?	reach myself befor	rush ! e I had tir you'd like	throw  me to say a copy of.
1. 2. 3. 4.		we don't want  we do the sar  check Oh no! My key Why didn't you  Because whe anything. Look through t	mum to wit ceat a give you not be wedden as helve shelve an	h these the car! I tour studen ell rang, the sby your diget it.	e lock  chink I've  chair so the	pick mework?	reach myself before	rush! e I had tir you'd like	throw  me to say e a copy of. u can just
1. 2. 3. 4.		w do the sar  check Oh no! My key Why didn't you  Because whe anything. Look through t	mum to wit a eat on the wed to eat on the weak of the	notice us nile she's vent leave the car! I to bur student and, the ding photoes by your diget it.	e lock think I've ts any hor ey all chair so the	pick mework?	reach befor befor you want a	rush! e I had tir you'd like book, you anythi	throw  me to say e a copy of. u can just  ng you don't need
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.		we don't want  we do the sar  check Oh no! My key Why didn't you  Because whe anything. Look through t  You need some	mum to with a give you the wedge shelve some sin he ween place	h these to leave the car! I to leave the car! Tidy your leave the	e lock think I've chair so the	pick mework?	reach befor befor you want a	rush! e I had tir you'd like book, you anythir her	throw  me to say e a copy of. u can just

"She certainly stands out

in a crowd!"

#### Verbs with OUT - 2

#### Match one half of the dialogue on the left with the other half on the right. Write your answers in the boxes.

- 1. Is there any chance of prices rising in the near future?
- 2. So we've got all the food. Any more problems?
- 3. So far only 20 people have written to say that they'll come.
- 4. What happened to your headlight?
- 5. I don't like the look of that man over there.
- 6. What do you think of Linda's pink and yellow T-shirt?
- 7. Why didn't Victor come as he'd promised?
- 8. Jane looks really relieved today.

A Me neither. Hey! Look out! He's got a knife!

- But we sent out more than 60 invitations!
- Well, she certainly stands out!
- Yes. She poured out all her problems to me last night.
- He caught some kind of virus and had to back out at the last moment.
- Yes. We've still got to sort out where everyone is going to sit.
- G A car suddenly pulled out in front of mine and I ran into the back of it.
- H I wouldn't rule out the possibility.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

#### Now do the same with these dialogues:

- 1. Isn't this grass too wet to have a picnic on?
- Why don't you find out by looking in the local directory?
- 2. Would you like another dance?
  - B Try this. It'll wash out the stain.
- 3. What should I do if I make a mistake?
- Do you mind if I sit this one out? My feet are killing me!
- 4. It's a long journey and we could meet a lot of traffic.
- D Don't worry. I'll spread out this old blanket for us to sit on.
- 5. I've spilt some wine on my jacket.
- E I know. All that extra work is really tiring her out.
- 6. I want to ring Jean but I don't know if she's on the phone.
- I'll show you out through the back door. Nobody will see you.
- 7. Rosemary looks really exhausted these days.
- G But if we set out early, we'll avoid the rush hour.
- I don't want anyone to know I've been here.
- H Cross it out and write the correction above it.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
-----------------	--

Now go through the sentences on the right and underline the phrasal verbs.

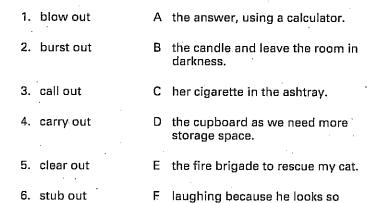
### Verbs with OUT - 3

1	Complete each of the sentences with the correct form of one of the verbs given and the particle OUT. Use each verb once only.
	camp miss pass point share shut storm try
	1. Everyone will get some if you the cake equally.
	2. Ralph's just bought a tent and wants to in it for the night!
	3. Excuse me, sir. We're asking for people's comments on this new fruit juice. Would you like to it
	4. Please don't get the wrong idea. I must that this is the first accident we've had since the sports centre opened.
	5. His secretary was so angry that she and slammed the door behind her.
	5. Some people can only cope with problems by them of their mind. I can't. I've got to come to terms with them.
	7. It was so smoky and stuffy in the room that I nearly
	3. Your essay is very good, but I'm afraid you'vesome rather important facts.
•	Now do the same with these verbs:  breathe cry hand invite measure read stretch wear
	1. Go on!her She's just waiting for you to ask her!
	2. When Justin dropped the brick on his foot, we heard him in agony.
	3. Could youthe books now, please.
	4. I've got to have a rest. Digging can really
	5. To make sure that everyone would hear she the names in a loud voice.

8. I was so tired. All I wanted to do was ...... on the sofa and go to sleep.

### Verbs with OUT - 4

### Match a number with a letter to form a partnership. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.





"I didn't fall out. I bailed out."

strange.7. wear out G your good clothes if you wear

them too often.

8. work out H a survey to see which soap people prefer.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
•		•	7			1		

#### 2 Now do the same with these sentences:

1. The bells A bailed out just before the plane exploded.

2. Some competitors B blared out and we couldn't hear each other speak.

3. The two friends C broke out by using an axe to smash the door.

4. Information D died out and nobody here knows anything about it.

5. The music E dropped out as the contest got more difficult.

6. The pilot F fell out and never spoke to each other again.

7. The prisoners G leaked out and stories appeared in the newspapers.

8. The tradition H rang out as the couple left the church.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

### Verbs with OUT - 5

1 Complete each of the sentences with the correct form of one of the verbs given and the particle OUT. Use each verb once only.

	come give go let make put take turn
1.	Usually this book can only be read in the library. You have to get special permission from the librarian if you want to it
2.	It's a very bad stain. Are you sure this stuff will make it
3.	I don't understand why boys think it's fun to their tongue at people!.
4.	Every week this factory
5.	To get more publicity the organiser of the march printed some leaflets and them to people shopping in the market.
6.	The prisoners are kept inside most of the time but they them
7.	I was a very shy boy. I didn't with girls until I had left school.
8.	Your grandfather isn't a very good actor. He tried to that he was deaf but he couldn't fool me!
N	ow do the same with these sentences:
1.	As I had put on weight, my dress was too tight so I had to it it
2.	Is there something wrong with this electric fire? It doesn't as much heat as it used to.
3.	Despite all the problems we'd had, the event to be a great success.
4.	I'm in agony! While I was lifting the piano, I my back
5.	Put some more coal on the fire. It's
6.	We knew hardly anything about her. The information about her double life only after her death.
7.	It's all very suspicious. Mr Simpkins the insurance policy only a week before his wife died.
8.	I didn't know which house I was looking for. It was too dark for me tothe numbers.

2

### Organising Verbs with OUT – 1

Complete each of the groups of sentences with one of the phrasal verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	come out give out	go out let out	_	ce out n out
1.	When does the film	·····	in this country?	<u></u>
	We watched the sun		from behind a cloud.	
	Can Billy		and play?	
2.	My strength was starting to		when help finally arrive	ed.
	Can you		these books for me?	
	These electric fires		a lot of heat.	
3.	He		an enormous sigh of re	elief.
	I'll have to		this skirt.	
	We		the dogs to run round	the garden.
4.	They		an appeal on the radio.	
	We need some water to		the fire.	
			my arm to stop myself	falling.
5.	Everything will		all right in the end.	
	Could you		the light for me?	
	Did many people		to watch the procession	٦?
6.	Does the tide		as far as those rocks?	
	We watched the lights		all over town.	
	l've got to	,	now but I'll be back for	lunch.
7.	Please		the cheque to my husb	and.
	l can't		what he's saying.	,
	She tried to		that she didn't understa	ınd.
8. [	You can		up to four books from t	he library.
	I had to		a loan to pay for the car	
ľ	l would love to	(you)	for a really expensive n	

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

### Organising Verbs with OUT – 2

Complete each group of sentences with one of the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	break out call out	carry out drop out	fall out point out	set out work out
1.	If you		early, you'll mi	ss the rush hour.
	We		to create a new	v kind of magazine.
	The food was		on tables in the	e garden.
2.	l can't		the answer to t	this sum.
	Let's hope things will		all right in the	end.
	They	4404	once a day to	ceep fit.
3.	Will he		his threat and	dismiss us all?
	We intend to		a survey into e	ating habits.
	Please		my instruction	s precisely.
4.	I want you to		the answer if y	ou know it.
	We've had to		the police twic	e this week.
	The union may		all the membe	rs on strike.
5.	A terrible forest fire will		if we don't sto	p people camping.
	Fighting could		again if a solu	tion isn't found.
	The prisioners tried to		during the nig	ht.
6.	Most children's baby teeth		before they are	e 12.
	How can two friends		over somethin	g so unimportant?
	His hair began to		because of all	the worry.
7.	The guide will		the famous bu	ildings.
	You must		that there isn't	t much time left.
	I'd be grateful if you'd		all my mistake	es.
8.	A few competitors may		if the race gets	s too tough.
	Many students		before the end	of their course.
	A lot of slang words		of the languag	ge after a few years.

### Organising Verbs with OUT – 3

Complete the blanks in the definitions with the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	back pick stand	sį	nd oread 'Y	pass cross look	burst invite throw	hand share storm
1.	***************************************	out	If youyou.	someo	ne, you as	them to go out with
2.	***************************************	out	When you everyone ge		sweets, you d	ivide them so that
3.		out		uld wear some in the o	thing bright so the dark.	at they
4.	***************************************	out .		ou distribute th		
5.	***************************************	out	When you someone them out in	, you ordei		
6.		out	When you a blanket etc put it on a s	c, you open it a urface.	nd o	
7.	••••••	out	thing and th	ise to do some- en you do	4	
	·		keep your p		· ·	t, but I can't make out
8.	*************	out	If yousomething y	i ou didn't know	nformation, you le before.	earn or discover
9.	***************************************	out	When you to be careful.	ell someone to	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	, you want them to
10.	***************************************	out	lf you	someoi	ne, you cho	oose them.
11.	***************************************	out	If you	ε	ı mistake, you put	a line through it.
12.	***************************************	out	People who	***************************************	make a loud	noise of pain or fear.
13.	***************************************	out	If you temper.	***************************************	of a place, you lea	ve in a very bad
14.	***************************************	out	If a room is a consciousne			, you lose
15.	***************************************	out	When you suddenly.	•••••••	laughing or cr	ying, you do this

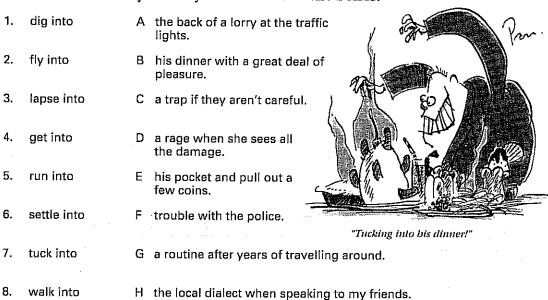
### **Verbs with INTO – 1**

			bump	burst	come	go	grow	rush	talk	tune
1.	١	When her	uncle die	d, Stephar	nie		a lo	t of mone	y.	
2.		ı ake you	r time. You	should n	ever	••••	in	nportant o	decisio	ns.
3.			has been t ot too mud			me	havi	ng a holic	lay,	· Face
4.	1	When I w	ant to liste	n to the no	ews, I usu radio stati	ally on.		γ.,		
5.	;	She was she	walking th	rough the an old	park whe	n		/\		<b>/</b>
6.		– He wan	uld he like ts to s old enou				ol?	the state of	į.	O RUF
7.			e heard the		news, she			"TE7HI	J ever er	ow into it?"
								17 *** .		DIE 11110 111
8.		The jacke	et's a bit la	ge but yo	u'll soon .	•••••••	••••••		. ezzr g.	
			e same v		se verbs:				pull	put
N	Ο	w do th	e same v	vith thes	se verbs:	let	look	it. make	pull	put
<b>N</b>	0	w do th	e same v check	vith thes crowd	se verbs: get	let	look n you	it. make	<b>pull</b> 1	<b>put</b> the hotel.
1. 2.	<b>O</b>	ow do the You'll need The coac	e same v check ed your co	vith thes	se verbs: get of booking th	let ng whe ne car p nas hap	look n you ark and the pened?	it. <b>make</b> e. passeng	<b>pull</b> 1	<b>put</b> the hotel.
1. 2. 3.	·	You'll ned The coac How do y - It's diffi	e same v check ed your co h-driver	vith thes crowd nfirmation er everyth lain. I can	se verbs: get of bookin the	let ng whe ne car p as hap	look n you ark and th pened? wo	make make e passeng	<b>pull</b> 1 gers.all	<b>put</b> the hotel. got out.
1. 2. 3. 4.	·	You'll ned The coac How do y – It's diffi I never be Why are	e same v check ed your co h-driver ou feel aft cult to exp	crowd nfirmation er everyth lain. I can' g I can't at	get n of bookin the ning that h t fford. I doo und asking	let ng whe ne car p nas hap nit n't wan g peopl	look  n you  ark and the pened? wo t to	make make e passeng	<b>pull</b> 1 gers.all	<b>put</b> the hotel. got out.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	·	You'll ned The coac How do y - It's diffi I never be Why are They're	te same vertical control of the cont	vith thes crowd nfirmation er everyth lain. I can' g I can't a' going aro	get n of bookin the ning that h 't fford. I doo und asking robbery a	let  ng whe  ne car p  as hap   it  n't wan  g peoplet the T	look  n you  ark and the pened? wo t to  e question own Hall.	make e passeng erds.	<b>pull</b> 1 gers.all	<b>put</b> the hotel. got out.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.		You'll ned The coac How do y It's diffil I never be Why are They're	check ed your co h-driver you feel aft cult to exp uy anythin the police	crowd nfirmation er everyth lain. I can't at going arou	get n of bookin the ning that h 't fford. I don und asking robbery a	let  ng whe  ne car p  as hap  it  n't wan  g peopl  at the T	look  n you  ark and the pened? wo t to  e question own Hall.	make e passeng ords a sec	pull1 gers all de	<b>put</b> the hotel. got out.

comes.

## Verbs with INTO – 2

# 1 Match a verb on the left with a suitable item on the right. Use each verb and each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.



-	 		 					
1	2	 3	4	5	6	7	8	

## 2 Now do the same with these:

1. fling herself into	Α	my leg and refuse to let go.	
2. fool them into	В	our confidence because we trust him.	
3. see her into	С	an actor by sending him to drama school.	
4. sink its teeth into	D	believing they will make a lot of money.	
5. shock us into	Ε	the office and ask her to wait.	
6. take him into	F	prison if they cause any more trouble.	
7. throw them into	G	silence by showing us those terrible pictures.	
8. turn him into	Н	her work with such enthusiasm.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Я	

Test yourself by covering the column on the right and trying to complete the sentence.

# Organising Verbs with INTO – 1

Complete each of the groups of sentences with one of the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

		come into put into	get into run into	go into take into
1.	The car had		the back of a bus. It v	vas a write-off.
İ	The cost of rebuilding could	7	millions of pounds.	-
	They've		difficulties over finan	ce.
2.	They expect to		money when she die	s.
	The system didn't		use until it had been	thoroughly tested.
	Why does his colour		it? Surely it's not rele	evant.
3.	l'm too fat! I can't	·	these trousers any m	ore!
	She won't		college unless she w	orks harder.
	If you		difficulties, let me kn	ow.
4.	The children	T	tears when I said the	y couldn't go.
	The engine suddenly		flames while we wer	e driving along.
	The audience		loud applause as the	curtain came down.
5.	They didn't		any details of the acc	cident.
	She's had to		hospital for an opera	ition.
	He hopes to		the navy when he's	old enough.
6.	I had a key so I was able to	(him)	the house.	·
	We trusted him so we	(him)	our secret.	
	I don't think we should	(him)	our plan. I don't trus	t him.
7.	The boss wants to	(her)	the company as a ju	nior partner.
	I didn't trust her enough to	(her)	my confidence.	
	We've called an ambulance	to (her)	hospital.	
8.	You need to	(more effort)	your work.	
	It's difficult to	(my ideas)	words.	
	Do you think she'll	(more money)	the business?	

# Organising Verbs with INTO – 2

Complete each definition with a suitable verb from the list below. Use each verb once only.

	pull tune	riy sli <sub> </sub> flir	p	snock crowd look	check grow see	tool rush walk
1.	•••••	into	lf you	somec	one, you meet th	em by chance.
2.	***************************************	into	Things v	whichyou . I't know what to say.	silence ar	e so terrible that
3.	***************************************	into		oua and take the room key.	hotel, you arrive	e, give your
4.	***************************************	into		ousomeon to the room to make sur		
5.		into		ouc n to fit you properly.	lothes, you beco	ome large enough
6.	***************************************	into	When th	ne police	a crime, the	y investigate it.
7.	***************************************	into	lf you make th	someone em believe something th	believing sc at is not true.	omething, you
8.	***************************************	into		ılda out possible dangers.	trap if you are c	areless and don't
9.	***************************************	into	Coaches into the	s which e car park to break a journ	a car park go ney.	off the road and
ΙΟ.	•••••••	into	People \	who	a place go there	in large numbers.
11.	***************************************	into	lf you without	taking time to think abou	sion, you decide ut it.	to do something
12.	************	into	lf you angry.	a rage	, you suddenly t	oecome very
13.	***************************************	into		someone le them to do it.	doing some	thing, γου
14.	**********	into	If you your rac	a radio	station, you se hat station clear	t the control on ly.
15.		into		yourself gy and enthusiasm.	your work, y	ou do it with a lot

Test yourself by covering the right-hand column and trying to remember the definition.

## Verbs with IN - 1

1		omplete e erbs giver								erect form of the
			ask	butt	key	let	lock	look	pour	smash
	1.	Refugees shelter.	are still	••••••	************	and	i the auti	norities a	re runnin	g out of food and
	2.	l wonder i – I'll				otograp	her's on	the way	home and	d find out.
	3.	Don't leav	e your f	riend on	the doc	rstep!	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	him	1	
	4.	This is an	exclusiv	e disco.	They w	on't		you	unle:	ss you're wearing a tie.
	5.	We were I	naving a	private	convers	ation a	nd he jus	st		1
	6.	Because o	of a shor ut for me	tage of s	taff, pris an hour	soners '	were cise.		fc	or most of the day and
	7.	By using t boy.	heir axe	s the fire	men m	anaged	to	***************************************	the	door and rescue the
	8.	To start th password		am the c	ompute	r opera	tor has t	0	**************	a special
2	N	ow do the	e same	with tl	iese vo	erbs:	·			
			drop	fall	fit	join	pay	push	send	stay
	1.	There's so	mething	good o	n televi	sion so	I think I'	II	*************	tonight.
	2.	Amy used				on her v	way hom	e to tell		_{\begin{align*} \text{-} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
	3.	We were i				_		00	1/4	
	4.	When Jen		•	es, I wai	nt you t	o		2Y. _	
	5.	We need a			his lugg	gage wo	on't	{	0)(	2
	6.	Four peop		•			-		"I bave a fe	eling it's not going to fit in.
	7	The trees	ITOT WOT	t to the	aank ta			the	money th	ev'd collected

Did you notice that the verbs in this exercise had the meaning of an inward movement, of being inside, or of being involved or included in an activity? Can you think of any more verbs with IN with these meanings?

## Verbs with IN – 2

# Match one half of the dialogue on the left with the other half on the right. Write your answers in the boxes.

- 1. Why have you come home from the beach early?
- the beach early?

  2. I didn't have time to finish my
- 3. They still haven't reached an agreement after all this time.

homework last night.

- 4. Why doesn't this toaster work?
- Did you have to leave that man standing outside in the cold?
- 6. Mr Wood has arrived.
- 7. I've had enough. I just can't go any further.
- 8. What kind of response have you had to your appeal for information?

- A I couldn't invite him in. The house was in a terrible mess.
- B It's been fantastic! Letters have come flooding in.
- C I know you're tired but don't give in now. We're nearly there.
- D Show him in straightaway, please.
- E It looks as if I'll have to step in and try and force them to agree.
- F It helps if you plug it in first!
- G The sun went in and it got cold.
- ponse have you H Well, make sure you hand it in by tomorrow afternoon at the latest!

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

#### 2 Now do the same with these dialogues:

- We've got a busy day ahead of us tomorrow.
- tomorrow.
- 2. Why are you so late? School finished ages ago!
- 3. We've been driving for hours and I'm starving!
- 4. Wasn't the language in that programme appalling!
- 5. Have all the miners been rescued?

happy birthday.

- 6. How does Gemma feel about winning first prize?
- 7. These changes could cause a lot of trouble.8. Let's go and wish Mrs Monks a

- A I'm afraid not. There are still some missing after the roof caved in.
- B It's hard to say. I don't think the news has really sunk in yet.
- C That's why I want to phase them in gradually.
- D OK. I'll pull in at the next service station and we can have a bite to eat.
- E But it's a private party! You can't just barge in without an invitation!
- F The teacher kept us in until we'd finished our work.
- G Yes, we ought to write in and complain.
- H We'd better turn in early and get a good night's sleep, then.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

Now underline all the phrasal verbs.

## Verbs with IN - 3

									sentenc Use eac					rect	form	of th	ıe
				bre	eak	bring	g ca	all	come	fill	g	jet	put	tak	e		
1.	•	Tou	rism				ove	er fiv	/e millior	n poun	ıds e	very	year.			-	
2.	•	Kee	o tha	t old	brusi	h. It mig	ght	•••••		us	eful	one	day.				
3.		Муз	siste	r fina	lly	•••••	•••••	•••••	from wo	ork at 1	10 0'0	clock	last nig	ht.			
· 4.		We	could	dn't r	nend	the bur	st pipe	so '	we had t	o		•••••	a	plum	ber.		
5		Cou		ust	•••••••	•••••••••		for a	a momer	t to fir	nd ot	ıt ho	w many	of yo	u woı	ıld like	)
6	i.	As y	оп ф	lon't	know	what's	been g	goin	g on, l'd	better		•••••	yo	ប	•••••		
7	•	The	sale	smar	ı's sto	ory soui	nded so	o co	nvincing	that w	ve w	ere c	omplete	ly	•••••		••••
8	١.	The	staff	F			a re	eque	est for m	ore mo	oney	but	it was tu	rned	down		
N	VC	ow u	ise t	he s	ame	verbs	in th	ıese	senter	ices:	<u></u>	 <u>Pl</u>	ease wr	te cle	arly i	CAPI	[
1						eady.	the	e she	ower, the	•		1	ick corre	t Mr	Mrs 7 [	Miss	l
2						video.	•••••	but	the only	thing			tolder's	surne	j L.		
3	<b>}.</b>					found.		th	iat anoth	er	1		Holder	Des	me(	5)	
4	١.	Eve a ve	ryon rdict	e exp	ectec not gi	d the jur uilty".	y to	•••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Holder	s dat	e of	P.	
5	ī.								town ar e to get.	id see			lake sure tters.'	you fill	it in l	n capita	ıI
6	ì.	Plea	se m	nake	sure y	you	*********	•••••	the	appli	catio	n fo	rm corre	ctly.			
7	·.	The		wom	an ha	id nowh	nere to	slee	p so we	decide	ed to		******	. her	•••••	. for th	10

8. The train leaves Perth at 6 and ...... at 7.30.

## Organising Verbs with IN – 1

Complete each of the groups of sentences with one of the verbs. Use each verb once only.

	break in bring in	call in come in	fill in get in	put in take in
1.	What time does she		from work?	
	The team must		some more practic	е.
	We must		all that washing be	efore it rains.
2.	Ш		and see her on the	way home.
	I'm afraid we need to		an expert.	
٠,	The company has had to		all the cars to chec	k them.
3.	We expect the jury to		a verdict of "not gi	uilty".
	The police decided to		all the suspects.	:
	This job can		over six hundred p	ounds a week.
4.	The thieves tried to		and steal the jewel	s.
	Excuse me, can l		here and make a s	uggestion?
	I'm sorry to		but there's an imp	ortant call on the line.
5.	It was difficult to		everything she sai	d.
	The conman managed to		almost everybody.	
	Now I'm slimmer, I must		these trousers.	
6.				
Ů.	They've		a request for more	equipment.
	lt's warmer since we	•	central heating.	
	Some employees		over fifty hours a v	veek.
7.	Could you		this form, please.	·
	We can		the details later.	
	Her deputy had to		for her when she v	vas ill.
8.	This brush might		useful.	
	We didn't expect her to		first.	
	I'll wait for the tide to		before going swim	nming.

Can you think of any more expressions using these verbs?

## Organising Verbs with IN – 2

Complete each of the groups of sentences with one of the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	fit in give in	go in let in	pull in send in	turn in write in
1.	Could you		your form as soon	as possible, please?
	I've decided to		for more informati	on.
	They'll have to	MIN. W	the army if the riot	ing continues.
2.	l think l'll	4111111	early tonight. I'm s	o tired.
	My students always		work of a very hig	n standard.
3.	Championship matches usually		a large crowd.	
	Shall we		at that restaurant of	over there?
	He saw the train		but no passengers	got off.
4.	He's in hospital. He had to		for a minor operat	ion.
	They watched the sun		behind a cloud.	
	This stuff will never all		The case is far too	small.
5.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		····	
J.	l don't really		with the rest of the	
	How does she manage to		all the work? She's	so busy.
	The hall's full. We can't		any more chairs.	
6.	My foot is wet! This shoe must		water.	
	The doorman only			
				wearing smart clothes.
	Without a ticket I was	-	by a side door.	
7.	Keep going! Don't		now! You've near!	y finished!
	Please		your homework by	Friday morning.
	l have always said I'd never	, 1000	to pressure. So the	answer is still no!
8.	We want viewers to		with their ideas for	new programmes.
	You forgot to		some of the details	
	The competition asks you to		with a slogan of yo	
	<del></del>	<del>~~~~</del>	<u>_</u>	

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

## Organising Verbs with IN - 3

Complete each definition below using a verb from the list below. Use each verb once only.

	barge in drop in hand in invite in		join in key in pay in phase in	plug in pour in push in show in	sink in smash in stay in step in
1.		in	People whointerrupt a convers	rush rude ation that is nothing to	ly into a place or do with them.
2.	***************************************	in	People whothe queue in front	when ther of other people.	e is a queue, get into
3.	***************************************	īn	When youcomputer.	information	, you type it into a
4.	***************************************	in	When refugees numbers.	, they e	nter a country in large
5.	***************************************	in		nent and you get people to reach an	
6.		īn	When youit to someone.	some work	you've done, you give
7.	•••••	in	If youyour home.	. someone, you a	ask them to come into
8.		in	If youroom.	. someone, you ç	go with them into a
9.	***************************************	in	When an activity is do that activity with	taking place and you h the other people.	, уои
10.	*************	īn	If youyou are coming.	, you visit somed	ne without telling them
11.	***************************************	in '	When yougradually.	changes, yo	ou introduce them
12.	***************************************	in	When yousupply of electricity	a machine, /-	you connect it to a
13.	***************************************	in	lf youinto pieces.	. a door, you hit it	t violently until it falls
14.	••••••	in		to, ance of what has happe	
15.	***************	in	When you	you decide	not to go out.
16.	*******************	in	When youbank account.	топеу, уоч	put the money into a

Test yourself by covering the right-hand column and trying to remember the definitions.

## Verbs with ON - 1

1	Complete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs given and the particle ON. Use each verb once only.
	bring count drag hit look stay switch wave
	1 the kettle! Let's have a cup of teal
	2. The spectators helplessly as the car burst into flames.
	3. Ivy left school at sixteen but her friend to get better qualifications.
	4. At the road block the police us but the car behind had to stop.
	5. I'll heip you all I can. You can my full support.
	6. While we were talking we an idea for making extra money.
	7. All the excitement an asthma attack so we tried to calm him down.
	8. Some people got very restless as the meeting past 10 o'clock
2	Now do the same with these verbs:  add carry hold live send sew touch try
	You can write to my parents' house. They'll     any letters to my new address.
	2. I'm not sure if this dress is my size. Can I it'
	3. A button has come off my jacket.  - And I suppose you'd like me to
	4. Could you a moment? This won't take long.
	5. That's not the total cost. You have to ten to fifteen per cent for postage and packing.
	6. My wife has to go out to work as we can't my wages alone.
	7. The dog's owner took no notice of our protests but hitting the poor defenceless animal.
	8. During my talk I'll try to some of the problems that have come up in the last few months.

## Verbs with ON - 2

# Match one half of the dialogue on the left with the other half on the right. Write your answers in the boxes.

- 1. What do you think of this new dance?
- 2. You can't see much of the valley from here.
- 3. Could you tell him that his mother will be there at six?
- 4. Why didn't Mary tell me they'd planned a party for me?
- 5. Shall I switch the TV off?
- 6. Lots of people want to go on the excursion.
- 7. Do you know how badly people were injured in the accident?
- 8. How many people do you think will come to the meeting?

- A She didn't want to let on and spoil the surprise.
- B No I don't. The police moved us on so I didn't see very much.
- C In that case we'll have to lay on some extra coaches.
- D It's a bit strange. I don't think it'll catch on.
- E You can reckon on at least fifty.
- F Let's walk on a bit and see if we can get a better view somewhere else.
- G No problem. I'll pass on the message when I see him this afternoon.
- H Could you leave it on? I want to watch the news.

	1 1		
1     2     3     4     5       6	7	R	
		-	

### 2 Now do the same with these dialogues:

1. You'd better wear a hat.

tricked?

- 2. Cars cause so much damage!
- 3. So you caught the train after all.
- 4. When did you realise you'd been
- 5. What's your company's latest project?
- Bill's looking really tired and worried these days.
- 7. I hate it when Ted chairs the meeting.
- 8. What's the attitude of your staff towards you?

- A At least mine runs on unleaded petrol.
- B Yes, he just rambles on and on and on!
- C Yes, he is. The strain of not finding a job is beginning to tell on him.
- D We're working on a new type of fuel.
- E I suppose they look on me as a kind of father figure.
- F It didn't dawn on me till much later.
- G Yes. I just managed to jump on as it

jump on as it was leaving the station.



alion. Sover stay on in

H Don't be silly. It'll never stay on in this wind.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

## Verbs with ON - 3

1 Complete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs given and the particle ON. Use each verb once only.

call	come	get	go	кеер	put	take	turn

	·
1.	We haven't got much information to, but we'll do our best.
2.	There's a terrific atmosphere at work. All the staff really well.
3.	I wish Mr Thomas wouldn't criticising me all the time.
4.	The dog hadn't been at all agressive so I didn't expect it to me and attack me like that.
5.	Do you have to special make-up when you appear on television?
6.	In his speech the boss said that he needed everyone's help. He all his employees to do their best to increase sales.
7.	When exactly do you get these headaches?  - They usually seem to in the evening.
8.	I need a break. I realise now that I've too much work.
N	ow use the same verbs with these sentences:
1.	Don't stop. Please and tell us what happened next.
	One of their salesmen me yesterday but I told him I wasn't really interested.
3.	It was a terrible film!  Oh,! It wasn't that bad!
	The plane landed at Frankfurt to more passengers.
5.	How old is your uncle?  – He's a bit now. He must be at least eighty.  "I suppose I HAVE put on a little weight."
6.	l ate too much during my holiday andquite a lot of weight.
7.	I'm afraid   can't you all there just isn't enough work!
8.	the hot water, will you? I think I'll have a bath.

Have you noticed that all the pictures include a phrasal verb? Go through the book and underline the phrasal verbs below the pictures.

2

## Organising Verbs with ON - 1

Complete each of the groups of sentences with one of the phrasal verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	call on come on	get on go on	keep on take on put on turn on
1.	Do these headaches	-	at any particular time?
	When do the street lights		at night?
	The star doesn't		until halfway through the play.
2.	The bus stopped to		more passengers.
	We've had to		more staff to meet the demand.
	Why did he		all that extra work?
3.	Could you		her on your way home?
			everyone to do their best.
	I'd like to		Lady Porter to propose a vote of thanks.
4.			
7.	She can certainly		the charm.
	Why would the dog		her like that?
	I heard him		the shower.
5.	Oh dear! I've		
			more than 3 kilos over Christmas.
	The scouts are going to		a show.
	Why does he have to		that silly accent!
6.	I think I		well with most people.
	Well, I must	in the second se	· / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
			I've got work to do.
l	As you		you pay the driver.
7.	Does this kind of thing	:	in your country?
	More money will		clothes as they get older.
	She fixed the light to		automatically.
8.	Why do you		phoning her all the time?
	I wish I could		all the staff.
	I don't know why I		working. I AM 75!

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

## Organising Verbs with ON - 2

Complete each of the groups of sentences by using one of the phrasal verbs below. Use each verb once only.

		e on ok on	move on pass on	stay on work on
1.	Shall we		and discuss someth	ning else?
	The police tried to	].	the people near the	scene of the accident.
	One day I hope to		to a job with more i	responsibility.
2.	Can't you		her and get her to o	hange her mind?
	Students need to		their vocabulary ev	ery day.
İ	We need to		providing a better s	service.
3.	How can she manage to		such a low salary?	
	His reputation will		long after he has re	tired.
ļ	I don't want to	Ī	fruit and salad. I act	tually like meat!
4.	The new fashion didn't		as the journalists ha	ad predicted.
	When did she finally		and realise it was a	ll a joke?
	Once you		it's quite easy to un	derstand.
5.	Too much excitement could		a heart attack.	
	We must improve the team and		any promising athle	etes.
	I hope this warm weather doesn't	,	my hay fever.	
6.	My hat wouldn't		in the wind.	
	l've decided to		at school to get mo	re qualifications.
	The lights often		all night in some of	the offices.
7.	I want you to		me as a friend.	
	She could only		in horror as the fire	spread.
	Please come, my boss will		it as my fault if you	don't.
8.	Don't worry. I'll		the message when	I see her.
	I'm afraid it's very easy to		this disease.	
	We'll have to		most of the cost to	our customers:

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

# Organising Verbs with ON – 3

Complete the definitions using the phrasal verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	carry on count on drag on hit on		hold on lay on leave on	ramble on run on send on	tell on touch on try on
	nit on		let on	switch on	wave on
1.	***************************************	on	People whovery disorganised way.	keep talking	for a long time in a
2.		on	Meetings thatlong time.	continue ur	nneccessarily for a
3.	***************************************	on	If people are trying to ke	eep something secret a I tell somebody that so	and you ecret.
4.	***************************************	on	If you	doing something, y	ou continue doing it.
5.	***************************************	on	People you canthey have promised.	will suppo	ort and help you as
6.	***************************************	on	If youservice.	some kind of servic	e, you provide that
, <b>7.</b>	************************	on	If you ask someone to	, yo	u want them to wait.
8.	***************************************	оп	Cars thatenvironmentally friendly	unleaded petrol	are more
9.		on	lf you	an idea, you sudder	nly think of it.
10.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	on	If youaddress.	a letter, you send it	to a person's new
11.	•••••	on	When youworking.	electrical equip	ment, you start it
12.		on	If you the t	television, you	don't switch it off.
13.		on	If you mention it briefly.	a subject while you	are speaking, you
14.		on	When yousee if it fits.	an item of cloth	ing, you put it on to
15.		on	When the policecontinue and not stop.	a car, the	ey signal it to
16.	***************************************	on	If some kind of pressure you are showing signs o	is beginning to If being affected by tha	you, at pressure.

Test yourself by covering the right-hand column.

## **Verbs with OFF – 1**

1	Complete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs given and the particle OFF. Use each verb once only.	
	break cordon cut make scare show switch tell	
	1. Save electricity. Please any unnecessary lights.	
	2. We were chatting on the phone when we were suddenly	1
	3. Our neighbour bought an enormous guard dog and had outside lighting installed to burglars.	
	4. My ex-girlfriend was the one who our relationship, not me!	[
	5. When Yvette came home late, her mother was very angry andherher	•
	6. Keith's always talking about his latest car to but nobody is impressed. "Told off! Again!"	ø
-	7. The thieves attacked her and down the road, taking the money with them.	
	8. There's been a bomb scare and the police have the area.	
2	Now do the same with these verbs:	
	clear fight laugh pull round see work write	
	1. I saw the advertisement and decided to for further details.	
	2. I wish you'd! I don't want to speak to you!	
	3. Agnes tried to the accident but you could see she was really upset by what had happened.	
	4. My mother used to send me out to run round the park and some of my energy.	
	5. Finally, to the evening, there'll be a disco.	
	6. The old man used his stick to try and the mugger.	
	7. I don't know how she managed to it but she succeeded in making her boss change his mind.	
	8. As my sister was going to be away for a long time, we all went to the station to	

## Verbs with OFF – 2

- Match an item on the left with an item on the right. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.
  - 1. A button
- A dozed off because they'd had such a tiring day.
- 2. The caller
- B drove off in his employer's Rolls Royce.
- 3. The chauffeur
- C fell off and rolled under the chair.
- 4. The pain
- D sparked off a violent demonstration.
- 5. The news
- E held off and we were able to have our picnic.
- 6. The rain
- F lifted off and soon disappeared in the clouds.
- 7. The rocket
- G rang off without leaving his phone number.
- 8. The sleepy children
- H wore off after the doctor gave her an injection.

- I		1 1		1 1	1 1	I I		
	1 🚓 1	1 - 1	1 - 1	1 _ [	1 = 1	1 _ 1	1 _ 1	
1 1	1 7 1	1 73 1	1 /1 /	1 5 1	1 6 1			
	4	1 3 1	141	1 3	1 10 1			
				, – ,	1 - 1		1 - 1	
					1 1	1 1		

- 2 Now do the same with these:
  - 1. call off
- A this area to stop people getting in.
- 2. fence off
- 3 his beard as his new girlfriend
- doesn't like it.
- 3. keep off
- C a letter asking for more information.
- 4. give off
- D. the meeting as so many people are away.
- 5. live off
- E the State.
- 6. scrape off
- F the paint with a knife.
- "I'm only shaving it off because I love ber!"

- 7. send off
- G a strange smell which makes me feel ill.
- 8. shave off
- H the subject as she's still very upset about it all.

	1 1		1 1 1	l f			1 1	
4	1 1 2 1					-		i .
	1 1 2 1		141		1 10 1		1 1 X	l
	ı <u>ı</u> –	-	l l - I				1 1	
	<u> </u>						L	

Test yourself by covering one column and trying to remember the other part.

# Verbs with OFF – 3

		come	get	go	let	put	set	take	turn	•	
1.		Some people aren't l next week.	nere today	/ SQ WE	e've de	cided to	***********	th	e meeting	]	. until
2.		t	he bus at	Beech	er Road	d and tal	ce the fi	rst on the	e left.		
3.		All the posters had			so l	had to s	tick the	m up aga	in.		
4.		There's a long journe	y ahead o	of us se	o we w	ant to	•••••		early.		
5.		There was a bomb so	are and t	he plai	ne	•••••		an hour	late.		
6.		Suddenly the alarm .			and	l the gua	ards rus	hed in.			
7.		Don't forget to	•••••	th	ne elect	ric fire b	efore y	ou ao to	hed		
							•	- · ·	bou.		
		l asked the driver to			∋	at the	end of				
N	o		erbs wi	th the	ese sei	at the	end of i	my road.		rrow la	ne un <b>t</b>
N 1.	O	w use the same v	erbs wi	t <b>h the</b>	ese ser	at the	end of o	my road. and go d		rrow la	ne unt
N 1.	0	w use the same v You have toyou get to a farm.	erbs wi	t <b>h the</b>	ese ser	at the	end of o	my road. and go d		rrow la	ne unt
N 1. 2. 3.	0	You have toyou get to a farm. I think this yoghurt h	erbs wit	th the the	ese ser	at the	end of o	my road. and go d		rrow la	ne uni
N 1. 2. 3.	•	You have toyou get to a farm.  I think this yoghurt h Only two months in lightly!	erbs with	th the	ese ser	at the	end of one of the strangers of the stran	my road. and go d		rrow la	ne uni
N 1. 2. 3. 4.	•	You have toyou get to a farm.  I think this yoghurt h Only two months in lightly!  You'd betterhave a bath.  If he ever does it agahim	erbs with	th the	ese ser	at the	end of one of the strangers of the stran	and go do	own a nai		- La Johnson Johnson
N 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	0	You have to	erbs with	th the	ese ser	at the	end of one of the strangers of the stran	and go do			- La Johnson Johnson

## Organising Verbs with OFF – 1

Complete each of the groups of sentences with one of the phrasal verbs below. Use each verb once only.

ike off irn off
-
get quieter.
+ 1
ders.
yself think!
here for an hour.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

# Organising Verbs with OFF -2

Complete each of the groups of sentences with one of the phrasal verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	break off cut off	fall off keep off	pull off show off send off switch off
1.	Why did he		their relationship?
	Shall I		a piece of chocolate and give it to him?
	We usually		for coffee halfway through the meeting.
2.	Let's		the road for a while and have a rest.
	Can you help me to		my boots?
	How did he manage to		such an important deal?
3.	You'd better		the subject of boyfriends for a while!
	Please		the grass.
	Do you think the rain will		all day?
4.	The town was		by an avalanche.
	We were		in the middle of our phone conversation.
	He		a small piece for me to taste.
5.	He might		if he walks along the top of the wall.
	Business began to	-	and some employees lost their jobs.
	Student numbers started to		when the fees went up.
6.	Why don't you		for more information?
	Referees should		any players that cause trouble.
	l must remember to		my application today.
7.	Don't		like that. Nobody's impressed.
	He couldn't wait to	÷.	his new bicycle.
	People who		, clearly have problems.
8.	Don't forget to		the television before you go out.
	I tend to		when he speaks. He's so boring.
	Lalways		the electricity before going on holiday.

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

# Organising Verbs with OFF – 3

Complete the definitions using the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	call live wear	te	ght ell rive	lift doze laugh	see hold scrape	cordon make work				
1.	***************************************	off	If you to get rid		excess energy, yo	u do something active				
2.	***************************************	off	If the polic around it	ce to restrict moven	an area, the nent.	y erect barriers				
3.	***************************************	off		If you someone, you tell them you stron disapprove of something they have done.						
4.	***************************************	off		attacking you.	a wild dog, you t	ry to stop it coming				
5.	***************************************	off	When roc	kets	they rise	into the air.				
6.		off	When you vehicle.	ا	, you leave a <sub>l</sub>	place in some kind of				
7.	***************************************	off		to end it was not at a		that has happened,				
8.	•••••	off	Thieves w	vho	with your	money escape with it.				
9.	***************************************	off		s of rain or-maybe-not-at-	, they	come later than				
10.	***************************************	off		·	a meeting, you ca	ncel it.				
1 <b>1</b> .		off	When pai	ins	, they stop I	urting you.				
12.		off		usc ore they start a jo		ou say goodbye to				
13.		off		upport yourself.	the State, it gives	you the money you				
14.	***************************************	off		omething similar		a surface, you use a				
15.	,	off		to because you	you fall into a lig are very tired.	ht sleep without				

Test yourself by covering one of the columns.

# Verbs with ABOUT, ACROSS, AFTER and BY

	nplete each sentence n verb once only.	with the corre	ct form of one o	f the verbs given. Use
	bring about come across	get by go after	go by set about	stand by take after
1. If	you're in trouble, Tomm	y's the kind of frier	nd who will	you.
2. l -	just can't find a job anyw Why don't you	here. that vac	ancy at the sports c	entre?
	he victims of the accident ays	t gradually got bet	ter as the	
	our son is clever, isn't he Yes, he			
	was sorting through som			
6. T	he counsellor is trying to econciliation between the	two of them.	1	11
	y cutting out luxuries we n just one salary.	manage to	"He tak	es after bis motber."
8. ·T	his booklet gives tips on l	how to	losing weig	jht.
Nov	v do the same with th	iese sentences:		
	call after come across		go about look-after	
1. l' ir				noney
2. V	/e decided to	the baby `lan'	his grandfather	·.
3. T	here's a spare bus	in ca	se too many people	turn up.
4. A	t night there are only thre	e nurses to	all the	patients in this ward.
5. A	s I only had a short time t	to explain things to		
6. Y	ou're blocking the corrido	or! Stand to one sid	de so that people ca	п
	he new manageress		1	
	n sure there's a much ea		•	

## **Verbs with AWAY**

# Match an item on the left with an item on the right. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.

1. The fire

A backed away as the huge dog came towards her.

2. The noise

B blazed away and we soon got warm again.

3. My grandfather

C died away as the audience settled down.

4. The police

D dropped away as people began to doubt his ability.

5. Support for him

E scared away the hooligans before they did any damage.

6. The little girl

F got away in a car they had stolen.

7. The thieves

G rotted away and we had to buy a new door.

8. The wood

H passed away quietly in his sleep.

	1	2		3		4	5		6		7		8	
- 1		l	1		1	Į l		l .		l	l	l		1

#### 2 Now do the same with these:

1. clear away

A customers because we've sold out.

2. file away

-B-the-dishes-from-the-dinner-table.

3. gamble away

C all her money at the casino.

4. give away

D this report with the others.

5. pour away

E the time, sitting in the garden.

6. sign away

F the secret.

7. turn away

G the tea as it's got cold.

"She's gambled away a fortune."

8. while away

H your rights to your share of the estate.

1	2	3	4	5		. 6	. 7,	 . 8	
		<del></del>	<u> </u>		·				

Test yourself by covering one column and trying to remember the other part.

# Verbs with AGAINST, APART, AROUND and BACK

each v	verb once only.	e with the correct	form of one of th	e verbs given. Use
	get around get back	hold against look around	ring back shop around	take apart take back
1. The	news of their engage	ement will soon	•	
2. We	spent the afternoon	an	old castle.	·
3. You	might be able to buy	the camera at a lower	price if you	************
4. Afte	er climbing the hill, we	e stopped for a momer	nt toour	breath
	ow Danny made a me ng to help.	ess of things but don't	it	. him. He was only
	d no difficulty blem, though.	the engine	Putting it back tog	ether again was a
7. If yo	ou give me your numb	oer, I'llyo	uu when I get r	nore news.
8. ľve	changed my mind. Si	imon's quite nice, reall	y. I	what I said.
	come apart crowd around	fall back give back	hang around tell apart	turn against turn back
1. The	attack was so fierce t	hat the soldiers had to	***************************************	
		•		
	wife was the only one nds had	who supported himhim.	All his	
frier 3. Whe		e clothes, it's hard to	All his	
frier  3. Whe  4. The	en they wear the same	e clothes, it's hard to		
frier  3. Whe   4. The look  5. Loo	en they wear the same the twins road was blocked so sed for another route.	him. e clothes, it's hard to we they think of somethin	. and	you tell them apart?"
<ul><li>frier</li><li>3. Whe</li><li>4. The look</li><li>5. Look to d</li></ul>	en they wear the same they wear the twins road was blocked so ted for another route. k at those kids! Can't o than just	him. e clothes, it's hard to we they think of somethin	. and g better "Can	E TIE
<ol> <li>When the second of the second o</li></ol>	en they wear the same they wear the twins road was blocked so ted for another route. k at those kids! Can't to than just	wethink of somethink smoking. they think of somethink smoking.	and g better "Can	you tell them apart?"

## Verbs with OVER and THROUGH

1 Match an item on the left with an item on the right. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.

A blew over and the sun came out.

2.	His eyes	В	boiled over and went all over the stove.
3.	The milk	С	came through so I was able to go to Australia.
4.	The plan	D	clouded over and it looked as if it was going to rain.
5.	The sky	E	fell through and we had to start again.

6. The storm F glazed over and he fell back into the armchair.

7. My visa finally G healed over and she didn't need a plaster any more.

8. The wound H pulled over and the driver asked for directions.

		1		2		3		4		5	:	.6		7		8	
--	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	---	----	--	---	--	---	--

#### 2 Now do the same with these:

1. The car

1. break through A the barrier and try to reach the President. 2. go through his disquise and contact the police. C an old lady crossing the road. 3. get over 4. hand over my notes to refresh my memory that phone call to the boss's 5. run over secretary. a terrifying ordeal that they'll 6. put through "Run over while crossing the road." never forget. G responsibility to someone with better training. 7. see through H the thunderstorm while everyone was woken up. 8. sleep through 1 2

Test yourself by covering one of the columns.

# Verbs with WITH

		e particle W								
			deal	do	fill	go	lie	part	play	reason
1		lf there are an	у сотр	laints, t	he ma	nager	will	••••••	•••••	them.
2		Shall I get tho – No. They do				•••••	the o	arpet. Y	ou need a	a lighter colour.
3.		Once Jonatho	n's got h	an idea im but	into h it was	nis hea no use	d, he v	on't cha	nge hîs r	nind. I tried to
. 4.	•	Julia wanted t	to sell th	neir car	but he	er husb	and w	as reluct	ant to	it.
5		I'm really thirs	sty. I co	blu	••••••	••••••	a lo	ong cool	drink.	
6		That woman f mean anythin								sultation' but it doesn't
7.	•	The way he di	rives all	over th	ne road	d does	n't exa	tly	************	me confidence!
8.		Who do you tl – In my opinic						council	for not to	aking better precautions.
N	Ю	w do the sa	me wi	th the	se ve	rbs:	-			
		confuse	deal	disa	agree	ide	entify	live	meet	t side wrestle
1	•	lt's my decisio	n-and-v	vhateve	er hap	pens-l'I	I-have	to	***********	the consequences.
2		This little boo	klet	•••••	•••••	the	proble	ms of liv	ing abro	ad
									_	au.
3.		While Louise v to be taken to			y to th	e meet				an accident and had
	• !		hospita engine	l. er, arer	n't you	1?	ing, sh	e	······································	an accident and had
4.	. 1	to be taken to And you're an – No. I'm in m	hospita engine arketing resign	l. er, arer j. I thin . I've sp	n't you k you' pent th	ı? re ne last t	ing, sh	e me years	ту	an accident and had
4. 5.		to be taken to And you're an – No. I'm in m I've decided to problems of th	hospita engine arketing resign ris com	l. er, arer g. I thin . I've sp pany ar be as re	n't you k you' pent th nd l've alistic	i? re ne last t e had ei as pos	wenty nough	e	my	an accident and had brother.
4. 5. 6.		to be taken to And you're an — No. I'm in m I've decided to problems of the We want the p	hospital engine arketing resign is complay to be audiented are was a re was	er, arer g. I thin . I've sp pany ar ee as re ce can a family	n't you k you' pent th nd l've alistic easily / dispu	re ne last t had er as pos	wenty nough	eme years of it!	my	an accident and had brother.

Я

## Verbs with AT and TO

#### Match one half of the dialogue on the left with the other half on the right. Write your answers in the boxes.

1. My car wouldn't start this A No they weren't. They just picked at their food and morning. ate hardly anything 2. Why doesn't Ted want to play No, they didn't. It's going to be very difficult to get with the other children? at the truth. 3. I think that new magazine is C Yes, I was offered a job there - so I leapt at the very childish!. opportunity to work 'Down Under'. 4. Would Blake be interested in He's afraid they'll laugh at his accent. making some extra money? 5. I hear you're going to New E You'd better get the garage to look at it, then. Zealand. 6. Did the police manage to get I know it's hard, but you must keep at it. Don't give anyone to talk about the fight? up now! 7. Were they very hungry? G I'm sure he'd jump at the chance. 8. This maths homework is Well, it's not really for adults, It's aimed more at driving me crazy! the teenage market. 5 7

## Now do the same with these dialogues:

1. I think this is your coat. A Thanks - and help yourself to sugar. 2. Why didn't you offer to help I know! He keeps getting side-tracked. I wish he'd them prepare dinner? stick to the point. 3. How long was Ben unconscious? Well, let's drink to her success, then. 4. Shall I pour? D No. That one belongs to Mike. Mine's grey. 5. Those customers have been E Don't let it get to you. She does it to everyone. waiting for ages! Just ignore her. 6. It's so difficult to get a clear Because when it comes to cooking, I'm totally answer from him! useless. 7. Why does Ann keep criticising G Could you see to them? I'm really busy at the me all the time? moment. 8. And Judy here is in the final H It took him at least a quarter of an hour to come to. tomorrow. 1 2 Ž

Now go through the sentences on the right and underline the phrasal verbs.

## **Verbs with FOR**

		_			ce with t ach verl			orm of c	one of th	e verbs given	ı and
			ask	call	enter	go	look	make	send	stand	
1.		She's be	en	·····	а ј	ob for	ages and	she still l	hasn't four	nd one.	
2.		So you'v	e passe	d your e	exam. This	i	•••••	a ce	lebration!		
3.	١.	He hasn' centre.	t decide	d which	ι to buy bι	ıt he'll	probably	**************		the flat in the	city
4.	•	They we restaurar		ngry aft	er their da	y out	that they	*******		the nearest	
5	i.	If the fev	er conti	nues, l'Il	I have to		•••••	the do	octor.		
6		If I were trouble!	you, I w	ouldn't	mention h	er driv	ving test.	You'd be	************	***************************************	
7	•	I never d	reamt l'	d win w	hen I		•••••	the comp	etition!		
8	I.	What do	the initi	ials BBC	· · •••••		?				
		· .	accou	nt - ca	all - fall	fis	h go	hope	mista	ke pay	
1	•	l just hor	ое уоц'у	e got er	nough mo	ney wi	th you to	*************		. all this food!	
2	2.	The dog nasty bit		,	his ar	nkle an	id gave h	im a	( ish		
3	١.	People o got the s			me	my	sister. W	/e've	371	Ent 1	
4			start ge		ady. He's at six.	going	to	Ew	1/0		_ \
5	i.				ing about			iments	4	Me	
6	i.	How do			h t.	is reac	tion?	 L	   Here was Fr   went	ninding my own b for my ankle!"	usiness
7	٠.	I'd like ye	ou to tid	ly your r	room or is	that to	oo much t		**************	?	
8	3.	How cou	ıld I hav	e	•••••	su	ch an obv	vious trick	? I'm not	usually taken in	like

## Verbs with FROM and OF

### Match the first part of the dialogue on the left with the second part on the right. Write your answers in the boxes.

- 1. Why are you back living with your parents again?
- 2. What's this new exercise video you've bought?
- 3. Any news of your sister?
- 4. I'm leaving! I can't work under these conditions any longer!
- 5. You're French, aren't you?
- 6. I hope Mum doesn't find out I've been seeing Nigel.
- 7. I'm off to the beach, then.
- 8. Why has Phil been off work for so long?

- A Take this hat with you. It'll protect you from the sun.
- B Fine, but don't resign from this job until you've got another one to go to.
- C No. I come from Belgium.
- D I was behind with the rent so I was evicted from
- E Yes. I finally heard from her last week.
- The exercises on it are for people who suffer from backache.
- G He's still recovering from the accident.
- But your brother knows, and it'll be hard to keep him from telling her.

	_	 	 	,					,			
- 1	_		1				l .	 ı	1	l		1
-1	1	2	2		1			 _		7	0	l
- 1		~			4	l	. 5	0			8	ĺ
-			[							_	_	į.

## Now do the same with these dialogues:

- 1. Do you think your parents would lend you the money?
- 2. Are there any jobs going at the hotel?
- 3. Do you like the new uniform?
- 4. Shall I make that vegetable soup again?
- 5. Why were you two boys fighting?
- 6. Look at the snow on those hills.
- 7. What are they going to do with all the factory waste?
- 8. Did you see the look on her father's face?

- A Please don't. The whole house smelt of cabbage last time you made it.
- B I certainly did! He obviously didn't approve of that dress!
- He started it. He accused me of being a liar so I hit him.
- D They want to dispose of it by dumping it in the sea.
- E It reminds me of the time we went skiing in the Alps.
- Not at the moment. I'll let you know if I hear of any vacancies.
- G Forget it. I wouldn't dream of asking them for
- H Well, the style's all right but I don't think much of the colour.

3 4 5 6 7 8

Now underline the phrasal verbs.

## Organising Verbs with Other Particles -1

Complete each of the groups of sentences with one of the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	call for fall for	get back get over	give away run over go through stand by
1.	l think we should		free samples of the new detergent.
	He's offered to		the secrets of his success.
	It was wonderful of her to		some of the prize money to charity.
2.	Ask the police to	•	in case we need them.
	A friend will always		you if you're in trouble.
	I haven't changed. I		everything I said.
3.	You'd better	:	your notes again before the speech.
	She had to		a terrible ordeal.
	The reforms should		without any problems.
4.	Shall I		you on the way to work?
	We intend to		an inquiry into the incident.
	Such hostile questions		firm answers.
5.	They'll never		their son's death.
	It took him a long time to		his operation.
	lt's a difficult message to		to an audience.
6.	That lorry has just		a cat that ran into the road.
	Can we just		the procedure one more time?
	Could you		to the post office and get me a stamp?
7.	We didn't		from our holiday until Sunday evening.
	She's still waiting to		all the tools she lent them.
	I wish they'd		out of the way of the procession.
8.	How could I		such an obvious trick?
	She tends to		the most unsuitable men.
	You didn't think I'd		that story, did you?
	100 didiretimik rd		that bedry, and your

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

## Organising Verbs with Other Particles -2

Complete each group of sentences with one of the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	come across deal with	get at get by	go by stand for go for take back
1.	We just about managed to		on my salary.
	We were able to		with the Spanish we'd learnt at school.
	People can't		so please stand back.
2.	As the days		she'll slowly get better.
	Don't		that clock. It's slow.
	We watched the procession		and head towards the river.
3.	Be careful! He won't		any argument!
	What do the initials MA		after his name?
er.	I'm against everything they		! How can I be friends with them?
4.	l'm very busy. Could you		these enquiries, please.
	He thinks the magazine should		more controversial topics.
i	They're a very good firm to		– quick and reliable.
5.	It's going to be hard to		the truth.
	Keep your torch where you can	111 \$100 1000 1 1 0 0 1000 \$100	it quickly if you need it.
	He's always trying to		me. Why doesn't he like me?
6.	l thìπk they'll		the first option.
	Why did the dog		my leg like that?
	She doesn't usually		men unless they're well-off.
7.	lt's amazing what you		when you tidy a cupboard!
	He didn't		as a very pleasant person.
	Her ideas don't		very well in her new novel.
8.	Don't forget to		the books you borrowed from the library.
	Yes. He's OK. I		all the things I said about him.
	These photos	(me)	to when I was a teenager.

Test yourself by covering the phrasal verbs.

# Organising Verbs with Other Particles – 3

Complete the definitions with the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	back away blow over call after do with	fall through get away go after hand over	make for pull over put by see through	set about take after while away wrestle with				
1.		If you a place, you go towards it.						
2.		If thieves, they escape from a place.						
3.		If you say you could something, you would really like it or need it.						
4.	***************************************	If you, you save it.						
5.			If you what someone says, you understand the real meaning behind what they say.					
6.	***************************************	Plans which	do not sı	ucceed.				
7.		If youtransfer the responsi		o someone else, you				
8.		When stormsfinish.	When storms, they become less strong and finish.					
9.		If you the same name as th	our daughterat person.	. someone, you give her				
10.		lf yousomeone or somethi	, you move bac ng, often because yo	kwards away from u-are-afraid.				
11.		When vehiclesroad and stop.	, they	go to the side of the				
12.	······································	When you doing something, you start doing that activity.						
13.		If youthem physically or in		r father, you are like				
14.		If you	a job, you try to	o get it.				
15.		If you the time, you spend time doing something because you have nothing better to do.						
16.		If you a problem, you have a lot of difficulty trying to find the solution to that problem.						

Test yourself by covering the right-hand column.

# Organising Verbs with Other Particles – 4

Complete each of the definitions with the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

	get to jump at think of	identi tell ap drean		shop around come to hear from	come apart hang around reason with	glaze over pick at turn against
1.	***************************************		If you them.	SO	mebody, you no lo	nger support
2.	***************************************	•••••	lf you are conscious		,	you become
3.		•••••	Things wh	nich	you, make yo	u upset.
4.		•••••	lf you you.	50	meone, they write	to you or phone
5.	***************************************	•		th	e chance of doing s enthusiasm.	something, you
6.	••••••	•••••		ıldn't of doing it.	doing some	thing, you have no
7.	***************************************	*******	People who		go from shop to	o shop to find the
8.	***************************************	********	If you can which.	twins	syou know	which one is
9.		••••••		so s to persuade them	meone,-you-try-to-u nto do something.	use_sensible
10.	***************************************		Things wh	nich	collapse into	pieces.
11.		·············			a place, stay they y have nothing bett	
12.	***************************************				, you have a fix ored with what is h	
13.	***************************************			't mu have a very high o	chsomethi pinion of them.	ng or somebody,
14.	•••••	•••••		a c s similar to your o	character in a play, wn.	you feel that their
15.	***************************************	********	People wh	10	their food eat s	mall pieces of it.
Test	yourself by co	vering	tbe right-	hand column.		

# **Verbs with Two Particles – 1**

1	1 Complete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs below. Use each verb once only.						
	add up to catch up with	get away with go ahead with	move on to send away for	stand in for watch out for			
	1. The burglar bro	oke into the house and	all her jewels	·.			
		reeks and missed a lot of wo					
	3. I think we've di	Can we					
		nent looks interesting. I thin further details.					
	5. Be careful!	ice on the r	oad!	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED			
		ussed how much our weddir		Ice			
	7. The boss was a	ech.					
	8. After a long del the heating sys		n to the	improvements to			
				•			
2	Now do the san	ne with these verbs:					
2	come forward		rith look back on make off with	miss out on walk out on			
2	come forward v	with fool around w go out with		walk out on			
2	come forward vout back on	with fool around w go out with	make off with	walk out on			
2	come forward votate back on  1. When I	with fool around w go out with my childhood, n a motorbike, snatched her	make off with I have some wonderful mem	walk out on nories.			
2	come forward vecut back on  1. When I	with fool around w go out with my childhood, n a motorbike, snatched her	make off with I have some wonderful mem handbag andher h  ng ready?	walk out on nories.			
2	come forward vect back on  1. When I	with fool around we go out with	make off with I have some wonderful mem handbag andher h  ng ready?	walk out on nories it down the usband and was			
2	come forward vecut back on  1. When I	with fool around we go out with go out with my childhood, in a motorbike, snatched her being badly treated, she fination.  Spending so much time getti his new girlfrien fire was started by some che to fall, we'll have to	make off with I have some wonderful mem handbag andher h  ng ready? d tonight.	walk out on nories it down the usband and was			
2	come forward vecut back on  1. When I	with fool around we go out with my childhood, in a motorbike, snatched her being badly treated, she fination.  Spending so much time getti me was started by some childhood, she fination.	make off with I have some wonderful mem handbag andher h  Ilyher h  Ing ready? d tonight.  Ildren who had been	walk out on nories it down the usband and was			

## **Verbs with Two Particles – 2**

# 1 First, go through the dialogues and underline all the phrasal verbs with two particles. Next, match the two halves of the dialogue.

- 1. Should she still be sucking her thumb at her age?
- 2. Is Emily coming out with us this evening?
- Ken still hasn't decided whether to come or not.
- 4. So you like living here, then?
- 5. They've decided not to invest in the company after all.
- 6. What did the doctor say about your cough?
- 7. What time are you leaving tomorrow evening?
- 8. Peter's doing quite well in the race so far.

- A Eleven o'clock at the latest. We've got to check out of the hotel by then.
- B But they can't just pull out of an agreement like that!
- C She told me to cut down on the number of cigarettes I smoke.
- D No. She's got some work to catch up on.
- E We certainly do. The house is fine and we get on well with the neighbours.
- F Yes he is. He's managing to keep up with the leaders
- G Well I hope he does soon. I'm beginning to run out of patience.
- H Oh, don't worry! She'll grow out of it.

	1 1 1
11   2     2     4     E     6     7	1 1 0 1
11	
	1 [ - ]

## 2 Now do the same with these dialogues:

- 1. Reg hasn't found any work yet.
- 2. How did you get her to change her mind?
- 3. What do you know about the new training scheme?
- 4. We're going jogging now. Are you coming?
- 5. I hear that Tom and Sue aren't getting married after all.
- 6. The children are very quiet too quiet maybe.
- 7. Why have we got to set out so early? It's stupid!
- 8. Do you want me to stop for a while?

- A No. I don't really feel up to it today.
- B\_l'm\_not surprised. I didn't think they'd go through with it.
- C Look, don't take it out on me! It's not my fault. I wanted to leave later.
- D With difficulty! But we finally brought her round to our point of view.
- E Oh dear. I wonder if I could fix him up with a temporary job at the hotel.
- F Not very much, I'm afraid. Could you fill me in on some of the details?
- G No. It's all right. Don't let me disturb you. Carry on with what you're doing.
- H I'm sure they're getting up to something we'd rather not know about!

								1		
1		2	3	4	5	l	6	l 7	8	
			1	٠ .		1	_	*	_	

1	Complete each sentence with the correct form of one of the verbs given. Use each verb once only.								
		bring in on do away with	get round to go back on	go on about look down c	•				
	1.	We Ray	his offer an	d stayed at his cour	ntry cottage.				
	2.	We need another point of see what she thinks.	of view. Let's	Julie	our discussion and				
	3.	Pete is a real snob! - You're telling me! He .	any	one who doesn't h	ave a car.				
4. Norman is so boring! I wish he wouldn't stamp collecting									
	5.	Charlie's finally	asking her	asking her out. Why did he take so long?					
	)								
	7.	7. Everybody's relying on you. You can't your promise!							
	8.	Pupils can wear what the uniform.	ey like now. The headn	naster has	school				
2	No	Now do the same with these verbs:							
		break in on	face up to	go in for	make up for				

	bring out in	jo down with	look up to
1.	Eating those strawberries ha a nasty rash.	s me	************************
2.	Mrs Kent's students love her a source of inspiration.	. They	her as
3.	Cathy doesn't like you. You't the fact that you're just not h		
4.	Malcolm can't come, I'm afra He'sthe		
5.	l gave her a present to all the trouble I'd caused.	•••••	
6.	When I decided to I never thought I'd win.	the conte	st
7.	It was very rude of that wom our conversation like that!	an to	

8. When I ..... the previous manager, I had a lot of problems with the staff.



"I always go in for beauty contests! I never thought I'd win!"

## **Verbs with Two Particles – 4**

1	Match an item on the left with an item on the right. Use each item once
	only. Write your answers in the boxes.

- 1. come in for A college because the work was so difficult.
- 2. come up to B a lot of criticism because of his behaviour.
- 3. come up with C his enemies by spreading lies about them.
- D expectations despite all the problems we had. 4. drop out of
- 5. get back at E head office on my portable phone.
- 6. get down to a rise because she had more work to do.
- 7. get through to G suggestions for improving our environment.
- 8. put in for H some work after sitting around doing nothing.

	 	,							
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	
	 1	l		I		_		-	ı

#### 2 Now do the same with these sentences:

- 1. come up against A the armchair and go to sleep.
- 2. come out in B hearing from you as soon as possible.
- 3. get behind with C her reputation as a superb singer.
- 4. go along with quite a lot of problems.
- 5. live up to your rights as a citizen.

6. look forward to

"Homework brings me out in spots, too!" your work.

7. sink back into G the decision although I'm not happy about it.

8. stand up for H spots after eating those strawberries.

_		 		 		 			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

Test yourself by covering the right-hand column and trying to complete the sentences.

# **Organising Verbs with Two Particles – 1**

Complete the definitions with the verbs below. Use each verb once only.

car	eak in on ry on with me forward with me in for	cut back on feel up to fill (someone) in on fool around with	get on with get round to get through to go down with	look back on look forward to stand in for take over from						
1.		If you people, you have a good relationship with them.								
2.		lf you don't something, you don't feel well enough to do it.								
3.		If yousome them the details of it.	eone so	mething, you tell						
4.		If youdoing it.	. what you're doing,	you continue						
5.		If youyou are going to be doing		ou are pleased that						
6.		If yousucceed in contacting the	. someone on the tel em.	ephone, you						
7.	***************************************	If you criticism, people criticise you.								
8.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	If you	. a time or event, you	remember it.						
9.		If youbecause they are not pre	someone, you do th sent.	neir job for them						
10.	***************************************	Firms which	production, p	produce less.						
11.	***************************************	If you	. a conversation, you	interrupt it.						
12.		If you finallya long delay.	doing somet	hing, you do it after						
13.		If youa careless, irresponsible		us, you handle it in						
14.		When you start a job and person did the job before		somebody, that						
15.		lf youinformation to someone,	some information, for example, the pol	you give that ice.						
16.		lf you	. an illness, you catcl	ı it.						
Test	yourself by covering	g the right-hand column	<i>1.</i>							

# Organising Verbs with Two Particles – 2

Complete each definition with one of the verbs below.

bri cat	me up against ng in on tch up on me out in	cut down on fix up with get away with get back at	get behind with go along with go in for grow out of	live up to look down on look up to run out of						
1.	***************************************	If you	someone, you	respect them.						
2.	***************************************	When you a competition, you enter it.								
3.		If you	patience, you h	ave no patience left.						
4.	***************************************	People who	you cons	ider you inferior.						
5.	***************************************	If you	a decision, you	accept it.						
6.		When youyou no longer hav	a habit, yo e the habit.	u reach an age when						
7.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	When burglars they escape with i	some t.	thing they have stolen,						
8.	••••••	lf youyou should have c	some work, yo	u do some work which						
9.		If youthem to have it.	someone	a job, you arrange for						
10.	••••••	If youas good as people	your reputation expect you to be.	n, you show that you are						
11.	***************************************	If you	spots, they app	ear on your body.						
12.		lf youyou don't smoke s	the number of o many.	cigarettes you smoke,						
13.		lf youdeal with them.	problems, you	meet them and have to						
14.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	If youyet.	payments, you	have not made them						
15.		If youinvolve them in it.	someone	a discussion, you						
16.		If someone has do	ne something wrong to them, you get reveng	you and you e in some way.						

Test yourself by covering the right-hand column. Pay special attention to the word order with these verbs with two particles.

I The verb BE is used in combination with some of the particles studied in this book. Often the particles have similar meanings to those they have when combined with other verbs. Complete each sentence with one of the following particles. Use each item once only.

### down down with in off on out out of up

- 1. Well, I'm ..... now. See you tomorrow morning.
- 2. No wonder they're celebrating! Profits are ...... by 90%!
- 3. Have you got any red peppers?- I'm afraid we're ......them at the moment but we'll have some more in tomorrow.
- 4. My father's been very ..... since he lost his job.
- 5. I hear the boss is ill.
  - That's right he's ..... flu.
- 6. Have you given her your entry form yet? They must be ...... by the end of the week.
- 7. Let's have a look around the shops. There are a lot of sales ...... at the moment.
- 8. Can I speak to Mary, please?
  - I'm afraid she's ...... at the moment but she should be back soon.
- $2\,\,$  Now do the same with these sentences:

#### out away down in in on off on up to up

- 1. If Philip rings, tell him I'm ......, Lwon't be ..... till next year!
- 2. Things are really bad. Sales are ...... by 50% so far this year and it doesn't look as if the situation is going to improve.
- When does she come back from her business trip?
   She's .....until Friday.
- 5. Nigel's still in bed.
  - Why isn't he ...... yet? His alarm went ages ago.
- 6. No wonder the car won't start! The handbrake is still ........!
- 7. I joined the team at a later stage. I wasn't ......any of the original discussions.
- 8. What on earth do you think you're .....?
   Nothing really nothing!



"Wby aren't you up yet!"

## **COME**

1	Complete each sentence using the correct form of the verb COME and the
	particles given. Use each particle once only.

### across down in up with out over round up 1. We had to call off the picnic because the rain was ......so heavily. 2. I think I'll keep that piece of wood. It might ...... useful one day. 4. Fiona fainted, and when she ....., she found herself in hospital. 5. While I was tidying out the cupboard, I ..... these old magazines. 6. Darren suddenly started yelling and screaming. I don't know what ..... him. 7. We left early the next morning, just as the sun was ...... 囚 8. Oh .....! Hurry up! It's time you ..... the answer. "The sun is coming up!"

## Now do the same with these sentences:

	across in for into off on out in up from
1.	Of course, appearances can be deceptive, but she
2.	I'd better take one of my pills. I think I've got a migraine and I want to stop it getting too bad.
3.	When her parents died, Edith a lot of money.
4.	You can tell by his accent that he Wales.
5.	I think I'm allergic to certain kinds of seafood because I suddenly spots after I'd eaten some.
6.	People didn't like the way the Minister handled the situation and he a lot of criticism.
7.	The room was in a terrible state. The wallpaper was the walls so we had to stick it on again.
8.	Did the subject in the course of conversation?  – No. It wasn't mentioned at all.

### **GET**

## 1 Match the two halves of each dialogue. Write your answers in the boxes.

1. Everyone seems to know about A Don't let her comments get to you. It's not your engagement. that bad. 2. Have you found a job yet! B Very nice. We get on with them really well. 3. Why do you want a pay-rise? C I'm afraid not – and it's really getting me down. 4. What are your new neighbours D As it's his first offence, he may get off with a fine. 5. Do you think Nick will go to E There's no rush. The train doesn't get in for prison? another twenty minutes. · 6. It's time you had a holiday. F I know. The news has certainly got around. 7. Hayley didn't think much of my G Because I can't get by on my salary any more. painting, did she? 8. Shouldn't we be leaving for H I know, but we can't get away till November. the station? 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

## 2 Now do the same with these dialogues:

1. How did the prisoners manage A In that case you'd better get in an electrician. to escape? 2. George is still in bed. B They got out through a window. 3. Do you think Barbara will be C Can't you get out of it and come swimming able to persuade him to pay? instead? 4. I don't understand how this D I've been too busy - I simply haven't got round lighting system works. 5. Shall I give you your injection E All right, nurse. Let's get it over with. now, Mr Petrie? 6. This is the right bus for the F She should do. She knows how to get round him. station, isn't it? 7. Have you fixed your car yet? G That's right. Get off at the next stop. 8. I've got to help in the shop H What! Hasn't he got up yet? this afternoon. 2 3 5 6 7

Now underline all the phrasal verbs.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. No. 1. 2. 3. 4.		omplete the sentences by using the correct form of the verb GO and the articles below. Use each particle once only.										
		about	ahead	by	down	down with	off	through	ир			
1.	lf y	ou don't k	eep yoghur	t in the	fridge in t	he summer, it w	ill soon					
2.			ing of the p ling alone in			stage.	and 1	the audience :	saw a			
3.		e became n ws.	nore and m	ore cor	ncerned as	time	••••••	and we didi	n't hear any			
4.		n not surpri		oked so	frightened	l. It was a terrify	ing exp	erience to				
5.	W	e've got the	e green ligh	t. We c	an	and	d make t	he changes w	e wanted.			
6.	Ge	offrey wor	ı't be comin	g to th	e meeting	this evening. He	has	:	a virus.			
7.	–		news recei		V£	ery well.	÷					
8.			solve proble ne wrong wa		shouting a	nt people. You're	·········		this in			
N	ow	do the sa	ame with	these	sentenc	PS:						
			for into			out up v	with	without				
		e burglars	panicked a	nd ran a	away whei	out up v						
2.	Ple	e burglars ease don't s	panicked ar	nd ran a	away whei	out up von the alarm						
2.	Ple It's	e burglars ease don't s	panicked arstopchoice but	nd ran a	away whei	out up v						
2. 3.	Ple It's the Wi - T	e burglars ease don't s s a difficult e second op hat do you	panicked and stop	nd ran a	away whei wii 'II	out up von the alarm						
2. 3. 4.	Ple It's the Wi T yo Le ho I	e burglars ease don't s s a difficult e second op hat do you The colour ur dress. t's talk abo	panicked and stop	nd ran a	away when wit  'II  bag? 't  or giving s	out up very the alarm			1 Poor			
2. 3. 4.	Plate the William Plate the William Plate the William Plate the Pl	e burglars ease don't s s a difficult e second op hat do you he colour i ur dress. t's talk aboumework. don't want discuss it l	panicked and stop	nd ran a	away when wit  oag? 't  or giving s that	out up very the alarm	"Go.					
2. 3. 4. 5.	Plate It's the William VIII you Lee ho — I I'll I'll pa	e burglars ease don't s s a difficult e second op hat do you The colour ur dress. t's talk aboumework, don't want discuss it l prices y my rent.	panicked and stop	I think I s handb t doesn posal fo	away whenwit  oag?  't  or giving s that  y more, I w	out up very the alarm	"Go. burr	ing without sleep				

### **PUT**

1	Match the two halves of each dialogu	e. Write your answers in the boxes.
---	--------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

1. That's a dreadful noise, isn't it? A He put on a brave face but he was obviously 2. Philip isn't clever enough to B We're putting on 'Romeo and Juliet' in October. plan such a crime on his own. 3. Where are you staying? C No. The noise is putting me off. 4. Can't you concentrate on D Don't be put off by the outside. It's really nice your work? inside. 5. I don't want to be a nuisance. E Yes, I'm not putting up with it any longer, I'm going to complain. 6. What terrible news! How did F A friend has offered to put me up for the night. he take it? 7. What's your next performance G Don't worry! You're not putting me out at all. going to be? 8. I don't like the look of this place! H You're right. Someone must have put him up to it. 2 3 4 5

## 2 Now do the same with these dialogues:

1. Could I speak to Mary White, A She should put them forward at the next meeting. please? 2. Our poor dog is in terrible B One moment, please. I'll put you through to pain. her office. 3. Hurry up or we'll be late! C Well, put your pullover on. 4. Can I borrow the scissors? D Because he's put on so much weight recently. 5. I'm starting to get a bit cold E We've put in for a pay rise of ten per cent. nów. 6. Rita's got some new proposals F You'd better have him put down and for ways of saving money. end his suffering. 7. What kind of an increase have G Nearly ready. I've just got to put these plates you asked for? 8. Why did Leo have to buy a new H OK, but make sure you put them back when suit? you've finished with them. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Now go through the sentences on the right and underline the phrasal verbs.

# TAKE

			ne sentene low. Use o					m of ti	ie ve	rb TAKE and tl	he
			away	back	down	off	on	out	to	up	
1		Trevor has	threatened	to take yo	ou to court	if you	don't	•••••	•••••	what you sa	id.
2		After being profession		amateur p	productions	s, I deci	ded to		••••••	acting	
3	١.	When we a	arrived at the	e airport,	the plane h	nad alre	ady		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	······· ·	
4	٠.		ır products i ith the dema		dramatica	lly so w	e had	to	••••••	extra sta	iff to
5	i.	We want to avoid that.		car, but i	t will mear	1	•••••	i	a loan,	and we want to	
6	i.	The concernotice boa		reek but t	hey still ha	ven't	••••••	••••••	th	e posters from th	е
7	•	The sea an	d the sky lo	oked so b	eautiful the	at they		r	ny bre	ath	
8	١.	Irma was p				ly		•••••	her. N	Maybe it was beca	ause
			a to nave no	ining in c	ommon.						
N	No		same wit	_		es:					
N	No			_	sentence	es: back	in	off	on	over	
		ow do the	same wit	h these after	sentence apart certainly	back		off	on strum.	over	
1	•	With that name father of the	same wit aback	h these after Nathalie got his te	sentence apart certainly mper too! the army v	back was how	w to		on Ethinum	over	1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-
1	•	With that notes the one of the Seeing tho	same with aback nose of hers, and she's first things	h these after Nathalie got his ter I learnt in	sentence apart certainly mper too! the army v and then	was how	w to togethe		٤/ ا	over Management of the second	
1 2 3	•	With that not not not not not of the seeing tho with a lot of Many emp	aback nose of hers, - and she's things a gun see tall chim to my ch	h these after Nathalie got his ter l learnt in neys over illdhood v	sentence apart certainly mper too! the army v and then there when I lived	was how	w to togethe me own		٤/ ا	over my	
1 2 3	-	With that not not not not not not not not not no	aback nose of hers, - and she's in first things a gun see tall chim to my chi f heavy ind	h these after Nathalie got his ter I learnt in neys over illdhood v ustry. their jobs a large n uch strang	sentence apart certainly mper too! the army v and then there when I lived when the f nulti-nation ge clothes t	was how	w to togethe me own spany.	er again	aken ab	over	l)
1 2 3 4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	With that not not not not not not not not not no	aback nose of hers, - and she's if first things a gun se tall chim to my ch of heavy ind loyees lost t	h these after Nathalie got his ter I learnt in neys over illdhood v ustry. their jobs a large n uch strang	sentence apart certainly mper too! the army v and then there when I lived when the f nulti-nation ge clothes t some time	was how	w to together with the comment of th	er again	aken ab		l)
1 2 3 4 5	······································	With that not not not not not not not not not no	aback nose of hers, and she's in first things a gun se tall chim to my ch of heavy ind loyees lost t by s wearing st l	h these after Nathalie got his ter I learnt in neys over illdhood v ustry. their jobs a large n uch strang t took us	sentence apart certainly mper too! the army v and then there when I lived when the f nulti-nation ge clothes t some time	was how	w to together with the comment of th	er again  all "To e shock	aken ab	ack by her appearan	) J

## **BRING and TURN**

## 1 Match the two halves of each dialogue. Write your answers in the boxes.

#### **BRING**

- 1. I've got some photos I took of the excursion to London.
- 2. What caused the rash?
- 3. What new books have you got planned for next year?
- 4. Can I borrow your ladder for a while?
- 5. Would you let your children go camping on their own?
- 6. Was Miriam unconscious for very long?
- 7. Will the Opposition parties work together?
- 8. That was an interesting film about Italy, wasn't it?

- A Why not? We've tried to bring them up to be independent.
- B Only if you promise to bring it back before the weekend!
- C It must have been brought on by some kind of allergy.
- D It certainly was. It brought back memories of my stay in Rome.
- E Apparently, it took them ages to bring her round.
- F We're going to bring out a series on famous painters.
- G Great! You must bring them along to the next meeting.
- H They'll have to if they want to bring down the Government.

1	2		3	4	5	6	7		8	
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## 2 Now do the same with these dialogues:

#### **TURN**

- What happened to the theatre in the centre of town?
- 2. Whatever made you ask someone like him for help?
- 3. Did Jill accept your suggestion?
- 4. Don't you think it's a bit cold in here?
- 5. So, did the Maxwells come to the party after all?
- 6. Why did it take you so long to drive here?
- 7. Are you watching that film?
- 8. I thought it was going to rain.

- A The road was blocked so I had to turn back and find another route.
- B So did I but it turned out sunny in the end.
- C It was turned into a cinema.
- D Yes they did. They turned up an hour late!
- E Yes, it is a bit chilly. Turn the heating on if you want to.
- F There was nobody else I could turn to.
- G No. She turned it down.
- H No, I'm not. Shall I turn it off?

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

## **KEEP and LOOK**

## 1 Match the two halves of each dialogue. Write your answers in the boxes.

#### **KEEP**

- 1. I'm afraid of getting bitten by mosquitoes.
- A They took it back. I couldn't keep up the payments.
- 2. Has he told you everything he knows about the robbery?
- B I keep off spicy foods, but apart from that I can eat anything.
- 3. How did you manage to sell more than your competitors?
- C OK. I'll do it. Just don't keep on about it all the time.
- 4. This course is really difficult.
- D I don't think so. I'm sure he's keeping something back.
- And don't forget that you promised to mend that chair.
- E She says she wants to keep up with the latest fashions.
- 6. What happened to that car you were buying?
- F Keep at it! I'm sure it'll be worth all the effort in the end.
- 7. Why does Annabel buy so many women's magazines?
- G Take this cream. It's supposed to keep them
- 8. How careful do you have to be about what you eat?
- H By keeping our prices down when they put theirs up.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

### 2 Now do the same with these dialogues:

#### LOOK

- I don't know what this word A I know. I'm really looking forward to having means.
- 2. Have you found somewhere to live yet?
- No. She looked straight through me and pretended I wasn't there.
- 3. What's happening to your dogs while you're away on holiday?
- C Yes. They look down on people like you and me.
- 4. They're so snobbish, aren't they?
- D Well, look it up in a dictionary.
- 5. Any news about your stolen video recorder?
- E We've looked round a few flats but they're all too expensive.
- 6. Didn't Mandy say "Hello" when she saw you?
- F The police are looking into it but they aren't very hopeful.
- 7. I wonder if Sandra's feeling any better.
- G My mother-in-law's looking after them.
- 8. Only two more weeks and then we're on holiday.
- H I'll look in on the way home and see how she is.

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# Organising Common Verbs – 1

Complete each of the groups of sentences by using one of the following verbs. Use each verb once only.

	ç	jet	go	is	keep look
1.	I have to				off fatty foods.
	l wish he wouldn't				on about his new car all the time.
	He likes to				up with the latest news.
	These lights should				away any burglars.
	Why should he				back such vital information?
	They weren't able to				up the payments on their car.
2.		T			
۷.	I'm afraid he				out at the moment but he'll be back soon.
	I'm sure this milk				off. Here, you smell it.
	The television				on but I can't hear any sound.
	OK. Time				up. Can I have your answer, please?
	The price of chicken				down this week.
	My application				in so I hope to get an interview.
3.	It's nice to	<u> </u>			forward to your holidays, isn't it!
	Remember to				up any words you don't know.
	Could you				after our cat while we're away?
	Why don't you				in on her on your way to work?
	They're snobs. They				down on pupils from my school.
	The police must				into lots of similar crimes every year.
4.	Why did that alarm				off?
	I never want to				through such an experience again.
	Don't stop. Please			*.	on with your work.
	Would you like to				out for a meal this evening?
	We'll have to				through with it. We can't pull out!
	Which option will he				for?
5.	I'll have to				up early tomorrow morning.
	When does her train				in?
	It's important to				on well with your colleagues.
	Try not to let the criticism				to you.
	If I can't do it myself, I'll				an electrician in.
	She can just			-	by on her salary and no more.

Use this page to test yourself.

# **Organising Common Verbs – 2**

Complete each of the groups of sentences by using one of the following verbs. Use each verb once only.

	bring	g come	pui	t take turn
1.	He had to			up two children on his own.
	When are you going to			back those tools I lent you?
	Eating tomatoes may			on that rash again.
	Writing books doesn't			in much money.
	She wants to			along a friend when we go out.
	These photos			back memories of my holiday.
_				
2.	The dentist had to			out two teeth.
	With that red hair they			after their mother.
	We usually			on extra staff in the summer.
	Please			off your jacket if you want to.
	Will you help me			down those notices?
	You should			up some kind of sport to keep fit.
_				
3.	Unfortunately, I			on weight during my holiday.
	The employees have			in for a pay rise.
	Don't be			off by his clothes. He's really very nice.
	She			forward her proposal at the meeting.
	I try to			by a little money each week.
	l just can't			up with these arguments any longer!
4.	The weather didn't			out too bad after all.
••	We'll have to			back. The road's blocked.
	Can I			on the TV and watch the film?
	He didn't			up although he'd promised to come.
	Who else could l			to for help?
	They usually			down any applicants who are over forty.
	They usuany		•	down any applicants who are over forty.
5.	That box might			in useful one day.
	He expects to			into a lot of money very soon.
	The subject didn't			up in the course of our discussion.
	They			across as really nice people, don't they.
	Have you			up with a solution to our problem?
	Will the stain			out if I wash it?

Now underline all the particles.

# **Business** – 1

		ach sentence rb once only.		t form of one c	of the verbs below.
		bring out build up	close down cut back	go ahead put forward	
1.	Business w	vas so bad that t	hey had to	two fa	actories.
2.	1	my pr	oposal at the meet	ing but it was rejec	cted.
3.	Next year v		se	veral new product	s but at the moment we're
4.	Decisions v	would no longer	be made locally if	a big multi-nationa	alour
5.	It was final	lly decided that t	he scheme should	***************************************	but with a few changes.
6.	It took hard	d work to	this co	ompany from noth	ing to what it is today.
7.	Until we ge	et some new ord	lers we'll have to	•••••	production.
. 8.	Before I co	me to a decision	ı l'll have to	their	offer very carefully.
N	bı		plan ahead run through	sell out set up	take off take up
1.	We can't d	epend on just or	ne type of product t	o be successful. W	e need to
2.					other one in his wife's
3.			nings I'm not quite tails of our agreem		we just
4.			blicity all copies of had to order some		1
5.		don't seem able n your head offic		oblem so I'll have t	to this matter
6.	Because of production		rike, supplies	and	d we had to stop
7.	After it was	s recommended	on television, sales	of the shampoo r	eally
8.		ady thinking abo		lling in five years'	time. In this business it's

## Business - 2

Match an item on the left with an item on the right. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes provided.

A the company because we can't pay our debts. 1. bring forward the components we need to repair the car. 2. carry out

3. draw up our supplier to chase the order.

production to meet increased demand.

the meeting from Friday to Wednesday. 5. run out of

the contract and send you a copy. 6. step up

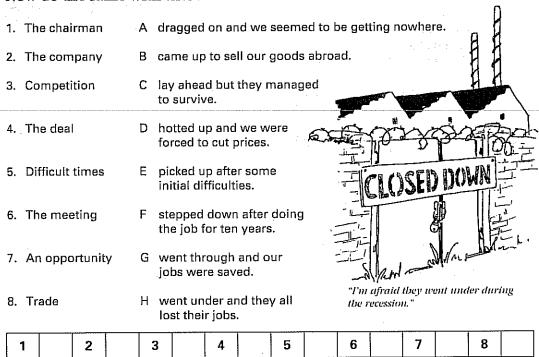
7. wind up G the pros and cons before deciding.

8. weigh up H a survey into people's leisure activities.

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			ŀ	1		l	l	1	 i	i	

#### 2 Now do the same with these items:

4. ring up



Test yourself by covering one of the columns and trying to remember the other part.

## Work

Choc	se the cor	rect alte	rnative to	complete	e each sentence.	
1.	As business	was bad, t	they had to	***************************************	some of their staf	f.
	A put down					

- The workers decided to ...... until their demands were met.
   A stand up B lie behind C sit in D sleep out
- How are you ...... in your new post?
   A getting on B going along
   C getting down D coming by
- The union threatened to ......
  the workers on strike.
  A call out B ask up
  C hear out D see down



"I'm always snowed under in the middle of summer!"

- The staff ...... in support of their pay claim.
   A fell off B walked out C kept back D turned off
- If orders keep coming in like this, I'll have to ...... more staff.
   A give up B add in C gain on D take on
- His assistant had to ...... for him the last time he was ill.
   A stand down B keep on C take on D fill in
- 12. Once again poor Colin has been ...... for promotion.

  A stood by B passed over C locked out D struck off
- 13. If my working conditions don't improve, I'll ...... my notice.

  A give up B fire off C hand in D give out
- 14. We're looking for someone who can ...... with the rest of our team.

  A get up B fit in C act up D work off

# **Technology and Computing**

1	Complete each se	nly.	•	
	cut out filter out	go through read off	stand up to strip down	top up wire up
	1. This water pump l	has a special device on it to	) a	ny impurities.
	2. Something was w part.	rong with the engine so we	9it	and examined each
	3. No wonder the fri	dge didn't work. You hadn'	't tl	he plug correctly.
	These machines n treatment.	eed to be solid. They have	to	a lot of rough
	5. The only maintena	ance that is required is to	the	oil if it gets a bit low.
		rt up the drilling machine v ent any accidents.	ve have to	a strict safety
	7. The operator mon gauges.	itors the pressure by	the mea	surements on these
	8. The engine kept	and the	n starting again a few s	econds later.
2		with these verbs. The		
2	Now do the same back u print o	with these verbs. The	sentences are to d set up sift through	o with computing. take up work out
2	Now do the same  back u print o	with these verbs. The p put down to out run out of	sentences are to d set up sift through satisfied, you can	take up work out
2	Now do the same  back uprint of  1. Check your work of  2. If the printer more.	with these verbs. The  p put down to  put run out of  on the screen. Once you're	sentences are to d set up sift through satisfied, you can	take up work out a copy. at you need some
2	Now do the same  back uprint of  1. Check your work of  2. If the printer more.  3. First you	with these verbs. The  p put down to  put run out of  on the screen. Once you're  paper, a wa  your database a  puter a command and it wi	sentences are to d set up sift through satisfied, you can rning light indicates th	take up work out a copy. at you need some
2	Now do the same  back uprint of  1. Check your work of  2. If the printer more.  3. First you	with these verbs. The  p put down to  put run out of  on the screen. Once you're  paper, a wa  your database a  puter a command and it wi	set up sift through satisfied, you can rning light indicates th	take up work out a copy. at you need some our clients' records. he data for you until it
2	Now do the same  back uprint of  1. Check your work of  2. If the printer more.  3. First you	with these verbs. The put down to put run out of on the screen. Once you're paper, a wall your database a couter a command and it will ion you need.	set up sift through satisfied, you can rning light indicates the	take up work out a copy. at you need some our clients' records. he data for you until it
2	Dack uprint of the same  1. Check your work of the printer	with these verbs. The  p put down to  put run out of  on the screen. Once you're  paper, a wa  under a command and it wi ion you need.  as nobody's fault but we many experts' at head office.	set up sift through satisfied, you can rning light indicates the and then you type in you the indicates the set of the set o	take up work out a copy. at you need some our clients' records. he data for you until it ad programming on

## **Travel and Transport**

Choose the correct alternative to complete each sentence. 1. The plane should have ...... at eleven o'clock but it was delayed. A set up B taken off C let on D opened out 2. The details of cancellation charges are ...... in the table below. A held in Badded up C set out D written up We finally ...... on our journey at two o'clock in the afternoon. A set off B went out C came up D got about I have to ...... at the airport two hours before departure. A check up B set down C sign on D check in 5. We got to the stop just as the coach was ...... A taking off B making out C settling down D pulling away Why don't you ..... in Oxford on the way home? A stop off B take in C pass through D draw up I went ashore at most of the ports we ...... on our cruise. A pulled up B came about C put into D drew up The road had ...... and driving conditions were terrible. A slipped up B iced over C gummed up D splashed down As the aircraft ..... one of the wheels came off. A tripped up B put off C ran down D touched down 10. While Adam was cycling home, he was ..... by a lorry. A driven out B speeded up C flown into D run down We decided to ..... in Athens for a few days on our way home. "Thank goodness I was able to slam on the brakes in time!" A stop over B put up C set up D close down Suddenly a taxi ...... and an important-looking official got out. A drew up B called by C levelled out D stopped out Our car ...... just as we were crossing the bridge. A came out B broke down C cut back D shut down A boy ran out into the road, but the driver ......his brakes just in time.

A brought down B put in C sent out D slammed on

# **Health and Fitness**

- Match an item on the left with an item on the right. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.
  - 1. come out in A your arm so you won't be able to use it.
  - 2. get over B your muscles with these simple exercises.
  - 3. put on C the operation and start work again.
  - 4. strap up D a prescription for the patient.
  - 5. take out E a sport to keep fit.
  - 6. take up F a rash all over my chest.
  - 7. tone up G weight if you eat such sweet food.
  - 8. write out H my wisdom teeth if they hurt too much.

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### 2 Now do the same with these items:

- 1. The anaesthetic A cleared up when I took the antibiotics.
- 2. My ankle B fell out because he was so worried.
- 3. His hair C healed up but there's still a small scar.
- 4. The infection D pulled through because she'd been looked after so well.
- 5. The patient E settled down but I decided not to
- eat for a while.
- 6. My stomach F shot up as the fever got worse.
- 7. Her temperature G swelled up and I couldn't put my shoe on.

"My bair is falling out with worry."

8. The wound H wore off but he felt very strange when he woke up.

1		2		3	4	5	6	7	8	
	1		L		 					<u> </u>

Test yourself by covering one of the columns.

# **Sport and Leisure – 1**

## Choose the correct alternative to complete each sentence.

1.	The team spent some time in preparation for the match.  A running away B warming up C doing in D winning through
2.	The champion had a crowd of supporters to
3.	The pond and the villagers were able to skate on it.  A caved in <b>B</b> stretched out <b>C</b> snowed off <b>D</b> froze over
4.	I want to get the garden tidy before winter
5.	Some supporters were
6.	The show is so popular that it's for weeks ahead.  A put out B checked in C booked up D shut down
7.	The committee want us to the entertainment for the social evening.  A lay on B sit on C put down D settle down
8.	It was such a bad foul that the referee  A cut him up B sent him off C did him up D used him up
9.	If the rain we might still be able to play the match.  A eases up B sets off
0.	C hots up D fires away  The band
1.	When the applause had the star of the show said a few words.  A stepped forward B gone out C played through D died down
2.	I had to keep new things for the children to do during their holiday. They got bored so easily!  A dreaming up B running down C acting up D passing through
3.	Maggie's been her game and you can see a definite improvement.  A sitting for B working on C checking in D trying on
4.	The match was and will be played next Wednesday.  A pelted down B poured out C rained off D seen through

## Sport and Leisure – 2

- Match an item on the left with an item on the right. Use each item once only. Write your answers in the boxes.
  - Many cinemas A blared out and we couldn't hear ourselves speak.
  - 2. The curtain B caught on and soon everyone was doing it.
  - 3. The dance C closed down when television became popular.
  - 4. The golfers D fell off when another club opened.
  - 5. Membership E teed off but both played terrible shots.
  - 6. The music F tuned up and waited for the conductor to arrive.
  - 7. The musicians G played off to decide third place.
  - 8. The two teams H came down and the booing began!

1 2 3 4 5 6	7	8

- 2 Now do the same with these items:
  - 1. carry off A the committee and help to make decisions.
  - 2. plant out B this dance because my feet are killing me.
  - 3. play through C a hobby to help you relax after work.

  - 4. put on D this tune once and then you try to
  - sing it.
  - 5. sit on E the prize for the most beautiful garden.
  - 6. sit out F the seedlings when they're big enough.
  - 7. soak up G a show twice a year.
  - 8. take up H the sun as you lie on the beach.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Test yourself by covering over one of the columns.

"Soaking up the sun."

## Feelings and Emotions – 1

## Choose the correct alternative to complete each sentence. They were ...... with excitement at the thought of seeing the sea. 1. A acting out B bubbling over C jumping on D sweeping away What made Wayne so angry? He ...... with a face as black as thunder! A rained off B stormed out C snowed under D iced over The crowd seemed very unenthusiastic so the MC tried to ...... some excitement. A beat out B strike up C whip up D hit on Miles had a lot of emotional problems but we managed to .................. A lay him off B straighten him out C send him up D find him out When the children saw the ice-cream stall, their eyes ...... A cheered up B cried out C revolved around D lit up We were so upset that we could hardly ...... the tears. A hold back B keep off C set off D step down You know they're only trying to make you lose your temper! .....! A Simmer down B Eat away C Work out D Tuck in Derek was so angry at the news that he ...... the phone and rushed out of the room. A called up B hung on C slammed down D rang off Stewart will soon change his mind. I know how to ......him. A tell on B pick through C centre on D get round 10. Nicole's been in a mood for days now. I wished she'd ...... it. A snap out of B mess about with C look down on D show through We don't usually act like that. We got ...... by the excitement of the 11. A moved on B strung up C pointed out D carried away 12. The smell of hot buttered toast ...... me back to my childhood. A holds B takes C gives D sets Marcia's dog was killed by a car and it took her some time to ...... the shock. A get over B do without C come round D fill out When Nancy saw the mess the burglar had left, she ...... in tears.

A went under B came apart C wiped off D broke down

# Feelings and Emotions – 2

CHO	ose the correct alternative to complete each sentence.
1.	When Helen and Andrew saw how ridiculous they looked they
2.	When he saw her with John, Jack anger.  A showed up B bristled with C pricked with D brushed with
3.	Christine felt that she was among friends so shea little.  A looked up B melted away C opened up D screwed up
4.	Sonja and Shirley haven't spoken to each other since they
5.	I hate Joan Clifford! One day I'll for all the pain she's caused!  A sound her out B show her off C tell her apart D pay her back
6.	Eva doesn't care what she says. People are often
7.	Ben's so unlucky in love. Why does he  the type of woman who brings trouble?  A catch on B fall for C put before D set out
8.	When Howard saw the broken window, he
9.	Terry's quite nice really. Don't beby his appearance.
	A checked off B put off C set on D taken over
10.	Molly just couldn't cope with his moods any more so they
11.	Roy got very emotional. I don't know whathim.  A went under B sawed through C got out of D came over
12.	Yvonne didn't know what to do. She was
13.	Bill and Ted each other straightaway and became firm friends.  A took after B held together C took to D let in
14.	I try to be friendly but I find it hard to some of my younger colleagues.  A get up to B come up with C get on with D get by on

# Law and Order – 1

Cho	ose the best alternative to complete the sentence.
1.	When Bruce the judge, he continued to protest that he was innocent.  A argued out B came before C saw to D swore by
2.	Some of the people on the march were trying to trouble.  A egg on B fill up C stir up D toughen up
3.	We had to pay a lot of money in damages after the verdict us.  A came up against B delivered up C threw off D went against
4.	When I returned, I found my car had been by the police.  A fitted up B gathered up C taken after D towed away
5.	From the witnesses' stories we managed to
6.	With a smart lawyer you mightjust a fine.  A get away with B get down to C go in for D do away with
7.	Lesley's being very secretive. I'm sure she's something dishonest.  A carried forward B fallen out with C mixed up in D joined up
8.	The police arrested several well-known criminals after
9.	For the third time this year the bank has been
10.	The prisoners their cells and climbed on the roof.  A came in on B broke out of C got away with D went out on
11.	The police will have to security for the President's visit.  A loosen up B tie down C tighten up D weed out
12.	Many people were wounded after the terrorists started with machine guns.  A blazing away B falling off C shouting out D whipping out
13.	We haveour inquiries after receiving new information.  A added up B enlarged on C pushed around D stepped up
14.	Mark's been for questioning about a series of muggings.  A joined in B joined up C spoken for D taken in

# Law and Order – 2

## Choose the best alternative to complete the sentence.

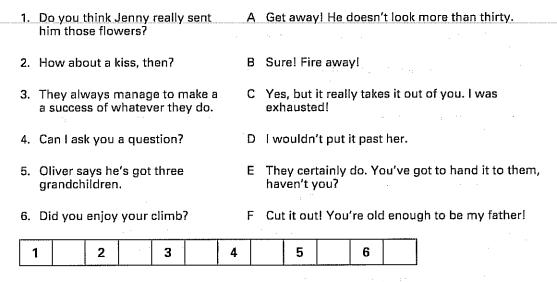
1.	By the way the judge, you could see he thought they were guilty.  A measured up B pointed out C summed up D weighed against
2.	The police don't think they'll ever all the missing money.  A find for B put down to C rip off D track down
3.	The prisoner's been in a cell for 4 days so he may be more willing to talk.  A cooped up B put through C sent up D tidied away
4.	The house was and some valuable paintings were stolen.  A broken into B slipped up C stolen away D worked at
5.	Instead of the crooks, the guards just stood around in a daze.  A blasting off B coming up with C going after D pulling on
6.	If we this robbery, we'll be rich beyond our wildest dreams.  A do away with B hold up C pull off D settle down
7.	A man the robber's description was seen leaving the station.  A answering to B looking on C seeing to D sticking with
8.	You must tell the police what you know! information is a criminal offence.  A Answering back B Holding back C Putting forward D Setting up
9.	One of the gangthe others. How else could the police have known?  A covered up B ganged up on C informed on D spoke out
10.	We were holding up the traffic so the policeman told us to
11.	The judgement was and she was able to return to her family.  A put away B set aside C taken aback D worn out
12.	June won't be going to prison. The judge with just a caution this time.  A let her off B picked her up C set her up D turned her down
13.	The police are
14.	We're sure these people are guilty but we can't them without proof.  A act on B lean over C lock in on D proceed against

## **Colloquial Expressions – 1**

1 Match one half of the dialogue on the left with its response on the right. Use each half once only. Write your answers in the boxes.

### Come off it! It's not that difficult! Only a genius can do this exercise! A Are you sure she wasn't putting it on? 1. Well, the thing is ... I don't quite know how to put this. B That must have set you back a bit! 2. I hear you aren't going out with Bill any more. 3. We stayed at the best hotel C He really lays it on a bit thick, doesn't he? in town. D Come on. Spit it out. I won't get annoyed. 4. Ryan says she's the most beautiful girl he's ever seen. 5. How did he react when he E That's right. We just didn't hit it off. failed his driving test? 6. Lorraine sounded very ill. He was really cut up about it. 2

2 Now do the same with these dialogues:



Now underline all the phrasal verbs.

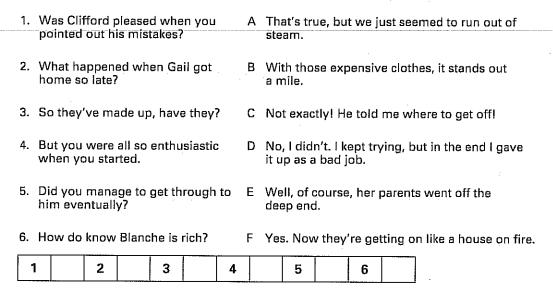
## **Colloquial Expressions – 2**

Match one half of the dialogue on the left with the other half on the right. Write your answers in the boxes.

W	hat hap	pen	ed w	hen t	he b	rick	hit	t hin	n?.			He v	vent	out	like	a lig	ht.
1.	The scenery was magnificent, wasn't it?				Α		put o s upsi		ave fa	ce, bu	t you	coul	d see	he			
2.	Those children are making a terrible noise!				В	He'l	He'll come down on me like a ton of bricks.										
3.	What will happen when the boss finds out about the mix-up?				С	lf sh	If she does, they'll soon cut her down to size.										
4.	What was the midnight movie like?				D	The	y're d	only le	etting	off ste	am.						
	5. Do you think Martha will try to boss them around?				Е	Rea	lly te	rrifyin	g. It s	cared	the pa	ints (	off m	e!			
6. How did he react when she walked F It certainly was. It took my breath away. out on him?																	
		2		3		4			5		6				:		

## Now do the same with these dialogues:

What happened when the brick hit him?



Now underline all the phrasal verbs.

Complete each pair of sentences by using one verb and one noun from the list below.

	break down break out burst out clean up drop out	breakdown outbreak outburst clean-up drop-out	hold up print out stand in take off warm up	hold-up print-out stand-in take-off warm-up	
1.	Press that key and the co	omputer will	the figur	es you need.	
	Press that key and you'l	l get a	of the figures yo	ou need.	
2.	We do stretching exercis	ses to t	efore starting t	he work-out.	
	We do stretching exerci-	ses as a	. before starting	the work-out.	
	Theywearing odd socks.	laughing when they saw	Len was		
	There was an of laughter when they saw Len was wearing odd socks.				
4.	While the robbers were someone sounded the a	the ba alarm.	nk,		
	During the	, someone sounded	the alarm.		
5.	Because of all the stress and had to go into hosp	s Silvia sital.			
	Because of the stress Si and went into hospital.	lvia had a nervous	***************************************	"We all burst out laughing at his socks!"	
6	You aren't allowed to sr	moke while the plane is		III DIS SULKS:	
	You aren't allowed to sr	moke during	••••••		
7.	Those who	of university were	ooked down or	by the others.	
	Any university	were looked do	wn on by the of	ther students.	
8.	The fighting	soon after the ass	assination atter	npt.	
	There was an	of fighting soon	after the assass	ination attempt.	
9.	The star has someone v	vho for	him in any dan	gerous scenes.	
	The star of the film has	a for a	ny dangerous s	cenes.	
10.	.This room is in a mess.	You should it	and get	rid of all the rubbish.	
	This room is in a mess.	It needs a good			

It will help you to understand and remember these nouns more easily if you learn them together with the original phrasal verb, where possible.

Complete each pair of sentences by using a verb and a noun from the list below.

	bring up build up check in pass by shut down	upbringing build-up check-in passer-by shut-down	stand by stop over stow away take over walk out	stand-by stopover stowaway takeover walk-out	
1.	They had to	the power	station to prevent an	y leak of radioactivity.	
	He ordered an immed	liate	to prevent any lea	k of radioactivity.	
2.	Her parents	Ethel to ki	now the difference be	tween right and wrong.	
	As a result of her right and wrong.	, Ethe	I has strong sense of	the difference between	
3.	The gas	and we were a	afraid there would be	an explosion.	
	There was a	of gas and	d we were afraid there	would be an explosion	١.
4.	As the flight is so long	g, why not	in Singapor	e for a while?	
	As the flight is so long	g, why not make a	in S	ingapore?	
5.	After the firm was	sev	eral employees lost tl	neir jobs.	
	After the	, several empl	oyees lost their jobs.		
6.	A nurse was				
	One of the	was a nurse	e, and she gave first a	id.	
7.	One person had board	ded the ship in Cairo	and	amongst the cargo.	
	Α	had boarded the ship	o in Cairo and hidden	amongst the cargo.	
8.	We need you to	so you	ı can fill in if someone	doesn't turn up.	
	We need you on	so you	u can fill in if someon	e doesn't turn up.	
9.	The employees	in prote	est against the poor v	vorking conditions.	
	There was a	in protest	against the poor wor	king conditions.	
10.	You have to	at the airp	ort two hours before	the plane leaves.	
	is	two hours before the	e plane leaves.		

Don't forget that the plural of passer-by is passers-by!

Complete each pair of sentences by using one verb and one noun from the list below.

	get away get together go ahead hand over lay out	getaway get-together go-ahead hand-over layout	look on slip up slow down tail back tell off	onlooker slip-up slowdown tailback telling-off
1.	The crooks	from the polic	e in a helicopter.	
	The crooks made the	eir in a	a helicopter.	
2.	We're worried about new government.	t violence when the army	generals	power to the
	We're worried about government.	t violence during the	of po	ower to the new
3.	The garden has been	n in th	is way to provide a	cess for the disabled.
	The	has been designed to	provide access for t	he disabled.
4.	Unfortunately, outpo	ut has	recently because of	illness.
	Unfortunately, there	has been a	in output rec	ently.
5.	The person making	the arrangements had	so	l missed my flight.
	There was a	in the arrang	gements so I missed	my flight.
6.	The people who wer	re che	ered as they saw Ar	ine being rescued from
	The	cheered as they saw .	Anne being rescued	from the sea.
7.	The boss said we co	oulda	nd order the new ph	otocopier.
	We got thenew photocopier.	from the boss	to order the	
8.	Last night we the party.	at my house	e to plan	
	Last night we had a plan the party.	at m	y house to	
9.	His aunt much noise.	Hugh for making	g so	
	She gave Hugh a much noise.	for mak	ing so	

"I've never seen a tailback like it!"

There was a 3-mile ...... of traffic on the motorway.

10. Last weekend the traffic ...... for 3 miles

on the motorway.

In the second sentence of each pair, notice the verb which makes the partnership with the phrasal verb noun: **get** the go-ahead, **have** a get-together.

Complete each pair of sentences by using one verb and one noun from the list below.

lay out

outlay

blackout

black out

	change over change-over tip off tip-off kick off kick-off turn out turn-out knock out knock-out wash up washing-up rise up uprising work out work-out							
1.	The champion his opponent in the second round.							
	It's a and the champ wins in the second round!							
2.	Last night's power cut most of the city.							
	Last night's power cut caused a in most of the city.							
3.	There were a few problems when we from the old to the new system of issuing library books.							
	There were a few problems during the to the new system.							
4.	Someone had the police about the robbery and they were waiting for the thieves.							
	The police had received a about the robbery.							
5.	If you, I'll dry.							
	If you do the, I'll dry.							
6.	The President was forced to leave the country when the people against the government.							
	There was an by the people against the government.							
7.	Soon after our team had they scored the first goal.							
	Soon after the our team scored the first goal.							
8.	We have over £100,000 on television advertising.							
	The on television advertising has been over £100,000.							
9.	I keep fit by in the gym every day.							
	To keep fit I have a in the gym every day.							
10	. Not many people to see the procession. "Our daily work-out."							
	There wasn't much of a to see the procession							

build up

# Phrasal Verb Adjectives – 1

Complete each pair of sentences by using one verb and one adjective from the list below.

run away

runaway

built-up

	cut off knock down make up roll up	cut-off knockdown made-up rolled-up	stand out tense up throw away wear out	outstanding tensed-up throwaway worn out
1.	The fly was annoying hi	m so he	a newspaper and	tried to hit it.
	The fly was annoying hi	m so he tried to hit it v	vith a	newspaper.
2.	Gwen was wearing a pa	ir of jeans which she h	ıad j	ust above the knee.
	Gwen was wearing a pa	ir of	jeans.	
3.	We couldn't control the	bull, which	and headed fo	r the main road.
	There was panic as the .	bu	ll headed for the main ro	oad.
4.	We ought to recycle thin	ngs we use, not	them	
	We live in a	society. There	are so many things we	could re-use.
5.	Dee's one of the best. Si century.	ņe	. as one of the great acti	esses of this
	Dee's fantastic – one of	the	actresses of this centu	ry.
6.	Relax. Try not to	so much.		
	You're all		e e	
7.	I wasn't taken in. He'd o that story.	bviously		
	I wasn't taken in by wha		/_/	
٥	stor Why does jogging leave	•		V/WY II
Ο.	me	?		Serving Contraction
	Why are you full of ener	gy after jogging while	I'm so	
9.	There's nowhere for chil		area's "Abso	lutely worn-out!"
	There's nowhere for chil	ldren to play in a	area like	this.
10	After some bargaining I by ten pounds.	managed to	the price of th	ne chair
	I did some bargaining a	nd bought this chair at	а р	orice.

As with the nouns, it is a good idea to learn these adjectives together with their

The adjectives on this page are more common than the verbs. Notice in No. 2

cut-off jeans can also be called cut-down jeans.

original verb.

# Phrasal Verb Adjectives - 2

Complete each pair of sentences by using one verb and one adjective from the list below.

	break away come in knock out pick up put off	breakaway incoming knockout pick-up off-putting	sit down speak out start up tire out touch up	sit-down outspoken start-up tired out touched-up			
1.	<del>-</del>			know when she would arrive.			
	Most of the	flights were l	ate because of a	strike.			
2.	One group disagreed	with the leader,	an	d formed their own party.			
	One group, who disag	greed with the leader, fo	ormed a	party.			
3.	The protestors	in the mid	ldle of the road a	and refused to move.			
	They staged a	protest in	the middle of the	e road.			
4.	Percy hopes someone	e will lend him the capit	al to	his business.			
	Percy hopes someone	e will lend him the	C	apital for his business.			
5.		the photo of the note of the north much younger.	18				
	The President is mucl clearly a	h older then this! This is photo!					
6.	ir		4//1				
		competition and get past the first round.					
7.	I fell down so many ti holiday that it going on one again.	mes on my skiing meever	Pan.				
	After such an I'll never go on a skiir	experience ng holiday again!	, ·	'An off-putting experience!"			
8.	The coach kept stopp	ing on the way to the po	ort to	passengers.			
	There were several	points	s on the way to t	he port.			
9.	It looks as if doing all	that hard work has real	ly	John			
	John looks really	after do	ing all that hard	work.			
10.	Barbara wasn't afraid	to	and criticise gov	ernment policy.			
	Barbara was an	critic of g	overnment polic	<b>cy.</b>			
Tb	be adjectives on this page are more common than the verbs.						

# Opposites – 1

Complete each pair of sentences by using two phrasal verbs that are opposite in meaning. Choose from the pairs of verbs listed below.

lo pa pu	ock out ok down on iss out it back t out	bring round look up to come to bring forward get back	slow down stand up stay in switch on turn up	speed up sit down go out switch off turn down			
1.	I can't hear what si	he's saying. Can you	the volume?	?			
	I'm not deaf! Pleas	se the volume	a bit!				
2.	The room was so s	stuffy that Paul	•••••••••				
	Paul was unconsci	ous for at least ten minutes	before he	****** *			
3.	I can't go dancing	every night! I'm going to	tonight a	and watch TV.			
	Watching TV is bor	ring! Let's	for a change and see a	film, or something.			
4.	lt's a very early sta	rt. We c	on our excursion at seven	o'clock.			
	Don't wait up for n	ne. I won't	from the excursion unt	il midnight.			
5.	Sharon wanted to	listen to the news so she	the radio	<b>)</b> ,			
	The programme wasn't very good so Tracy the radio.						
6.	The punch was so	powerful that it	Frank for five mi	nutes.			
	They tried everythi	ing_they_knew_to	the boxer	·			
7.	We saw the car	and almos	et come to a stop.				
	The car began to	and was	soon going too fast to foll	ow.			
8.	They were such sn inferior school.	obs! They	anyone they thought h	ad come from an			
	I thought Kirk was him.	marvellous. I	him as my hero and	tried to be like			
9.	The meeting's goir from the 15th to th	ng to be later than originally ne 18th.	planned. They've	it			
	The meeting's goir from the 18th to th	ng to be earlier than origina ne 15th.	lly planned. They've	it			
10	. The band played th	he national anthem and eve	ryone in the audience				
	This is the most co	omfortable chair, I think. Plea	ase,				

# Opposites – 2

As in the previous exercise, complete each pair of sentences by using two phrasal verbs from the list below.

co bu	eak up iild up me on unt in art out	die down go off count out end up	take down take off take off talk out of	put back put on touch down talk into				
1.	If the temperate	ure is too low, the heating	automat	ically.				
	If the temperate	ure is too high, the heating	automat	ically .				
2.		ald's books are famous all over to keep the children amused.	the world but they	as				
		inally children's bedtime storie computer games.	s but they have	as books,				
3.	There was a big	g increase in orders and we had	J to	production.				
	There was a sh	There was a sharp decrease in orders so we decided to production.						
4.	You're soaking bath.	wet! Now,	those wet clothes	and get into the				
	You aren't wea	ring your slippers!	them or your fe	et will get cold.				
5.	Duncan's deter	mined to marry her and you'll r	never him .	it.				
	Bob's determin	ned not to sing in the concert an	nd you'll never	him it.				
6.	The plane	and soon disap	peared behind the clouds	s.				
	The plane	safely and all th	e passengers got out.					
7.	Linda locked th	e door andthe ca	ash box from the	top shelf.				
	Linda took som	ne coins out of the box and	it on the	e shelf.				
8.	As the audience	e waited for the star, the excite	ment	. in the theatre.				
	Edwina would	only start her speech after the r	noise had	••••••				
9.	Sure! I'd love to	o help with the show!	me!					
	I think it's a cra	zy idea. I want nothing to do w	ith it! me	1				
10.	. Only a few day	s of school left. The pupils	for the h	olidays next week.				
	The vacation w	rill soon be over. The students .	to co	illege on Monday.				

## Test 1

## Choose the correct alternative to complete each sentence. I must go on a diet. I ...... a lot of weight while I was on holiday. A held up B put on C settled down D weighed up We were ...... when we saw how much he had changed. A barged in B pulled out C taken aback D whipped up 3. So you've passed your driving test! This ...... a celebration! A bursts into B calls for C looks after D takes after I try to be friendly but it's hard to ...... some of my colleagues. A come up with B get by C get on with D speak out 5. I'd better take one of my pills. I think I've got a headache ...... A catching up B coming on C dying down D winding up The plane ..... and was soon flying high over the town. A clouded over B fired away C piled up D took off 7. After he was knocked out, it took a long time to ...... A bring him round B fit him in C keep him in D let him off What do the initials LTP .....? 8. A build up B stand for C take over D turn out A mix them up B take them apart C tell them apart D set them up 10. One of them was injured so the team had to ...... the competition. A back away from B drop out of C get back at D get behind with 11. That's not the way to solve the problem. You're ......it the wrong way. A coming across B going about C taking over D turning on 12. Suddenly the fire alarm ...... and everyone had to leave the building. A got around B set off C shot up D went off 13. She's so depressed. All these problems are really ....... A getting her down B getting round her C taking her on D toning her down

14. He ...... as a quiet, thoughtful person.

A crossed out B gave in C pulled out D shot up

A bubbles over B catches on C comes across D puts through

16. A car suddenly ...... in front of me and I couldn't stop in time.

15. I'm not going – so don't try to ...... me ....... going!
A speak ... to B talk ... into C tell ... into D talk ... out of

Complete each partnership by inserting the missing verb. The list of verbs to choose from is at the bottom of the page but see how many questions you can answer first before you look at the list.

1	on	special make-up when I appear on stage.		
2	up	the volume if you can't hear.		
3	through	her disguise if she isn't convincing enough.		
4	across	these photos while tidying up my room.		
5	off	those thin clothes and put on something warmer.		
6	back on	the time when we lived in London.		
7	through	all that noise while everyone else was woken up.		
8	ahead with	all the improvements we've asked for.		
9	up	appearances despite all our financial problems.		
10	up with	suggestions for places to hold the conference.		
11	out in	a rash after eating tomatoes.		
12	down	the volume if it's too loud.		
13	into	the hotel before the others arrive.		
14	forward	a proposal and hope that they'll accept it.		
15	ир	any new words in a dictionary.		
16	into	tears when she heard the news.		
17	out on	all the fun if you don't come.		
18	away	the secret if they keep questioning him.		

#### Choose from these verbs:

burst check come (x3) give go keep look (x2) miss put (x2) see sleep take turn (x2)

### Choose the correct alternative to complete each sentence.

1.	We heard her in agony as she dropped the saucepan on her toe.  A boil over B cry out C let off D ring out
2.	You'll have to early if you want to avoid all the traffic.  A come apart B go about C put off D set off
3.	I was so tired that I on the sofa and went to sleep.  A dropped in B flaked off C glazed over D stretched out
4.	I had to the boss while she was away.  A move on to B put in for C stand in for D try on
5.	We're hoping to a reconciliation between the two families.  A bring about B come in for C make up D take up
	Some information has but we still don't know what exactly is going on. A dropped in <b>B</b> fallen through <b>C</b> got away <b>D</b> leaked out
7.	The road was blocked so we had to and find another route.  A check out B turn back C run through D fall off
8.	Don't worry. The pain should fairly soon.  A break out B die out C fall off D wear off
9.	The music and it was impossible to have a conversation.  A blared out B played off C turned up D set out
10	. I'm sure he'll the chance of earning some extra money!  A fall for B get at C jump at D stand for
11	. We finally managed toour point of view.  A bring her round to B fool her into C take her up on D fix her up with
12	. We'll have to an extra coach if any more people want to come.  A settle down B pull through C lay on D stand up for
13	On the day I left, the whole family at the station.  A saw me off B showed me out C stood in for me D took me up
14	Luckily, the rainso we were able to play the match.  A watered down B gave out C got away D held off
	Luckily, the rainso we were able to play the match.

Complete each partnership by inserting the missing verb. The list of verbs to choose from is at the bottom of the page but see how many questions you can answer first before you look at the list.

1	into	a lot of money when her aunt dies.		
2	back on	your promise when everyone is depending on you.		
3	on	more staff to deal with all the orders.		
4	ир	the pros and cons before deciding.		
5	up against	problems and difficulties.		
6	up to	going for a run around the park.		
7	ир	the bridge with this dynamite.		
8	forward to	seeing them again after all this time.		
9	off	the meeting to next Tuesday.		
10	up	the bank and steal a million pounds.		
11	into	decisions instead of taking your time.		
12	up	a fuss about the terrible food.		
13	you into	a secret if you promise not to tell anyone.		
14	in	the application form and then sign it.		
15	in for	a lot of criticism because of the way he acted.		
16	down	any applicants who look unsuitable.		
17	up with	that noise from the lorries going past.		
18	into	the army when he leaves school.		

#### Choose from the following verbs:

blow come (x3) feel fill go (x2) hold kick let look put (x2) rush take turn weigh

### Choose the correct alternative to complete each sentence. 1. How old is he? - He's ..... now. He must be at least ninety. A coming off B getting back C getting on D falling out 2. So she succeeded in winning the contract. How did she manage to ......? A bring it out B pull it off C throw it up D weigh it up 3. She had to ..... because someone else wanted to use the phone. A hang up B keep up C stand out D take back 4. The changes were ...... gradually so that everyone could get used to them. A come to B handed over C phased in D stood in for 5. Violence ...... and a lot of people were injured. A caught up B flared up C lifted off D turned in 6. A lot of money must have ...... that expensive-looking carpet. A added up to B gambled away C gone on D got off 7. She was so convincing that we were completely ...... by her story. A gone through B held down C taken in D told off 8. So many people were ill that we had to ..... the meeting. A call off B mix up C set down D put out 9. If you need any support, you can rely on me to ...... A back you up B face up to you C set you down D put you through 10. We ...... the old tablecloth on the ground and put the picnic things on it. A handed out B sewed on C screwed up D spread out 11. I'll just ...... a few details in case I forget something. A hand down B jot down C lapse into D look forward to 12. The meeting ...... and I got more and more bored. A dragged on B ebbed away C fell off Dswitched off 13. Your name ...... in the course of conversation. A came up B kept on C set out D turned out 14. They were so angry at his speech that they ...... in protest. A fell through B signed away C warmed up D walked out 15. I had to ...... and admit I had made a mistake. A climb down B fall down C let out D tighten up 16. It was supposed to be a private meeting but he just ......! A barged in B broke off C crowded around D whiled away

The verbs are listed in the order in which they first appear. Where 3 dots (...) are used, this means that the object must go in this position.

account for ... - explain

How do you account for their strange behaviour?

accuse ... - of say that someone has committed a crime He was accused of stealing the money.

act on ... - take action as the result of (eg advice)

We acted on your advice and took the early train.

add on ... - include in your calculations

Don't forget to add on some money for expenses.

add up to ... - result in a total of

The money owed added up to over two thousand bounds.

aim at ... - try to affect or influence certain people

This advertisement is obviously aimed at teenavers.

answer to (a description) - correspond to a description

The man we arrested answered to the crimnal's description.

approve of ... - think something is good

I don't approve of all this loud modern music,

ask for ... - make something likely to happen

You'll be asking for trouble if you criticise her work.

ask in - ask someone to come in

Don't leave your friend on the doorstep. Ask bim in!

ask out - ask someone to go out with you

I asked Sharon out but she said she had lots of homework to do.

back away - retreat, move backwards

The bank staff backed away as the gunman came nearer.

back away from ... - retreat from

The postman backed away from the angry dog. back down - no longer keep to your position in an argument

Neither party wanted to back down so the argument continued.

back out - not do as promised

The planist has backed out so I've got to find another one.

back out of ... - withdraw from (eg an agreement)

I'll back out of the agreement unless things improve.

back up - give someone help and support

My friends backed me up when I complained about the noise.

back up - make a copy of work on a computer

I always back up my work in case something happens.

bail out - (of a pilot) jump out of an acroplane in flight

The pilot managed to ball out just before the plane crashed.

barge in - rush in rudely, interrupt

Shella barged in just as the conversation was getting interesting.

batter down - keep hitting something until it falls to the ground

The firemen bad to batter down the door to get in.

be away - have gone somewhere else

Our bead of department's away on a business trip.

be down - feel depressed

He's been down ever since bis dog died.

be down - have fallen, decreased

Unfortunately, profits are down by 20 per cent.

be down with ... - have caught some kind of illness

Barry can't come to the meeting. He's down with a virus.

Competition entries must be in by the end of the week.

be in - have come into fashion

That bairstyle is definitely in at the moment.

be in - be at home

She should be in from work soon.

be in - (of the tide) be high

When the tide is in, there isn't much room on the beach.

be in on ... - be involved in something

I don't know much about it as I wasn't in on the planning.

When are you off? - At six o'clock tomorrow evening,

be off - (of food) have gone bad

Smell this cream. I think it's off.

be on - be taking place

The play is on for another three nights.

be on - be working, have been switched on

There must be someone inside. The television is on.

be out - not be at home, have left a building temporarily

The boss is out at the moment but be'll be back soon. be out of ... - no longer have any left

I'm afraid we're out of sugar at the moment.

be up - have risen

Profits are up by fifty per cent.

be up - have got out of bed to start the day

Gerry's so lazy! It's eleven o'clock and she still isn't up yet!

he up - (of time) have expired

Time's up. Please stop writing.

be up to - be doing (usually something wrong)

You're looking guilty. What have you been up to?

beat down - (of the sun) shine and be extremely hot

It was midday and the sun was beating down.

beat up - hit or kick someone and hurt them badly

The thieves beat the victim up and stole all his money.

bed down - sleep somewhere unusual

We had to bed down in the stables for the night. belong to ... - be owned by

That yacht must belong to someone really rich.

bend down - move the top of the body downwards

He bent down and picked up a piece of paper.

 $black\ out-stop\ the\ lights\ working\ (n.\ blackout)$ The power cut blacked out half the city.

blare out (of music) - he very loud

The music blared out and gave me a terrible beadache.

blaze away (of a fire) - burn fiercely

The fire blazed away and soon warmed us up,

blaze away - shoot rapidly and continuously

The terrorists blazed away with their machine guns.

blow down (of wind) - cause to fall down

The trees were blown down by the fierce wind.

blow out - extinguish (eg a candle) by blowing

Mother blew out the candle and the room went dark.

blow over (of a storm) - pass

The storm finally blew over early this morning.

blow up - destroy with an explosion

We'll need more explosives to blow up the bridge.

boil over (of a liquid) - boil and go over the top of a pan

The milk boiled over and left a terrible mess.

book up - reserve a seat (eg for the theatre)

The show was booked up weeks before it opened.

boss around - keep telling someone what to do I know what I'm doing! Stop bossing me around!

bottle up (feelings) – suppress feelings I was very angry but I tried to bottle up my feelings.

bottom out - reach the lowest point

The recession bottomed out and things began to improve.

branch out - develop in new areas This firm should branch out and develop different products.

break away - separate from a political party (adj. breakaway) Some dissidents broke away and formed their own party.

My car broke down at the traffic lights.

break down - lose control of your emotions (n. breakdown)

break down - stop working

My aunt broke down when she beard the awful news. break down - keep hitting something until it falls to the ground We had to break down the door to get in. break in - enter, using force The firemen broke in and rescued the children from the bouse. break in - interrupt a conversation Could I just break in there and make a comment? break in - enter a building in order to steal something The thieves broke in and stole all her jewellery, break in (an animal) - tame an animal It takes patience to break in wild borses. break in on ... - interrupt (eg a conversation) I bate to break in on their conversation, but it's time to go. break into ... - enter in order to steal something The thief broke into the office and stole the plans. break off - end, discontinue (eg a relationship) Tanya broke off their relationship when she went to college. break off - separate something by breaking My friend broke off a piece of chocolate and gave me some. break out - escape from prison The prisoners broke out during a rest period. break out (of fighting) - start (n. outbreak) Fighting has broken out and many people have been injured. break out of ... - escape from (eg prison) You'll never break out of this prison. It's too well guarded. break through ... - penetrate using force The crowd broke through the barriers and onto the pitch. break up (of a party, meeting) - end The party finally broke up at midnight. break up - start a school holiday The children break up for the summer boliday next week. break up - break into pieces, disintegrate The storm was so severe that the ship broke up on the rocks. breathe out - exhale Hold your breath and then breathe out slowly. bring about - cause to happen What brought about this change in attitude? bring along - bring someone with you If Sue's interested, why not bring her along to the next meeting? bring back (memories) - make you think about a past event This place brings back memories of my childhood. bring back - return something My neighbour's just brought back the tools be borrowed. bring down (the government) - cause it to lose power The opposition parties conspired to bring down the government. bring down (prices) - reduce prices We hope to get more customers by reducing prices. bring down - cause to fall to the ground Our centre forward was brought down by one of their defenders. bring forward - arrange to have (eg a meeting) earlier They've brought the meeting forward to this Saturday. bring in (money) - earn money The job brings in an extra bundred pounds a week. bring in (a verdict) - reach a verdict The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty. bring in - arrest and bring to a police station Let's bring ber in for questioning about the robbery bring ... in on - involve in a discussion etc Let's bring Bill in on our discussion. bring on - cause, lead to All the exertion brought on an attack of asthma.

bring on - train, develop We try to bring on any promising atbletes. bring out (a product) - introduce a product on to the market We're bringing out several new models next year. bring ... out in - cause (eg a rash) to appear on the body Eating strawberries brings Muriel out in a rash. bring ... round - bring back to consciousness They tried to bring Brian round after be bad fainted. bring ... round - to persuade someone to agree with you. You'll never bring ber round to your point of view. bring up - look after and educate (a child) (n. upbringing) I was brought up by my grandparents from the age of five. bring up – mention Did the manager bring up the question of finance again? bring up - bring something upstairs Could you bring up a glass of water when you come to bed? bristle (with anger) - look very angry She bristled with anger when she saw the damage. brush off - brush something until it comes off a surface Can you brush the dirt off the back of my jacket? brush up - improve your knowledge and skill I went on a course to brush up my Spanish. bubble over - be full of (excitement etc) We were bubbling over with excitement as we got on the coach. build up - get (your strength and health) back after an illness After my illness. I had to do exercises to build up my strength. build up a business - develop a business He bas built this business up into a multi-national company. build up - increase (n. build-up) If the gas keeps building up there will be an explosion. build up - cover an area in buildings (adj. built-up) They've really built up this area. All the trees have gone. bump into ... - meet by chance I bumped into an old friend in town yesterday. burn down - be completely destroyed by fire I rescued a few possessions before the bouse burned down. burst into (applause) - suddenly start applauding The audience burst into applause when the star appeared. burst into (tears) - begin (crying) suddenly Wilma burst into tears when I told ber that her cat had died. burst into (flames) - suddenly start burning I was cooking with the frying pan when it burst into flames. burst out (laughing) - suddenly start (eg laughing) (n. outburst) The crowd burst out laughing at the clown. butt in - take part in a conversation without being asked Can I just butt in bere and make a point? call ... after - give the same name as She was called Elizabeth, after her grandmother. call for ... - require This situation calls for urgent action. call for  $\dots$  – go (to a building) and collect someone My boyfriend's calling for me at balf past six. call for ... - demand People are calling for an inquiry into the accident. call in - ask (an expert) to come and do something for you We'll bave to call in a plumber to fix that leak. call in - stop at a place while on the way to somewhere else I called in on the way bome to see bow they were. call in - ask for something to be returned because of a problem The manufacturer called in those cars to check the brakes. call off - cancel They called off the match because the weather was so had. call on ... - ask, appeal to

I call on you all for your help.

call on ... - visit

Shall we call on your sister when we go to London? call out - contact someone and ask them to come and help When the fire got serious, we called out the fire brigade.

call out - speak in a load voice

When I call out your name, I want you to step forward. call out - tell workers to go on strike

When negotiations broke down, we were called out on strike. call up - phone

I would have called you up but I didn't know your number. calm down - stop being angry

Calm down! Think of your blood pressure!

camp out - sleep outside in a tent

My daughter wants to camp out in the tent tonight.

carried away - filled with emotion so that you lose control We were carried away by the rhythm of the music.

carry off (a prize) - win a prize

Alexa is so good that she's certain to carry off first prize.

carry on ... - continue

The secretaries carried on working as if nothing had happened. carry on with ... - continue (an activity)

Don't let me disturb you. Carry on with what you're doing. carry out - conduct, perform (eg a survey)

We're carrying out a survey into people's eating babits.

carry out - do (as instructed, as you have threatened etc)

The soldiers carried out their threat and attacked the town. catch on - become popular

I don't think this new bairstyle will really catch on. catch on - realise what is happening

Douglas finally caught on and realised it was all a joke.

eatch up - get to the same standard as the others

I've missed some lessons and I need to catch up,

catch up on ... - do work which should already have been done You've got all that bomework to catch up on.

catch up with ... - get to the same level

I bad to work bard to catch up with the rest of the class.

cave in (of a ceiling) - collapse

The roof leaked and the water caused the ceiling to cave in.

change over - change to a new system (n. change-over)

We changed over to the new filing system last year.

charge ... with - formally accuse of

The man we'd arrested was charged with burglary.

check in - register at a hotel or airport (n. check-in)

If you check in early, you'll be sure of a window seat.

check into ... - register at a hotel or airport

We finally checked into our botel at ten o'clock.

check out (of a hotel) - pay the bill and leave a hotel

We have to check out by eleven at the latest.

cheer on - encourage by cheering

The crowd cheered the runner on as he struggled to finish.

cheer up - become less miserable

Cheer up! Things can't be that bad!

chop down - cut (eg a tree) with an axe until it falls to the ground

The tree was diseased so we had to chop it down.

clean out - remove unwanted articles and clean thoroughly I found these books while I was cleaning out the cupboard,

clean up - clean thoroughly (n. clean-up)

This room is a mess! When are you going to clean it up?

clear away - remove things you have been using

Please clear away your books so I can lay the table.

clear off - go away (impolite)

Clear off! We don't want people like you around bere!

clear out - tidy and throw away things no longer needed

I'm going to clear out my cupboard to make more storage space.

clear up - tidy, put in order

We'll bave to clear up this mess before the vistors arrive.

clear up (of an infection) - disappear

The antibiotics will help the infection to clear up.

climb down - admit you were wrong

Her boss bad to climb down and admit be bad misjudged ber.

close down - close permanently

If business doesn't improve, we'll bare to close down a factory,

cloud over (of the sky) - be covered in clouds

It's clouding over. It looks as if it's going to rain.

come across ... - find by chance

I was lucky. I came across this vase in a second-band shop.

come across - give the impression of being

The new teacher comes across as a very nervous person.

come apart - break into pieces

This model just came apart when I picked it up.

come before ... - come to a court and face (eg a judge)

When you come before the judge, I advise you to plead guilty.

come down (of rain etc) - fall

The children sat by the window, watching the rain coming down. come down - come from the north, or from the town to the country

Why don't you come down and see us some time?

come down – reach a decision

The committee of enquiry came down against the motorway.

come down on ... - criticise severely

The porter came down on me like a ton of bricks for losing the key.

come forward with ... - give ideas or information

We want the public to come forward with any information.

come from ... - have as your country or place of origin

I come from Perth, in Australia.

come in (useful) - prove to be useful

This box might come in useful one day.

come in (of news) - be received

News bas just come in of a fire at Heatbrow Airport.

come in ... – be placed in a race
Unfortunately, I came in last in the race.

come in (of a flight) - arrive at an airport (adj. incoming)

Our relatives' flight finally came in ten bours late.

come in (for criticism) - be criticised

Her new TV programme has come in for a lot of criticism.

come in - (of the tide) be high

This beach is completely covered when the tide comes in.

come into ... - inherit

Darren will come into a lot of money when his grandfather dies.

come into use - start being used

The new system came into use last mouth,

come into ... - be relevant

Money doesn't come into it. It's not at all important.

come off - become unstuck

The poster came off so I had to stick it on again.

come off (of players) - leave the place where a game is being played

The match was stopped and the players had to come off.

Come off it! - "I don't believe you!"

Come off it! He's at least fifty! Don't talk such rubbish!

come on (of an illness) - start

I think I've got a cold coming on.

come on - an expression used to encourage someone

Come on! Don't be frightened! You can do it!

come on (of electrical equipment) - start

The beating comes on at five in the morning. come on - appear on the stage

I only come on at the end of the play. come out (of a stain) - disappear

This stuff should make the stain come out.

come out (of a secret) - be revealed

When the story of his secret life came out we were all shocked. come out (of a book or film) – be available to the public His new film comes out next month. come out (of the sun) - appear in the sky The clouds went away and the sun came out. come out - leave a room or building The school bell rang and all the pupils came out. come out in ... - have (eg spots) on your body I came out in a terrible rash after eating those berries. come out with ... - come with other people to the cinema etc Sandra's got some work so she can't come out with us tonight, come over ... - affect I suddenly started trembling. I don't know what came over me. come round - regain consciousness She took ages to come round after she'd fainted. come through (of a message) - arrive A message bas just come through from beadquarters. come to ... - be necessary, be a question of When it comes to doing the ironing, I'm bopeless. come to - recover consciousness I was in a coma for ten days when I finally came to. come up (of the sun) - rise We left early in the morning as the sun was coming up. come up - come near to A man came up and asked the way to the station. come up - be mentioned Your name came up in the course of conversation. come un - acise, annear An opportunity for extra work bas come up. come up against ... – he faced by We came up against many problems when we built our bouse. come up to expectations - reach the level expected Unfortunately, the boliday didn't come up to expectations. come up with ... - think of (eg a solution) Even the experts can't come up with the answer to our problem. confuse ... with - not be able to tell the difference You're confusing me with my brother, who's also a doctor. cool down - become cooler The soup's too bot. I'll leave it to cool down. coop up - keep in a confined place The prisoners are cooped up in their cells for 23 hours a day. copy down - write a copy of Please copy down what I've written on the board. cordon off - erect barriers to restrict movement The police cordoned off the area to prevent any incidents. count ... in - include, involve in an activity Sure, count me in. I'd love to belp. count on ... - rely on I bope I can count on you to be there on time. count ... out - exclude from an activity You can count me out. I'm much too old to go to disco-dancing. crack down - act more strictly The police are cracking down to prevent any more trouble. crack up - have a nervous breakdown You'll crack up if you keep working so bard. crop up - appear, happen unexpectedly A problem has cropped up so I may be working all night. cross out - put a line through (eg a mistake)

cry out - make a loud noise of pain, fear etc We beard bim cry out in pain as the ball bit bis arm, cut back - reduce They had to cut back production during the recession. cut back on - reduce We'll bare to cut back on luxuries if my salary goes down. cut down - consume less You eat too many sweets. You should try to cut down. cut down on ... - reduce Try to cut down on the amount of fat you eat every day. cut ... down (to size) - reduce the importance of His uniform didn't impress. They soon cut bim down to size. cut off - disconnect a phone call I was cut off in the middle of an important phone call. cut off - separate and isolate The snow fell all night and cut off the town, cut off - separate by cutting (adj. cut-off) Alexa cut off the bottoms of ber jeans and made them into shorts. cut out - not include I'm trying to cut out any desserts with a bigb sugar content. cut out (of an engine) - suddenly stop working The engine suddenly cut out and I couldn't start it again. cut it out - stop being unreasonable Ob, cut it out! Don't be so silly! cut up (adj.) - upset He was very cut up when his dog died. dawn on ... - become clear to It finally dawned on me that I'd made a terrible mistake. deal with ... - do something about The manager will deal with any complaints. deal with ... - (of a newspaper article etc) be about The article deals with the problems of getting old. deal with ... - do business with We deal with many foreign companies. die away (of a noise) - become weaker, fainter The noise of the band died away and the crowd dispersed. die down - decrease, become quieter When the noise had died down, the chairman went on speaking. die out (of a tradition) - disappear Many traditional crafts have died out in the last fifty years. dig into ... - put your hand inside something and look for something The security guard dug into his pocket and took out a key. dig up - discover hidden information The reporters were trying to dig up information about ber. disagree with ... - (of food or drink) make you feel ill I don't eat onions. They disagree with me. dispose of ... – get rid of We must find a safe way of disposing of all these chemicals. do away with ... - abolish They've done away with the old system of enrolling for courses. do up – fasten Do up your coat or you'll catch cold! do up - decorate, make repairs to I'll need some more paint as I'm going to do up this room. could do with ... - need I'm thirsty. I could do with a long, cool drink. doze off - fall into a light sleep It was so warm that I must have dozed off for a moment. drag on - continue unnecessarily for a long time The meeting dragged on until 11 o'clock at night! draw up (of a vehicle) - come to a place and stop The car drew up and the driver opened his door. draw up - prepare (eg a contract) We'll draw up the contract and send you a copy to look at.

I need a ruler to cross out this mistake.

crowd around ... - surround in large numbers

crowd into ... – go into a place in large numbers Thousands of people crowded into the stadium.

Everyone crowded around ber and tried to get ber autograph.

draw up - pull something close to something else The doctor drew up a chair next to the bed. wouldn't dream of ... - wouldn't consider I wouldn't dream of wearing such a terrible dress! dream up - think of (a new activity etc)

I bare to keep dreaming up new activities to keep them amused. dress up - put on smart, elegant or formal clothes

It's a formal wedding so we'll have to dress up. drink to ... - drink and hope for success

Let's drink to success in the competition.

drink up - finish your drink It's time to drink up and go.

drive off - leave in a vehicle

One customer drove off without paying for the petrol. drop away - get smaller in number, become less strong Support dropped away as be failed to keep bis promises. drop in - visit casually

I just dropped in to see if anyone wanted to go swimming. drop out - withdraw (eg from a competition)

Two competitors have dropped out because of injury. drop out - leave, not complete (eg a college course) (n. drop-out) . Some students drop out when the course gets more difficult.

drop out of ... - stop belonging to (eg a college) After she dropped out of college, she worked as a waitress.

dry up – come to an end If supplies of petrol dry up, our cars will be useless. ease off - become less intense

When the rain eases off, I'll go and do my shopping.

eat out - go out and have a meal

I'm tired of cooking. Let's eat out tonight. eat up - eat all the food you are given

Eat up all your regetables. They're full of vitamins.

end up - eventually become (something not originally planned) Michael started off as an actor but ended up as a TV announcer.

enter for ... - put your name down as a competitor I've decided to enter for the Glamorous Grandmother contest.

evict ... from - force to leave Aaron couldn't pay the rent so be was evicted from the flat.

face up to ... - accept and deal with a difficulty

You'll have to face up to the problem some time.

fall back - retreat

The enemy fire was so intense that the troops had to fall back. fall down - fall to the ground

The girl on the roof slipped and fell down.

fall down (of an argument) - be weak

That argument falls down when you take the cost into account. fall for ... - be deceived by

How could I bave fallen for that old trick?

fall for ... - be strongly attracted to, fall in love with

Byron always falls for women with long red bair. fall in (of a ceiting or roof) - collapse

The ceiling fell in and several people were badly injured. fall off - fall from where it was placed on to the floor

I knocked the table and a glass fell off.

fall off – decrease

Membership has fallen off since they put up the prices. fall out - quarrel, no longer be friends

They fell out over a loan and baven't spoken since then. fall out (of hair) - come away from the head

If my bair keeps falling out at this rate, I'll soon be bald.

fall through (of a plan) not succeed

Unfortunately, the plan fell through so we still baven't met ber.

feel up to ... - feel capable, well enough to do something I'm too tired. I don't feel up to fogging today.

fence off - separate by creeting a fence

We'll fence off this area and build a playground.

fight off-repel, not allow to come near

The old lady tried to fight off the wolf with a stick.

file away - put away in a file

Please file away this report.

fill in - give all the information to someone

You obviously don't know what's happened so I'll fill you in.

fill in – complete (a form)

Make sure you fill in the form correctly.

fill in - take someone's place and do their work I'm filling in while the manager's away.

fill ... in on - give someone all the information about

I'd better fill you in on the details of what happened.

fill up - make full

I'll fill up the tank with petrol before we leave.

fill ... (with confidence) - make someone very confident The coach's talk filled the team with confidence.

filter out - get rid of something unwanted (eg noise, an impurity) These ear-plugs should filter out most of the noise.

find out - discover

Did you find out where he lives?

fire away - begin asking questions

I've got a few more questions. - All right. Fire away.

fish for ... - try to get (information etc) in an indirect way He was around bere again, fishing for information.

fit in - be contained in the space provided

All this luggage won't fit in. The boot's too small.

fit in - work well with others in a group

I just didn't fit in well with the rest of the group.

fit in - have enough time for an activity

I might be able to fit in a short meeting tomorrow afternoon.

fix ... up with - arrange for someone to have (eg a job) He's fixed me up with a job at the local supermarket.

flake off (of paint) - come off in flakes

The paint began to flake off in the sunshine.

flare up (of violence) - suddenly start and become serious Violence flared up after a man was killed in a fight.

fling (yourself) into ... - start doing something enthusiastically She flung berself into her work with great enthusiasm.

flood in - come in targe numbers

Applications came flooding in from all over the country.

flutter down - come down to the ground like a leaf

The pieces of paper fluttered down to the street below.

fly into ... - suddenly get very angry etc

She flew into a rage when she saw the mess they had made.

fold up - make neat by folding

He folded up the document and put it carefully away.

fool around with ... - behave in a careless or irresponsible way You shouldn't let children fool around with matches.

fool ... into deceive someone and make them do something

He fooled them into believing be was a policeman.

freeze over (of a stretch of water) - be covered in ice

Last winter the lake froze over.

freeze up - be covered in ice

It was so cold that the pipes froze up.

freshen up - wash and make yourself look more presentable

The bathroom's upstairs if you'd like to fresben up.

gamble (money) away - lose money by gambling

He gambled away all the money be bad inherited.

get a message across - communicate, make people understand It wasn't easy to get my message across in such a short time.

get around (of news) - be known everywhere

The news of the robbery soon got around.

get at ... - discover (the truth etc) I wonder if we'll ever get at the truth of his disappearance? get at ... - reach, find That light is too high for me to get at. get at ... - criticise Mr Grouch is always getting at me, even when it's not my fault. get away - escape (n. getaway) The thieres got away in a stolen car. get away - go away on holiday We bope to get away for a boliday in the country. Get away! - "I don't believe you!" Norma's a millionaire, you know. - Get away! You're joking! get away with ... - escape, not get caught The thieves managed to get away with most of her jewellery. get away with ... - receive a relatively light punishment As it was ber first offence, Sandy got away with only a fine. get (your breath) back - stop feeling out of breath I had to stop running to get my breath back. get back - return from a journey The family got back bome in the early evening. get back - be given back something you have lent Tre finally got back those books I lent ber. get back - move away Get back! You're standing too close! get back at ... - get revenge on Edna's got back at the men who ruined her business. get behind with ... - be late in paying If you get bebind with the rent, you might lose the flat. get by - just manage financially It's difficult to get by on my salary. get by - get past He stood in the way and we couldn't get by. get down - climb down from a high place Louis fell as be was getting down from the tree. get ... down - annoy, make unhappy This cold weather is really getting me down, get down - write, make a note of The clerk spoke slowly so that I could get down all the details. get down to ... - start (some work) That's enough talking. Let's get down to some work. get in – enter (a building etc) The thief got in through the window. get in - arrive home By the time I got in they'd already bad dinner. get in (of a train etc) - arrive at its destination The train should get in at seven thirty. get in - do (some practice etc) We must get in some more practice before the big match. get in - bring indoors It's raining. Shall I belp you get the washing in? get in - ask (an electrician etc) to come and repair something I don't understand this wiring. I'll have to get in an electrician. get into ... - be involved in an unpleasant situation (eg trouble, debt) They were forced to sell their bouse when they got into debt. get into (clothes) - put on clothes, often with difficulty I'm larger now and I can't get into my old clothes. get off - leave (a bus, train etc) Get off at the stop after the town ball. get off - not be convicted of a crime Morris might get off if the judge believes his story. get off (to sleep) - start sleeping It took me ages to get off to sleep last night. tell ... where to get off - criticise someone for their behaviour The doorman was so rude that I told him where to get off.

get on - have a good relationship Tracey and I have always got on really well. get on - become old I'm getting on, you know. I'm nearly seventy. get on - continue an activity I must get on or I'll never finish this letter. get on ... - get into (a bus etc) The bus was full so we couldn't get on. get on - progress How are you getting on in your new job? get on (like a house on fire) - be great friends They're only just met but they're getting on like a bouse on fire. get on with ... - have a good relationship with Trish is very pleasant and easy to get on with. get on with ... - continue with an activity Please stop talking and get on with your work! get out - escape from a building The boys managed to get out by climbing through a window. get out - leave a car or building The car stopped and the driver got out. get out of ... - avoid doing something I managed to get out of doing the washing up. get over - communicate, make people understand It was difficult to get my message over in a simple way. get over ... - recover from You need rest to belp you get over your operation. get ... over with - finish doing something unpleasant Let's get this borrible test over with and then we can relax. get round ... - persuade someone to change their mind Judy got round bim somebow to lend ber bis car. get round to ... - finally do something after a long delay I've finally got round to answering my uncle's letter. get through to ... - contact (eg by phone) All the lines are engaged. I can't get through to bead office. get to ... - annoy Calm down! Don't let his sarcasm get to you. get together - assemble (n. get-together) We get together once a year to talk about old times. get up - leave your bed and start the day The alarm rang but I had difficulty getting up. get up ... - get to the top of It took me ten minutes to get up that bill! get up - organise They've got up a petition to protest against the tax increases. get up to ... - do (usually something naughty) I'm sure those children are getting up to some mischief. give away (a secret) - reveal a secret I'll tell you as long as you promise not to give away my secret. give away - give without expecting payment They're giving away free samples of the new chocolate bar. give back - return something borrowed When is Heather going to give back the ladder she borrowed? give in - stop making an effort You've nearly finished. Don't give in now. give in - give somebody some work you have done Please give in your bomework by Monday. give off ... - emit (eg a smell) The mixture was giving off a strange smell. give out - distribute Can you give out these books as the people arrive? give out ... - emit (eg heat, fumes) The factory chimney was giving out black clouds of smoke. give out - stop working because of tiredness or overuse

After all these years the drinks machine has finally given out.

give up - stop permanently Since I gave up smoking my cough has gone. give up (time) - spend time I give up some of my time to belp run the local youth club. give up - abandon, end (eg a search) The police had to give up the search when it got dark. give up - allow someone to sit, stand in (your seat) I gave up my seat to the old lady and stood. give ... up (as a bad Job) - stop because it seems pointless I kept trying to phone but in the end I gave it up as a had job. glaze over (of eyes) - lose all their expression The patient's eyes glazed over and be started breathing beavily. go about ... - deal with, tackle (a task) How do you go about getting rats out of your garden? go after ... - try to get (eg a joh) I've decided to go after that job as a receptionist. go after ... - chase It's no use going after the thieves. You'll never catch them, go against (of a verdict) – be unfavourable If the verdict goes against me, I'll lose my bome. go ahead – proceed, do what you want to do (n. go-ahead) Dad said we could go abead and build a tree-bouse. go ahead with ... - proceed with We now intend to go abead with the final stage of the project. go along with (a suggestion) - agree to a suggestion Let's bave a pizza. - I'll go along with that. go away - leave a place I do not want to buy anything! Please go away! go back on a promise – not keep a promise

Grandma said she'd come but she went back on her promise. go by (of time) – pass As time went by, Grabam grew more fond of ber. go by - use for guidance Don't go by my watch. It's fast. go by - pass, go past We stood in the front garden and watched the parade go by. go down (of the sun) - set The two of them stood band in band, watching the sun go down. go down (of news) - be received The news of the dismissals didn't go down very well. go down – get smaller, decrease I can put my shoe on again - the swelling has gone down. go down on your knees - kneel down or apologize You should go down on your knees and apologise! go down with ... - catch some kind of disease Viv's gone down with flu so she won't be in the office today. go for ... - choose I expect the council will go for the cheaper option.

go for ... - find attractive

go in ... - fit inside

Helen usually goes for men who dress well.

The sun went in and it started to feel cold.

I'm going in for my operation on Tuesday.

These clothes won't all go in my suitcase.

go in for (a competition) - enter a competition Let's go in for the swimming competition.

go into ... - start some kind of employment as a career

When Charles was eighteen be went into the army.

They wouldn't go into what happened in much detail.

go in (of the sun) - go behind a cloud

go in - enter hospital as a patient

go into ... - talk about in detail

My wife suddenly turned and went for me with the kitchen knife.

go into (hospital) - enter hospital as a patient Betty's gone into hospital for a minor operation. go off - become had Smell this cheese. I think it's gone off. go off ... - begin to dislike She went off bim when he started smoking, go off (of an alarm) - suddenly make a noise The fire alarm went off and we all rushed out. go off (of electrical equipment) - stop The beating goes off automatically at midnight. go off (at the deep end) - become very angry When Steve saw the damage, he went off at the deep end. go on - continue Shall I go on or bave you beard enough? go on - be guided by The police baven't got much information to go on. go on – happen What's going on outside? go on ... - be spent on Most of our money goes on food and clothes. go on (of electrical equipment) - start working The heating goes on automatically if it gets too cold. go on about ... - continually talk about I wish Diane wouldn't go on about her boyfriend all the time. go on with ... - continue doing Please go on with your work. Don't let me stop you. go out - leave your home to go to the cinema etc Sorry, I'm going out this evening. What about tomorrow? go out (of the tide) - go away from the shore The tide goes out a long way on this part of the coast. go out (of a light) - stop giving out light There was a power cut and all the lights went out. go out (like a light) - become unconscious He bit me and I went out like a light, go out with ... - go with someone to the cinema etc If Trevor asked you, would you go out with him? go through - be completed successfully After a lot of discussion the deal finally went through. go through ... - experience I hope I never go through an experience like that again! go through ... – examine, review I'll go through my notes once more just before the exam. go through (a procedure) - perform a procedure You go through a complicated procedure to start the machine. go through with ... - complete something you agreed to do Dan's promised to marry ber, but will be go through with it? go under (of a company) – fail, go bankrupt If we can't get the loan, the company will go under. go up – risc Prices have gone up by five per cent this year. go up - start to burn The crowd stood and watched the building go up in flames. go up (of a cheer) - be heard A cheer went up as the champion appeared. go up - approach We went up and asked ber if she was all right. go with ... - combine well with I need a brown bandbag to go with the jacket. go without ... - not have I had to go without sugar because I'd forgotten to buy some. grow into - become large enough to wear properly Grant will soon grow into that jacket, grow out of ... - no longer behave in the same way It's an annoying babit but she should grow out of it.

grow up - change from child to adult

I was born and grew up in a tiny village. hand down - give to the next generation This necklace has been banded down from mother to daughter, hand in - give someone some work you have done Please band in last night's bomework. hand in (your notice) - resign from your job She handed in her notice when she found a better job. hand out - distribute Can you band out these books to all the people bere? hand over - give to someone else (n. hand-over) Mr Bly's banded over the running of the company to me. hand it to ... - admire someone You've got to band it to Louise. She could sell anything. hang around ... - stay in a place doing nothing in particular Those boys were still hanging around the entrance when I left. hang up - end a phone conversation I'd better bang up as someone wants to use the phone. head for ... - move in the direction of We were so bungry that we beaded for the nearest restaurant. heal over (of a wound) - close and become healthy When the wound has bealed over you can remove the plaster. heal up - become healthy and normal again How long will it take for this cut to beal up? hear from ... - receive a letter or phone call from I baven't beard from Mandy since she wrote in July. hear of ... - get news of Let me know if you bear of any vacancies. help yourself to - serve yourself with Please belp yourself to salad. hit it off - become friends Bill and Ted bare so much in common. They're sure to bit it off. hit on ... - suddenly think of We've just bit on a new slogan for the advert. hold ... against - allow something to give you a bad impression John always looks miserable but don't hold it against bim. hold back - restrain, not show (eg tears) It was difficult to bold back the tears. hold back (information) - not give, reveal information If you bold back information, you could be arrested. hold down - restrain, not allow to get up Hold the animal down while I give it an injection. hold down (a job) - keep a jub He's so lazy that be has difficulty holding down a job. hold down (prices) - not increase prices We held down our prices while others increased theirs. hold off (of weather) - not occur as expected, be delayed Luckily the rain held off until the match was over. hold on - wait Hold on a moment. I'll see if she's in. hold up - use the threat of violence to rob (n. hold-up) That's the second time the bank's been held up this year. hold up + keep something up in positionUse some stronger pieces of wood to hold up the shelves. hold up - delay, stop moving The traffic was held up because of an accident. hope for ... - want something to happen We're all boping for better weather during our boliday. hot up (of competition) - intensify, become fiercer Competition is botting up and someone's going to get burt. hurry up - do things faster If you don't harry up, we'll miss the plane. ice over (of water) - become covered in ice

The pond iced over, causing problems for the ducks.

ice un - become covered in ice The wings of the plane iced up and the pilot lost control. identify with ... - be similar to and feel sympathy for The same thing happened to me. I can identify with her problem. inform on - betray, give harmful information about One of the gang informed on their leader and be was arrested. invite in - ask someone to come into your house Wby don't you invite them in for a cup of tea? invite out - ask someone to go out Lynda's invited me out to the theatre this evening. Join in - become involved in an activity with other people They were going to play football and wanted me to join in. jot down - make a note of information I'll just jot down your name and address. jump at (an opportunity) - seize an opportunity enthusiastically I thought Jessie would jump at the chance of a free boliday. jump on ... - jump and get on something Lloyd jumped on the bus just as it was leaving. jump out - come out quickly and suddenly As Pat was passing the doorway, a man jumped out. jump up - stand up suddenly The pupils all jumped up as the teacher entered the room. keep at it - continue doing something (despite difficulties) I know your bomework is difficult but you must keep at it. keep away - not allow to come near This spray should keep away mosquitoes. keep back (information) - not tell, reveal information Did be tell you everything? - Isn't be keeping something back. keep down - stay in a low position Keep down or the soldier will see you. keep down – keep at a low level If we keep prices down, we won't lose customers. keep down - control, restrict the freedom of The dictator used his army to keep the people down. keep in - not allow to leave as a punishment The teacher kept them in after class for being noisy. keep in - keep to the side of the road Keep well in as you walk down country roads. keep ... from - prevent someone from doing something I tried to keep my dog from chasing the cat. keep off (a subject) - not mention a subject Keep off the subject of bolldays as she can't afford one this year. keep off ... - not walk on Please keep off the grass. keep off (of rain or snow) - not start Luckily, the rain kept off until the evening. keep off ... - not eat (certain types of food) I keep off spicy foods as they're bad for me. keep on ...(+ ing) - continue I haven't found a job yet but I'm going to keep on trying. keep on - continue giving employment to, not dismiss How many employees will you keep on at the end of the season? keep out - not allow to enter There's an electrified fence to keep out trespassers. keep up (appearances) - continue to behave as you did previously To keep up appearances they still go to the best restaurants. keep up - go at the same speed as The others were walking so fast that it was difficult to keep up. keep up - continue, not stop The snow kept up all day so I didn't go out. keep up - maintain (payments etc) I couldn't afford to keep up the payments on the car. keep up with ... - go at the same speed and stay level with

He bad to run faster to keep up with the leaders.

keep up with ... - inform yourself of the latest news

I always buy this paper to keep up with the business news.

key in - type something into a computer

She must have made a mistake while she was keying in the data.

kick off - start a game of football (n. kick-off)

The referee blew his whistle and the centre forward kicked off.

kick up (a fuss) – cause a fuss

Mum will kick up a fuss if everything isn't neat and tidy.

kneel down - go down on your knees

The policeman kneeled down and looked through the keybole.

knock down - hit and cause to fall to the ground

The child was knocked down as she was crossing the road.

knock down - demolish

They've knocked down the swimming pool and built a car park,

knock down - reduce the price (adj. knockdown)

Prices bave been knocked down by another ten per cent.

knock out - hit and make unconscious (n. knockout)

He bit me so bard that he knocked me out.

knock out - eliminate from a competition (adj. knockout)

Unfortunately we were knocked out in the semi-final.

lapse into ... - lose concentration and start behaving differently

She suddenly lapsed into the local dialect.

laugh at ... - make fun of, ridicule

They all laughed at his ridiculous costume.

laugh off - pretend something is amusing and not important

Ivor tried to laugh off the incident but he was clearly worried.

lay down – establish (rules, regulations)

You must follow the procedure I have laid down.

lay down - place something somewhere

Can you stop, please, and lay down your pens.

lay down (your life) - sacrifice your life

They laid down their lives for their country.

lay off - dismiss from work (often temporarily)

Times were bard and we bad to lay off several employees.

lay on - organise

We bope to lay on some kind of entertainment for the troops.

lay it on - exaggerate

He really laid it on, with all that talk about his rich friends.

lay out - arrange (n. layout)

The garden has been laid out to provide colour all year round.

lay out - spend money (n. outlay)

We've laid out a lot of money to improve the house

leak out (of a secret) - become known

When news of the concert leaked out there was a rush for tickets.

leap at - accept quickly and enthusiastically

We leaped at the chance to make some extra money.

leave on - not switch off

Leave the TV on. I want to watch the film.

leave out - not include

We bad to leave out our best player because of injury.

let down - disappoint, not keep a promise

Don't worry. I'll come. I won't let you down,

let down - lengthen (eg a skirt)

The skirt was too short so she let it down.

let down - take the air out of (eg a tyre)

Someone had let down my tyre and I didn't have a pump!

let in - allow in

They won't let you in if you're under eighteen.

let ... into (a secret) - share a secret with someone I'll let you into a secret. It's my birthday today.

let ... into - allow someone to come into a place

The porter let us into the hotel.

let off - allow a passenger to leave a vehicle

Ask the driver to let you off at the traffic lights.

let off - not punish

I'll let you off this time but don't let it happen again.

let off (steam) - release tension, energy

I told the children to run round the garden to let off steam.

let on - tell someone a secret

It's supposed to be a secret so don't let on.

let out - allow to go omside

Sam opened the door to let the cat out for the night.

let out (clothes) - make clothes larger

When I put on weight, I had to let all my clothes out.

let out ... - emit (a loud noise)

Freddy let out a scream when he saw the snake.

lie ahead - be going to occur in the future

Who knows what further problems lie abead? lie down - lie somewhere, usually to rest or sleep

I feel tired so I'm going to He down for a bit.

lie with ... - he the responsibility of

Who is to blame? - Surely the fault lies with the government,

lift off (of a rocket) - leave the ground

The rocket lifted off and soon disappeared among the clouds.

light up – illuminate

The rockets exploded and lit up the sky.

light up (of eyes) - become bright, excited

Her eyes lit up when she saw the diamond necklace.

line up – stand in a line

Could all the contestants line up in front of the judges?

live down - make people forget a mistake

It was such a stupid thing to do. I'll never live it down. live off ... - get the money needed to support yourself

He's unemployed so be bas to live off the State

live off ... - keep alive by eating

The survivors lived off fish and rainwater for two weeks.

live on ... - have (food or money) for survival

How can I be expected to live on such a low salary?

live on (of a reputation) - survive, continue Her reputation lived on long after she had left.

live with ... - accept something and continue your life

We all have to live with the consequences of our actions.

liven up - make more interesting and lively

Our bost suggested some games to try and liven up the party-

live up to ... - be as good as expected

Vanessa lived up to ber reputation as a superb actress.

lock in - prevent someone from leaving by locking the door

I can't get out! They've locked me in!

lock out - prevent someone from entering by locking the door

When I got back to the flat, I found I'd been locked out.

lock up - put in a room and lock the door

The sheriff locked up the prisoner and put a guard outside. look after ... - take care of, be responsible for

This patient has a special nurse to look after ber at night.

look around ... - walk around and look at (a building)

I looked around the building to see what repairs needed doing. look at ... - examine, check

I'll get a mechanic to look at the engine.

look back - think about past events

When I look back, I still don't know what I did wrong.

look back on '... - think about things that happened in the past

When I look back on those days I realise how lucky I was.

look down on ... - consider inferior They looked down on her because of her poor clothes.

look for ... - try to find

Excuse me. I'm looking for the police station.

look forward to ... - await with pleasure I'm looking forward to seeing my friends again.

look in - visit briefly I'll look in at the chemist's and get some aspirin. look into ... - investigate The police are looking into a series of robberies in the area. look on - watch something happen (n. onlooker) Julia looked on in borror as the car ran into the shop window. look on ... - consider, think of someone or something in a certain way I look on James as someone I can always be frank with. look out - be careful Look out! He's got a gun! look round ... - go around and inspect (a building) We'll look round the building and see if it's suitable. look through ...-ignore That snob looked through me and pretended I wasn't there. look up - find information in a book Look up the meaning of the word in this dictionary. look up - improve Things are starting to look up. Business is improving. look up - raise your eyes and look We looked up and saw the cat in the tree. look up to ... - respect I really looked up to my drama teacher. She was my inspiration. make for ... - go in the direction of If the alarm goes off, make for the nearest exit. make ... Into - transform They've made the old theatre into a disco. make off - run away, escape The gang made off down the road with the money. make off with ... - steal and escape with The thief made off with all the money in my purse. make out - pretend The guards made out that they couldn't understand us. make out - manage to see or hear clearly It was dark so I couldn't make out the numbers of the bouses. make out a cheque - write a cheque Please make out the cheque to 'Flowco'. make up your mind - decide I've made up my mind to look for a new job. make up – invent (a story) (adj. made-up) I'm sure be made up that story about getting lost in the jungle make up - become friends again after an argument Tom and Susan bave finally made up after their argument. make up for ... - compensate for Tim bought her some flowers to make up for arriving late. mark down - show that the price has been reduced Prices bave been marked down an extra ten per cent. measure out - measure (eg a powder) until it is the amount required Make sure you measure out each chemical very carefully. meet with ... - have something happen to you I'm afraid your busband bas met with an accident. miss out - not include I'll check the list again in case I've missed something out. miss out on ... - not be involved in (excitement etc) It's a pity you couldn't come. You missed out on a lot of fun. mist up - become covered with condensation The windows misted up and we couldn't see outside.

move on – disperse, go away from a place The four party moved on and started looking round the gardens. move on - talk about something different Let's more on and talk about the outlook for next year. move on - make progress (eg to a better job) Kerry wanted to move on and get a job with more responsibility. move on to - change to a different subject They moved on to a less controversial topic. narrow down - reduce in number by eliminating the others We've narrowed down the choice to Edinburgh or Athens. note down - make short notes about I'd better note down the directions to your bouse. open up - talk openly When Marvin realised I wasn't angry be began to open up. own up - admit to doing something wrong If Cathy badn't owned up, I might have been punished instead. part with ... - not keep, give or sell to someone I was very fond of my dog and didn't want to part with bim. pass by - walk past (n. passer-by) None of the people passing by took any notice of ber. pass on - give someone (a message etc) from someone else The next time I see ber, I'll pass on your news. pass on (a disease) – transmit a disease The disease was passed on through the drinking water. pass on - transfer (the cost or savings) We hope to pass on any savings to our customers. pass out - faint The room was so stuffy that I passed out. pass over - not consider for promotion Pratt's been passed over for promotion yet again. pay ... back-get revenge Amy's determined to pay bim back for embarrassing ber. pay for ... - use money to buy something Tina's uncle paid for her holiday in Spain. pay in - deposit money into an account Have you paid that customer's cheque in yet?. pay off - pay the money you owe I should have paid off my debts by the end of the year. pelt down (of rain) - come down very heavily The rain was pelting down outside so I decided to stay in. phase in - introduce gradually The changes will be phased in over the next few years. pick at (food) - eat small mouthfuls of food Robin's only picking at her food. Something must be wrong. pick out - choose Try to pick out the smaller tomatoes. They're sweeter. pick up - learn without much effort I picked up some of my English by listening to pop music. pick up - stop a vehicle and collect (adj. pick-up) The coach will pick you up outside your bonse at ten o'clock. pick up (a prize) – win a prize We picked up first prize in the competition. pick up (the bill) - pay the bill Charles picked up the bill. We didn't have to pay anything. olck up – improve Sales picked up slightly during the month of August. piece together – assemble, form a complete idea We're trying to piece together exactly what happened here. pile up (of work) - increase Work really piled up when I was away on business. plan ahead - plan, arrange things in advance We're already planning abead for next year's show. plant out (seedlings) - re-plant small plants with room to grow

Plant out the seedlings balf a metre abart.

mistake ... for - think someone is someone else

People are always mistaking me for my sister. mix up – be unable to tell the difference between

mixed up in ... – involved in (something dishonest)

I'm sure that girl was mixed up in the robbery somebow.

move on - make someone move away from a place

The names are similar so it's easy to mix them up.

The police moved the crowd on to stop them blocking the road.

play down - make something appear less important The authorities tried to play down the incident to prevent panic. play off - play a match to decide who is the winner The teams bad to play off for third place. play through (a tune) - play a tune from the beginning to the end Play the time through so we can bear what it sounds like. play with (words) - use words to create an effect The minister was only playing with words. Nothing will change, plug in - connect to a supply of electricity Finally, plug in your computer and switch on. point out - draw attention to a fact or something worth seeing I must point out that we don't normally work on Sundays. polish up - improve I need to polish up my Spanish before my boliday. pour away - dispose of a liquid The orange juice smelled strange so I poured it away. pour down (of rain) - come down heavily It was pouring down and I didn't bave an umbrella. pour in - enter in large numbers We expected speciators to pour in but only two ibousand came. pour into ... - enter in large numbers The doors were opened and the customers poured into the store, pour out (a drink) - pour a drink into a glass or cup Give me your cup and I'll pour out the tea. pour out - reveal feelings in an uncontrolled way He poured out bis problems to bis best friend. print out - print information stored in a computer (n. printout) Press this key and the computer will print out the details. proceed against ... - begin legal action to bring to trial We baven't got enough evidence to proceed against them. protect ... from - prevent someone being harmed by Take an umbrella to protect you from the rain. pull away (of a vehicle) - start to leave a place The lights turned green and the car pulled away. pull down - pull something so that it comes down If the sun is too bot, pull down the blind. pull in - drive to the side of the road (and often stop) Let's pull in at the next parking place and have some sandwiches.

null in - attract Pop concerts usually pull in a large crowd. pull in (of a train) – arrive at a station The train pulled in and the passengers got out. pull into ... - go to a place off the road to break a journey The driver pulled into a garage at the side of the road. pull off - succeed in doing something difficult Despite all the difficulties she managed to pull off the deal. pull off – drive off the road Let's pull off the road and have a rest, pull off - remove by pulling I belped one of the riders to pull off ber boots. null out (of a vehicle) - move into the road or a different traffic lane A lorry suddenly pulled out into the fast lane. pull out of ... - decide not to continue The company pulled out of the agreement.

pull over (of a vehicle) — move to the side of the road Pull over for a moment and let the other cars go past, pull through — survive an illness Nelson was seriously ill but he managed to pull through, pull up (of a vehicle) — slow down and stop The van pulled up outside the front door, push in — get into a queue in front of other people That woman tried to push in and get on the bus before us! put away — put something somewhere to make a place tidy I took the books off the table and put them away.

put back - arrange to have (eg a meeting) later Can we put the meeting back until the following Tuesday? put back - return something to the place it was before Don't forget to put the matches back where you found them. put by - save for future use I've got some money but by for emergencies. put down - kill an animal because it is old or very ill Our cat was so ill that we had to have him put down. put down - criticise People are always putting ber down because she's a bit slow. put down (money) - pay some money as a deposit I bad to put down fifty pounds as a deposit put ... down to - give as a reason I put his bad temper down to pressure of work. put forward - make a suggestion etc. I'd like to put forward a proposal for improving sales. put in (a request) - submit, make a request We have put in a request for a new computer. put in - install We've had central beating and double glazing put in. put in - spend time doing something The mechanic has put in more than a hundred bours work. put in for ... - make a formal request for The manager put in for more staff but the boss refused. put into words - write or say how you feel or what happened It's bard to put my feelings into words put (more effort) into - do something with more effort You must put more effort into your work. put money into - invest money in My son wants me to put more money into the business. put into ... (of a boat) - enter a port or harbour The band began to play as the liner put into barbour. put off - postpone We've had to put off the match until next month. put ... off - distract I can't concentrate. That noise is putting me off. out off - switch off Could the last person to leave the room put off the lights, please. put off - create a bad impression Don't be put off by his manner. He's really very sby. put ... off - dissuade (adj. off-putting) One little mistake sbouldn't put you off trying again. put on – place (make-up, clothes) on your body

Dan took off bis pullover and put on a jacket. put on (weight) - gain weight I've put on so much weight that I need some new clothes. put on - present, produce (eg a show) We're putting on a production of "Romeo and Juliet" next year. put on - assume, use (an accent, strange face etc) Fay put on a strange accent and pretended she was a foreigner. put on (a brave face) - appear cheerful although you are not Judy managed to put on a brave face despite all ber problems. put it on - try to deceive people Murray says be's ill but I think be's putting it on. put out (your tongue) - make your tongue come out of your mouth How rude! That boy put out his tongue at me!

put out - dislocate (eg your back)

put out (a fire) – extinguish a fire

put out - breadcast

I've put out my back so I mustn't do any lifting.

Cecile used a blanket to put out the fire.

put out - move (an arm etc) away from your body

They put out an appeal on the radio for more belpers.

Mark put out his arm as a signal for the bus to stop.

put ... out - cause someone inconvenience I bope I'm not putting you out by calling so late. (I wouldn't) put (it) past ... - I think ... is capable of I wouldn't put it past ber to change ber mind at the last moment! put through - connect someone on the phone Can you put me through to the manager? put up - place on a wall I'll put up a poster on that wall. put up - give someone food and a bed for the night The botels were full so my friends put me up. put up (a fight) - resist, fight against someone or something The escaped prisoner didn't put up much of a fight. put up - increase Hotels put up their prices in summer. put up (money) - provide money My father put up the money to start my business. put up - choose a candidate for an election We have to put up a strong candidate for this election. put up with ... - tolerate I can't put up with his interference any longer! quieten down - become less noisy When the crowd bad quietened down, be continued speaking. rain off (used in the passive) - not allow to start because of rain The matched was rained off so we had a wasted journey. ramble on - keep talking in an illogical way The speaker rambled on about something I couldn't understand. reach out - stretch out your arm to get something The shopkeeper reached out and took a tin from the shelf. read off - look carefully at and note (eg measurements) I'll read off the measurements if you can write them down. read out - read in a loud voice I want you to listen carefully as I read out the names. reason with ... - try to persuade someone by using logical arguments We tried to reason with her but she was too angry to listen. reckon on ... - depend on, expect You can reckon on at least 40 people coming to the meeting. remind ... of - make someone remember This scenery reminds me of the valleys of South Wales. resign from ... - say officially that you want to leave (eg your job) Nora resigned from her job after arguing with her boss. ring ... back - phone (someone) again later I'll ring you back if there's any more news. ring off - end a phone conversation I must ring off now as someone wants to use the phone.
ring out (of bells) – ring loudly The bells rang out as the couple left the church. ring up – phone One of your boyfriends rang up! rise up - rebel against those in authority (n. uprising) Finally the people rose up against the dictatorial government. roll up - make into a cylinder by rolling (adj. rolled-up) The waiter rolled up a newspaper and tried to bit the fly. rot away - become rotten and disintegrate The wood rotted away and the window fell out. round off - complete an activity satisfactorily He rounded off the evening with a selection of well-known songs. rule out - eliminate, not consider It looks like an accident but we can't rule out murder. run away - escape from those looking after you (adj. runaway) The child ran away because she was so unhappy at her aunt's. run down (of a vehicle) - bit and injure someone

The lorry ran down an old lady who was crossing the road.

It won't work. Perhaps the batteries have run down.

run down - cause to lose power or effectiveness They're run down the service. There's only one bus a day. run into ... - crash into The car ran into the back of a lorry. run Into ... - reach a figure of The cost could run into millions of pounds. run into ... - meet unexpectedly We ran into difficulties during the test flight. run on ... - be powered by This car runs on unleaded petrol. run out of ... - exhaust, not have any left I've run out of butter so I'll bave to use margarine instead. run out of (steam) - lose enthusiasm, energy They started with great enthusiasm but soon ran out of steam. run over ... (of a vehicle or driver) - hit The bus ran over a child crossing the road. run over ... - review, read quickly Could you just run over the procedure again? run over - move quickly to a place They ran over to the shop and looked in the window. run through ... - repeat (details) quickly for checking purposes I'll just run through the details of the excursion again. rush in – enter quickly The pupils rushed in as soon as the bell rang. rush into (a decision) - make a decision without thinking Don't rush into a decision. Think about it carefully first. rush out - leave a room or building quickly We all rushed out but the coach bad already left. save up - collect money in order to buy something I'm saving up to buy a new motorbike. scale down - reduce the extent of As night came they scaled down the rescue operation. scare away - frighten someone and make them go away The sound of the alarm scared away the thieves. scare off - make someone too frightened to come near These guard dogs should scare off any thieves. scare the pants off ... - make extremely frightened That borror film scared the pants off me! scrape off-remove something by scraping Use a knife to scrape off the paint. screw up your face – twist your face (to show disapproval) She screwed up her face in a look of intense disapproval. seal off-block entrances to prevent movement into or out of a place The police have sealed off the building so we can't get in. seal up – close tightly (eg with tape) Make sure the parcel is properly sealed up before you send it. see ... into-accompany someone into A secretary saw me into the office and asked me to sit down. see off - say goodbye to someone going on a journey We'll come to the airport to see you off. see through ... - not be deceived by The others were fooled but I could see through all bis charm. see to ... - deal with I've offered to see to the travel arrangements for the boliday. sell out - sell all the goods in a shop etc I didn't get any bread because they'd sold out. send away for ... - write to someone for information etc I've sent away for details of their autumn breaks. send back - return something to the place it came from When Katie got Hill's letter, she sent it back, unopened. send for ... - send a message for someone to come and help Marie's condition got worse so we had to send for the doctor. send in - tell someone to go into a room

Mrs Jones is bere, - Please send ber in.

run down - lose power

send in - write to someone asking for information Send in for our free illustrated brochure. send in – send people to a place to deal with a problem

The government had to send in the army to stop the violence. send off - post (a letter etc)

I need a stamp so I can send off ber birthday card. send off - order a player to leave the field

It was such a bad foul that the referee sent bim off.

send on - forward (a letter etc)

Write to my bome address. My parents will send the letter on.

send out - send something to a lot of people

We've sent out invitations to all the guests.

set about - start doing something

We'd better set about cleaning up this mess.

set aside (a judgement) - say a judgement is not valid

The judgement was set aside and she was released from prison.

set ... back - cost someone an amount of money

That new car must have set her back at least twenty thousand, set down (standards) - establish standards

The council bas set down standards of byglene for restaurants.

set in (of a season) - become established

As winter set in, the weather got much worse.

set off - cause something to start

The burglars set off an alarm when they broke the window.

set off - leave on a journey

We're setting off about eight o'clock so we'll be there by twelve. set off - cause something to explode

We need a volunteer to stay behind and set off the explosives. set out - start on a journey

The cyclists set out early the following morning.

set out - begin an activity with a specific purpose

We set out to get more people interested in African music.

set out - display in an organised way

The statistics need to be set out in a form that is easy to read. set up - organise, start

We're going to set up an inquiry into the disaster.

set up (equipment) - place equipment somewhere and get it ready You can set up the microphones in the corner of the room.

set up a database - prepare a database so that it is ready for use Pre set up a database so that you can make a list of members

settle down - live a quiet, routine life

She wants her son to get married and settle down.

settle down - become more stable

My beadache went and my stomach settled down.

settle into (a routine) - become used to a routine

You soon settle into a routine and life gets quite boring.

sew on - attach, using a needle and thread

Can you sew on this button that came off?

share out - divide and distribute

Share out the rest of the dessert between you.

shave off - remove all the hair by shaving

Burt looks different. - He's shared off bis moustache.

shock ... Into - cause someone to do something by shocking them The horrific accident shocked the council into taking action.

shoot down - bring to the ground by shooting at

A civilian aircraft was shot down by mistake.

shoot up - increase rapidly

The price of petrol bas shot up recently.

shop around - go to different shops to find a good price If you shop around you might find the TV at a lower price.

shout down - shout so loudly that a speaker cannot be heard

Troublemakers in the audience tried to shout the speaker down. show in - bring someone into a room

Mr Jones is outside. - OK. We're ready. Please show him in.

show off - do things or show things to try and impress people

The girl tried to show off and impress everyone with ber dancing.

show out - lead someone out of a place

She showed me out through a side door,

shut down - stop (a machine etc) working (n. shutdown)

We bad to sbut down the machine as it was overbeating

shut out - not allow to come in I closed the window to shut out the smoke from the factory.

side with ... - support

In this dispute, I side with the parents.

sift through ... - look through very carefully

We sifted through the list of candidates to find someone suitable.

sign away (your rights) - sign a document giving up certain right(s) Don't sign away your rights as an employee.

simmer down - become less angry

Once be's simmered down a bit, we'll discuss things more calmly.

sink back into ... - lean backwards deeply into (eg an armchair)

I sank back into my armebair and started reading.

sink in - be slowly understood

As the news began to sink in, people became very worried.

sink (its teeth) into - bite deeply

The dog jumped up and sank its teeth into ber arm.

sit around - sit, doing nothing productive

We do all the work while the men sit around chatting!

sit down - be seated (ad), sit-down)

Please sit down and make yourself comfortable.

 $\mathbf{sit}\ \mathbf{in} + \mathbf{occupy}\ \mathbf{a}\ \mathbf{building}\ \mathbf{as}\ \mathbf{a}\ \mathbf{sign}\ \mathbf{of}\ \mathbf{protest}$ 

The workers sat in and refused to leave the building. sit on (a committee) - be a member of a committee

They want you to sit on the bousing committee.

sit out (a dance) - sit down and not take part in a dance

I'm very tired so I'd rather sit out the next dance.

slam down - angrily put down something with a foud noise

Tucker slammed down the phone and swore under his breath.

slam on (the brakes) - put your foot quickly on the brake pedal

The driver slammed on the brakes as a dog ran into the road. sleep through ... - continue sleeping despite the noise

How could you sleep through that terrible storm last night?

slip into (clothes) - put on clothes quickly

Bridget slipped into ber dressing gown and burried downstairs.

slip out - leave quickly and quietly

I'll try and slip out while they're watching television. slip up – make a mistake (n. slip-up)

These are the wrong tickets. Someone has slipped up.

slow down - go or happen less fast (n. slowdown)

The train slowed down as it entered the tunnel. smash in - bit something violently until it collapses

We smusbed the door in and found the kidnapped boy inside,

smell of ... - give out the smell of

This cake smells of boney.

smooth down - make something have a smooth surface

Giles put some cream on bis bair and smootbed it down.

snap out of ... - quickly get out of (a bad mood)

Why is she so miserable? I wish she'd snap out of it.

snowed under - overwhelmed

We've been snowed under with entries for our competition.

soak up the sun - lie in the sun for a long time

I've been soaking up the sun on a Greek island.

sort out a problem - solve a problem

We've got to sort out the problem of where to stay.

spark off – cause a violent activity to begin

The news of the murder sparked off a demonstration. speak out – not be afraid to give your opinion (adj. outspoken)

People were afraid to speak out on such a controversial topic.

speak up - speak more foully

Can you speak up? I'm a bit deaf. speed up - go faster The car began to speed up and was soon out of sight. spit it out - "Say what you are really thinking!" Spit it out! Tell us what's on your mind. splash down (of a spacecraft) - land in water The spacecraft should splash down in the Pacific. split up - divide into groups I want you to split up into groups of four. split up – end a relationship How sad! Jack and fill bave just split up after all these years. spread out - open something and put it on a surface The general spread the map out on the table. squeeze out - force something out of a container by squeezing I just can't squeeze out that last bit of toothpaste! stand by ... - support A good friend will stand by you if you're in trouble. stand by - be in reserve, ready to be used (n. stand-by) Could you stand by in case we need an extra driver? stand by ... - not change your mind about what you have said Nothing has changed. I stand by my original statement stand for ... - represent What do the letters FBI stand for? stand for ... - tolerate He won't stand for any nonsense. stand in - take someone's place (n. stand-in) You'll have to stand in if be's unable to attend the meeting. stand in for ... - take someone's place (eg if they are ill) fill bad to stand in for ber boss, who had suddenly been taken fil. stand out - be noticeable (adj. outstanding) Eastern Europe stands out as an obvious area for expansion. stand out (a mile) - be very noticeable You can see be's jealous. It stands out a mile. stand up - get to your feet The pupils have to stand up when the teacher comes in. stand up for (your rights) - strongly defend your rights Don't be afraid to stand up for your rights as a citizen. stand up to ... - not run away from someone Don't expect me to stand up to somebody with muscles that high stand up to ... - endure (rough treatment) This tower was built to stand up to all kinds of weather. start out - have as its origin, be originally This started out as a 96-page book, but it grew! start up (a business) – get a business going (adj. start-up) I'm leaving this job to start up my own business. stay in - not go out I'm staying in tonight. I've got too much homework to do. stay on - not leave at the expected time Many pupils stayed on at school to take some more exams. stay on - remain in place, not come off My bat won't stay on in this wind! stay on - not be switched off Do the lights have to stay on all night? stay up – not go to bed Shall we stay up and watch the late film? stay out - not return home Most of the team stayed out celebrating all night. step down (of a chairperson) - resign The chairman stepped down and was replaced by his deputy. step in - get involved, intervene I bad to step in when the discussion got beated.

They had to step up production to meet the increased demand.

stick on – attach, using glue I'll just stick the stamps on this letter. stick to the point - not get away from the point That isn't relevant. Kindly stick to the point. stick up - point upwards I burt my foot on a nail which was sticking up from the floor. stir up (trouble) - cause trouble Some agitators tried to stir up trouble at the meeting. stop off - break a journey We stopped off in Canberra on the way back to Sydney. stop over - break a plane journey (n. stopover) Felicity stopped over in Bangkok on the flight bome. storm out - leave in a very bad temper Owen lost bis temper and stormed out. stow away - hide (eg on a ship) (n. stowaway) The boy had stowed away boping to sail to America. straighten out - stop someone being worried and confused This patient has emotional problems. He needs straightening out. strap up - put bandages around (eg an arm) The nurse strapped up ber arm and told ber not to use it. stretch out - lie at full length We stretched out on the sand and went to sleep. strike up (of a band) - start playing music The band struck up and the dancers began their display. strip down - take to pieces We'll have to strip down the engine to find what's wrong. stub out - extinguish (a cigarette etc) by hitting it against something He stubbed out bis cigarette in the asbtray. suffer from ... - be in pain because of When I do a lot of typing, I suffer from terrible neck ache. sum up - briefly state the main points I'll try to sum up the situation in a few words. swallow down - cause to pass from your mouth to your stomach The pill was so large that it was hard for the boy to swallow it. swell up (of an ankle) - become larger If the ankle swells up, put an ice pack on it. switch off-stop electrical equipment working Be sure to switch off all the lights before you leave. switch off - stop paying attention, not be able to concentrate The lecture was so boring I switched off. switch on - start electrical equipment working Can I switch on the TV and watch the news? swoop down - come down suddenly and seize or attack The bird swooped down and grabbed the piece of bread. tail back (of traffic) - form a long queue (n. tailback) The traffic tailed back for at least a mile. take aback - surprise The Government were taken aback by the reaction. take after ... - resemble Sbe's very intelligent. She takes after ber mother. take apart - dismantle, take to pieces I had to take the model apart to fit it into the box. take (your breath) away - surprise you a lot The spectacular view took my breath away. take back - agree that what you said is not true I take back everything I said. I really enjoyed myself. take back - return I must take these books back to the library. take ... back - make someone think of past events This dance music takes me back to the time I met your father. take down - write down information The reporter took down the details of the accident. take down - remove from a lifeh place

On the shelf was an old box which he took down and opened.

step up – increase

take down – dismantle, undo something you have erected I needed belp to take down the tent.

take in - fool, deceive

The bogus official was so convincing that he took everyone in. take in (clothes) – make clothes narrower

When I lost weight, I had to take in all my clothes.

take in - understand everything

I couldn't take in all the information at once.

take in (for questioning) – take to a police station to question

The suspect was taken in for questioning about the robbery.

take ... into (your confidence) - confide in

If we take ber into our confidence, will she betray us?

take ... into - accept as part of an organisation

We've decided to take bim into the business. take ... into – accompany someone into a place

We took my daughter into hospital this morning.

take off (of a plane) - depart (n. take-off)

The plane is due to take off at six o'clock.

take off - remove (clothes etc) from your body

Mr Tidy took off bis shoes and put on bis slippers. take off – deduct

As a special offer we're taking ten per cent off for new customers. take off (of sales) – improve considerably

Sales usually take off during the tourist season.

take on – assume (a responsibility, extra work etc)

Are you ready to take on the responsibility of being a manager?

take on (passengers) – allow passengers to board a ship or plane
The plane stopped several times to take on passengers.

take on - give employment to

The company took on five more sales assistants last month.

take out (a book) - borrow a book from a library

You can take out four library books if you want to

take out - obtain a legal document

Take out some insurance before you go on boliday.

take out - take someone to the cinema etc

He's taking me out to the disco this evening.

take out - extract (eg a tooth)

The dentist had to take out the tooth as it was so had.

take out (a loan) - arrange to borrow money

She took out a loan to buy a new car.

takes it (out of you) - makes you feel very tired

Doing all this gardening really takes it out of you.

take it out on ... - make someone suffer because you are angry etc.

I know you're upset but you don't bave to take it out on me!

take over – gain control of (a company) (n. takeover)

The company was taken over by a larger competitor.

take over from ... - replace

Head office has sent someone to take over from the old manager.

take to ... - like someone you meet for the first time

Molly was so friendly that I took to ber immediately.

take up - start (a job or hobby)

I took up water-skiing during a seaside boliday.

take up an offer – accept an offer

We decided to take up ber offer of accommodation.

take up - use, occupy (time, space)

Organising the meetings was taking up too much of my time, take up – raise a topic

I'll bare to take up the question of overtime with head office, take up – shorten (cg a skirt)

The skirt was too long so she had to take it up.

talk ... Into - persuade someone to do something

Micbael's stubborn. You'll never talk bim into changing bis mind. talk ... out of – persuade someone not to do something

She tried to talk her boyfriend out of risking his life for her.

tear apart - disturb emotionally, pull in different directions

She was torn apart by wildly conflicting emotions.

tear down - tear off a wall etc

They tore down the old posters and put up new ones.

tear off - remove by tearing

There's a coupon at the bottom of the page for you to tear off. tear up – tear into pieces

Wanda tore up bis letter and threw it out of the window.

tee off - hit the first shot in a game of golf

The first pair of golfers teed off early that morning.

tell ... apart - differentiate between

The twins wear the same clothes so it's difficult to tell them apart.

tell off – rëprimand (n. telling-off)

His mother told him off for coming home late.

tell on ... (of pressure) - have a noticeable effect on

The pressure of all the extra work began to tell on ber.

tense up - become nervous, make your muscles tight (adj. tensed-up)

I always tense up when I have to make a speech.

think of ... - have an opinion about

What do you think of ber latest play?

think over - consider

I'll think over your offer and let you know tomorrow.

think through - think carefully about all the possible consequences

My client needs to think it through. There could be problems.

throw away – get rid of something no longer useful (adj. throwaway)

Throw away any old magazines you don't want.

throw down - throw something downstairs or to a lower position

Your pullover's in the bedroom. I'll throw it down to you.

throw ... into (prison) – force someone to go into prison

Those who apposed the government were thrown into prison.

throw out – get rid of We had to throw out all the cracked plates.

throw up (a job) - resign from a job

Rosa threw up her job and returned to her country.

tidy up – make (eg room) neat by putting things away You'll have to tidy up this room before your father gets home.

tie down - limit the freedom of

I don't want to be tied down by a wife and a family.

tighten up (security) - make security stricter

This project is secret so we'll have to tighten up security.

tip off - inform, warn about a future event (n. tip-off)

The police were tipped off about the bank raid.

tire out - make someone very tired (adj. tired out)

Carrying all those bricks really tired me out!

tone down - make less extreme

I had to tone down the speech to avoid a diplomatic incident.

tone up muscles – improve the condition of muscles

These exercises will tone up your leg muscles.

top up - fill up a container that has been partially emptied

Can I top you up or would you prefer a coffee?

touch down (of a plane) - land

The plane had to touch down in the middle of the desert.

touch on ... - mention

The delegate touched on a number of subjects during her speech, touch up a photo—alter by changing small details (adj. touched-up)

They touched up the photo to make her look much younger.

tow away (of a vehicle) - pull away another vehicle with a rope

The vehicle was towed away after nobody claimed it.

track down - find after a for of difficulty

I've finally managed to track down a copy of the book

try on - put on something to see if it fits

I'm not sure of the size so can I try this jacket on? try out – test

tuck into ... - eat enthusiastically

The bungry workers tucked into their dinner. tumble down - fall down in disorder The dog knocked a tin and sent the rest tumbling down. tune into ... - set controls to a particular frequency, radio station I like tuning into foreign radio stations. tune up - make a musical instrument play in tune The musicians began to tune up as the singers got ready. turn against ... - no longer support, be hostile to The people turned against the government after the tax changes. turn away - refuse entry to The restaurant was full so we had to turn away customers. turn back - stop and return the way you have come The road was blocked so they were forced to turn back. turn down - refuse, reject The boss turned down my request for a day off. turn down - reduce (the heating, volume etc) If it gets any warmer, we'll turn down the beating. turn in - go to bed We'd better turn in soon as we've got an early start tomorrow. turn in ... - give, submit work to the person who asked you to do it My students usually turn in very good work. turn ... into-change into something different It'll take more than smart clothes to turn him into a gentleman. turn off - stop an electrical device working If the red light flashes, turn off the machine immediately, turn off ... - leave one road and go into another You have to turn off the road just after the traffic lights. turn on ... - attack, become bostile He was badly injured when his dog turned on him. turn on - start an electrical device working Turn on the grill and give it time to beat up. turn on - start behaving in a certain way Your secretary can certainly turn on the charm! turn out ... - produce This factory turns out four hundred bicycles a day. turn out ... - be in the end The show turned out to be a great success. turn out - switch off (the light or gas) Could you turn out the light when you leave? turn out - come to a place to see something (n. turnout) Only a few bundred spectators turned out to see their final game. turn to ... - go to someone for help Who else can I turn to if I'm in trouble? turn up - increase (eg the volume) Don't turn up the volume! It's loud enough already. turn up - make something point upwards The old man turned up his collar as it got more windy. turn up - arrive, appear somewhere One cleaner turned up an bour late today. type away - keep typing When I went in, his secretary was typing away, as usual. use up - use all of We've used up all the paper so we need to order some more. wake up - (cause someone to) stop sleeping I usually wake up before the alarm rings in the morning. walk into a trap - unexpectedly get trapped in a difficult situation I knew I bad walked into a trap when I saw bis gun. walk on - continue walking in a certain direction Let's walk on and look at some more buildings. walk out - leave as a sign of protest (n. walk-out) Half the audience walked out because the acting was so had. walk out on ... - leave as a sign of protest Falib walked out on ber busband because be drank. warm up - do exercises to loosen the muscles (n. warm-up)

We have to warm up before doing the main exercises.

wash down - use water to remove dirt from a surface You must wash down the walls before you start painting. wash out - remove as the result of washing This new detergent will wash out the stain. wash up - wash the dishes and cutlery (n. washing-up) The children can clear the table and I'll wash up. watch out for ... - be careful because of a danger Watch out for snakes when you go walking in the forest. water down - make weaker, less controversial The Minister watered down bis speech to avoid giving offence. wave down - signal to stop The woman waved me down and asked me for belp. wave on - signal (eg traffic) to continue The police waved the cars on but made the coaches stop. wear down - make weaker The constant questioning was beginning to wear me down. wear off (of pain) - no longer affect someone It was some time before the pain wore off. wear ... out - make someone exhausted (adj. worn out) Doing all this digging really wears me out. wear out - wear something so much that it becomes unusable I've worn out my shoes so I'll have to buy a new pair. weigh ... down - put someone under a lot of pressure He was weighed down by all his worries. weigh up - assess We must weigh the situation up carefully before deciding. while away (the time) - make the time pass She whiled away the time making paper aeroplanes. whip up - encourage people to feel excited etc The presenter tried to whip up enthusiasm amongst the audience. wind down - relax I need a relaxing bobby to belp me wind down at the weekend. wind down - turn a handle to make something come down Could you wind down the window so that I can bear you better? wind down - gradually reduce the amount of work a business does After bis partner died, be began to wind down the business. wind up (a company) - cause a company to cease trading Business was so bad that he had to wind up the company. wire up - connect (a plug) with electrical wires Are you sure you've wired up that plug correctly? work away - keep working -I was busy working away and I didn't notice how late it waswork off-get rid of by exercise The trainer suggested some exercises to work off excess fat. work on ... - work to make or improve Our scientists are working on a new type of plastic. work on ... - try to influence I'll work on him and try to get him to change his mind. work out - think about a problem and find the answer I just can't work out the answer to this sum. work out - be all right in the end I know it looks bad but I'm sure things will work out all right. work out - do exercises to keep fit (n. work-out) To keep fit, she works out in the gym for an hour every day. wrestle with ... - fight with (often morally) She had to wrestle with her conscience before deciding write down - make a note of, record in writing Have you got some paper? I want to write down this address. write off - send a letter to an organisation Simon wrote off for details of their special offer. write in - insert something into a form or other written text To save time, I've already written some details in on your form. write in - write to a TV station etc. Viewers have written in with more examples of amusing street names.

Here are the answers to all the exercises and the tests. If you are not sure about the answer to an example, try to find it first in the Mini-Dictionary – before looking it up in this key. The Mini-Dictionary gives definitions and examples. Only use this key after you have looked the verb up in the Mini-Dictionary.

PAGE 8 1 set ... off 2 get out 3 broke in 4 put up with 5 rings ... up 6 hold on 7 carry on 8 hung up 9 pay off 10 turn down 11 piled up 12 crack up

PAGE 9 1 set off 2 get out 3 break in 4 put up with 5 ring up 6 hold on 7 carry on 8 hang up 9 pay off 10 turn down 11 pile(s) up 12 crack up

UNIT 1 Ex 1 - 1 put up 2 Cheer up 3 stood up 4 liven ... up 5 build up 6 speak up 7 grew up 8 shot up Ex 2 - 1 hurry up 2 ring ... up 3 heal up 4 fill up 5 seal ... up 6 locked ... up 7 saved up 8 tidy up

UNIT 2 Ex 1 - 1G 2F 3E 4H 5A 6D 7B 8C Ex 2 - 1F 2C 3G 4E 5B 6H 7A 8D

UNIT 3 Ex 1 - 1 speed up 2 lit up 3 calling ... up 4 beat ... up 5 pulled up 6 cropped up 7 own up 8 split up Ex 2 - 1 dig up 2 screwed up 3 polish ... up 4 bottle up 5 tighten up 6 freshen up

UNIT 4 Ex 1 - 1E 2D 3B 4A 5H 6G 7F 8C Ex 2 - 1E 2D 3F 4B 5A 6C 7H 8G

UNIT 5 Ex 1 - 1 put ... up 2 coming up 3 set up 4 take ... up 5 make up 6 went up 7 picked up 8 give ... up Ex 2 - 1 take up 2 went up 3 put up 4 set ... up 5 pick ... up 6 give up 7 making ... up 8 came up

UNIT 6 1 pick up 2 give up 3 take up 4 make up 5 set up 6 put up 7 come up 8 go up

UNIT 7 1 keep up 2 bring up 3 turn up 4 draw up 5 look up 6 hold up 7 get up 8 break up

UNIT 8 1 stay up 2 bottle up 3 cheer up 4 own up 5 blow up 6 beat up 7 freshen up 8 dress up 9 mix up 10 brush up 11 screw up 12 back up 13 tighten up 14 crop up 15 dig up

**UNIT 9 Ex 1** - 1 Sit down 2 lie down 3 pouring down 4 Slow down 5 chop ... down 6 kneel down 7 blown down 8 shot down Ex 2 - 1 cooled down 2 calm down 3 tore ... down 4 cut down 5 quietened down 6 fell down 7 marked down 8 tone down

UNIT 10 Ex 1 - 1D 2G 3H 4A 5F 6E 7B 8C Ex 2 - 1D 2G 3E 4C 5H 6B 7F 8A

UNIT 11 Ex 1 - 1 get ... down 2 Keep down 3 copy down 4 falls down 5 tie ... down 6 wave down 7 water ... down 8 tumbling down Ex 2 - 1 jot down 2 play down 3 scale down 4 lay down 5 fluttering down 6 narrow ... down

UNIT 12 Ex 1 - 1G 2C 3B 4E 5H 6D 7F 8A Ex 2 - 1C 2B 3A 4E 5H 6F 7D 8G

UNIT-13-Ex-1--1-knocked-down-2-go-down-3-bring-down-4-put-down-5-take .... down-6 hold ... down 7 come down 8 turned down Ex 2 - 1 knocked down 2 take ... down 3 turned down

4 came down 5 go down 6 put ... down 7 hold down 8 bring down

UNIT 14 1 knock down 2 turn down 3 put down 4 bring down 5 take down 6 hold down 7 come down 8 go down

UNIT 15 1 let down 2 fall down 3 get down 4 break down 5 wind down 6 lay down 7 keep down 8 run down

UNIT 16 1 narrow down 2 hand down 3 wear down 4 live down 5 play down 6 settle down 7 pelt down 8 crack down 9 tie down 10 track down 11 tumble down 12 water down 13 wave down 14 climb down 15 jot down

UNIT 17 Ex 1 - 1 walked out 2 jumped out 3 keep out 4 ask ... out 5 cut out 6 squeeze ... out 7 stayed out 8 slip out Ex 2 - 1 locked ... out 2 rushed out 3 pick out 4 reach out 5 throw out 6 leave ... out 7 eat out 8 check out

UNIT 18 Ex 1 - 1H 2F 3B 4G 5A 6C 7E 8D Ex 2 - 1D 2C 3H 4G 5B 6A 7E 8F

UNIT 19 Ex 1 - 1 share out 2 camp out 3 try ... out 4 point out 5 stormed out 6 shutting ... out 7 passed out 8 missed out Ex 2 - 1 invite ... out 2 cry out 3 hand out 4 wear ... out 5 read out 6 Measure out 7 breathe out 8 stretch out

UNIT 20 Ex 1 - 1B 2F 3E 4H 5D 6C 7G 8A Ex 2 - 1H 2E 3F 4G 5B 6A 7C 8D

UNIT 21 Ex 1 - 1 take ... out 2 come out 3 put ... out 4 turns out 5 gave ... out 6 let ... out 7 go out 8 make out Ex 2 - 1 let ... out 2 give out 3 turned out 4 put ... out 5 going out 6 came out 7 took out 8 make out

UNIT 22 1 come out 2 give out 3 let out 4 put out 5 turn out 6 go out 7 make out 8 take out

UNIT 23 1 set out 2 work out 3 carry out 4 call out 5 break out 6 fall out 7 point out 8 drop out

UNIT 24 1 invite out 2 share out 3 stand out 4 hand out 5 throw out 6 spread out 7 back out 8 find out 9 look out 10 pick out 11 cross out 12 cry out 13 storm out 14 pass out 15 burst out

UNIT 25 Ex 1 - 1 came into 2 rush into 3 talk ... into 4 tune into 5 bumped into 6 go into 7 burst into 8 grow into Ex 2 - 1 check into 2 pulled into 3 put ... into 4 get into 5 looking into 6 let ... into 7 crowded into 8 make ... into

UNIT 26 Ex 1 - 1E 2D 3H 4F 5A 6G 7B 8C Ex 2 - 1H 2D 3E 4A 5G 6B 7F 8C

UNIT 27 1 run into 2 come into 3 get into 4 burst into 5 go into 6 let ... into 7 take ... into 8 put ... into

UNIT 28 1 bump into 2 shock into 3 check into 4 see into 5 grow into 6 look into 7 fool into 8 walk into 9 pull into 10 crowd into 11 rush into 12 fly into 13 talk into 14 tune into 15 fling into

UNIT 29 Ex 1 - 1 pouring in 2 look in 3 Ask ... in 4 let ... in 5 butted in 6 locked in 7 smash in 8 key in Ex 2 - 1 stay in 2 drop in 3 join in 4 send ... in 5 fit in 6 fell in 7 pay in 8 push in

UNIT 30 Ex 1 - 1G 2H 3E 4F 5A 6D 7C 8B Ex 2 - 1H 2F 3D 4G 5A 6B 7C 8E

UNIT 31 Ex 1 - 1 brings/brought in 2 come in 3 got in 4 call in 5 break in 6 fill ... in 7 taken in 8 put in Ex 2 - 1 put in 2 broke in 3 come in 4 bring in 5 call in 6 fill in 7 take ... in 8 gets in

UNIT 32 1 get in 2 call in 3 bring in 4 break in 5 take in 6 put in 7 fill in 8 come in

UNIT 33 1 send in 2 turn in 3 pull in 4 go in 5 fit in 6 let in 7 give in 8 write in

UNIT 34 1 barge in 2 push in 3 key in 4 pour in 5 step in 6 hand in 7 invite in 8 show in 9 join in 10 drop in 11 phase in 12 plug in 13 smash in 14 sink in 15 stay in 16 pay in

UNIT 35 Ex 1 - 1 Switch ... on 2 looked on 3 stayed on 4 waved ... on 5 count on 6 hit on 7 brought on 8 dragged on Ex 2 - 1 send on 2 try ... on 3 sew ... on 4 hold on 5 add on 6 live on 7 carried on 8 touch on

UNIT 36 Ex 1 - 1D 2F 3G 4A 5H 6C 7B 8E Ex 2 - 1H 2A 3G 4F 5D 6C 7B 8E

UNIT 37 Ex 1 - 1 go on 2 get on 3 keep on 4 turn on 5 put on 6 called on 7 come on 8 taken on Ex 2 - 1 go on 2 called on 3 come on 4 take on 5 getting on 6 put on 7 keep ... on 8 turn on

UNIT 38 1 come on 2 take on 3 call on 4 turn on 5 put on 6 get on 7 go on 8 keep on

UNIT 39 1 move on 2 work on 3 live on 4 catch on 5 bring on 6 stay on 7 look on 8 pass on

UNIT 40 1 ramble on 2 drag on 3 let on 4 carry on 5 count on 6 lay on 7 hold on 8 run on 9 hit on 10 send on 11 switch on 12 leave on 13 touch on 14 try on 15 wave on 16 tell on

UNIT 41 Ex 1 - 1 switch off 2 cut off 3 scare off 4 broke off 5 told ... off 6 show off 7 made off 8 cordoned off Ex 2 - 1 write off 2 clear off 3 laugh off 4 work off 5 round off 6 fight off 7 pull ... off 8 see ... off

UNIT 42 Ex 1 - 1C 2G 3B 4H 5D 6E 7F 8A Ex 2 - 1D 2A 3H 4G 5E 6F 7C 8B

UNIT 43 Ex 1 - 1 put off 2 Get off 3 come off 4 set off 5 took off 6 went off 7 turn off 8 let ... off Ex 2 - 1 turn off 2 gone off 3 (has) got off 4 take off 5 let ... off 6 putting ... off 7 Come off 8 set off

UNIT 44 1 get off 2 put off 3 come off 4 go off 5 take off 6 turn off 7 set off 8 let ... off

UNIT 45 1 break off 2 pull off 3 keep off 4 cut off 5 fall off 6 send off 7 show off 8 switch off

UNIT 46 1 work off 2 cordon off 3 tell off 4 fight off 5 lift off 6 drive off 7 laugh off 8 make off 9 hold off 10 call off 11 wear off 12 see off 13 live off 14 scrape off 15 doze off

UNIT 47 Ex 1 - 1 stand by 2 go after 3 went by 4 takes after 5 came across 6 bring about 7 get by 8 set about Ex 2 - 1 put by 2 call ... after 3 standing by 4 look after 5 get ... across 6 get by -7 comes across 8 going about

UNIT 48 Ex 1 - 1B 2C 3H 4E 5D 6A 7F 8G Ex 2 - 1B 2D 3C 4F 5G 6H 7A 8E

UNIT 49 Ex 1 - 1 get around 2 looking around 3 shop around 4 get ... back 5 hold ... against 6 taking ... apart 7 ring ... back 8 take back Ex 2 - 1 fall back 2 turned against 3 tell ... apart 4 turned back 5 hang around 6 given back 7 crowded around 8 came apart

UNIT 50 Ex 1 - 1H 2F 3B 4E 5D 6A 7C 8G Ex 2 - 1A 2D 3F 4G 5C 6E 7B 8H

UNIT 51 Ex 1 - 1 deal with 2 go with 3 reason with 4 part with 5 do with 6 playing with 7 fill ... with 8 lies with Ex 2 - 1 live with 2 deals with 3 met with 4 confusing ... with 5 wrestling with 6 identify with 7 side with 8 disagrees with

UNIT 52 Ex 1 - 1E 2D 3H 4G 5C 6B 7A 8F Ex 2 - 1D 2F 3H 4A 5G 6B 7E 8C

**UNIT 53** Ex 1 - 1 looking for 2 calls for 3 go for 4 made for 5 send for 6 asking for 7 entered for 8 stand for Ex 2 - 1 pay for 2 went for 3 mistake ... for 4 call for 5 fishing for 6 account for 7 hope for 8 fallen for

UNIT 54 Ex 1 - 1D 2F 3E 4B 5C 6H 7A 8G Ex 2 - 1G 2F 3H 4A 5C 6E 7D 8B

UNIT 55 1 give away 2 stand by 3 go through 4 call for 5 get over 6 run over 7 get back 8 fall for

UNIT 56 1 get by 2 go by 3 stand for 4 deal with 5 get at 6 go for 7 come across 8 take back

UNIT 57 1 make for 2 get away 3 do with 4 put by 5 see through 6 fall through 7 hand over 8 blow over 9 call after 10 back away 11 pull over 12 set about 13 take after 14 go after 15 while away 16 wrestle with

UNIT 58 1 turn against 2 come to 3 get to 4 hear from 5 jump at 6 dream of 7 shop around 8 tell apart 9 reason with 10 come apart 11 hang around 12 glaze over 13 think of 14 identify with 15 pick at

UNIT 59 Ex 1 - 1 got away with 2 catch up with 3 move on to 4 send away for 5 Watch out for 6 added up to 7 stand in for 8 go ahead with Ex 2 - 1 look back on 2 made off with 3 walked out on 4 going out with 5 fooling around with 6 cut back on 7 come forward with 8 miss out on

UNIT 60 Ex 1 - 1H 2D 3G 4E 5B 6C 7A 8F Ex 2 - 1E 2D 3F 4A 5B 6H 7C 8G

UNIT 61 Ex 1 - 1 took ... up on 2 bring ... in on 3 looks down on 4 go on about 5 got round to 6 stand up to 7 go back on 8 done away with Ex 2 - 1 brought ... out in 2 look up to 3 face up to 4 gone down with 5 make up for 6 go in for 7 break in on 8 took over from

UNIT 62 Ex 1 - 1B 2D 3G 4A 5C 6H 7E 8F Ex 2 - 1D 2H 3F 4G 5C 6B 7A 8E

UNIT 63 1 get on with 2 feel up to 3 fill in on 4 carry on with 5 look forward to 6 get through to 7 come in for 8 look back on 9 stand in for 10 cut back on 11 break in on 12 get round to 13 fool around with 14 take over from 15 come forward with 16 go down with

UNIT 64 1 look up to 2 go in for 3 run out of 4 look down on 5 go along with 6 grow out of 7 get away with 8 catch up on 9 fix up with 10 live up to 11 come out in 12 cut down on 13 come up against 14 get behind with 15 bring in on 16 get back at

UNIT 65 Ex 1 - 1 off 2 up 3 out of 4 down 5 down with 6 in 7 on 8 out Ex 2 - 1 out, in 2 down 3 away 4 off 5 up 6 on 7 in on 8 up to

UNIT 66 Ex 1 - 1 coming down 2 come in 3 come out 4 came round 5 came across 6 came over 7 coming up 8 come on, came up with Ex 2 - 1 comes across 2 coming on 3 came into 4 comes from 5 came out in 6 came in for 7 coming off 8 come up

UNIT 67 Ex 1 - 1F 2C 3G 4B 5D 6H 7A 8E Ex 2 - 1B 2H 3F 4A 5E 6G 7D 8C

UNIT 68 Ex 1 - 1 go off 2 went up 3 went by 4 go through 5 go ahead 6 gone down with 7 go down 8 going about Ex 2 - 1 went off 2 Go on 3 go for 4 go with 5 go into 6 go up 7 going out 8 going without

UNIT 69 Ex 1 - 1E 2H 3F 4C 5G 6A 7B 8D Ex 2 - 1B 2F 3G 4H 5C 6A 7E 8D

UNIT 70 Ex 1 - 1 take back 2 take up 3 taken off 4 take on 5 taking out 6 taken down 7 took ... away 8 took to Ex 2 - 1 takes after 2 take ... apart 3 takes .... back 4 taken over 5 taken aback 6 taken on 7 take off 8 taken in

UNIT 71 Ex 1 - 1G 2C 3F 4B 5A 6E 7H 8D Ex 2 - 1C 2F 3G 4E 5D 6A 7H 8B

UNIT 72 Ex 1 - 1G 2D 3H 4F 5C 6A 7E 8B Ex 2 - 1D 2E 3G 4C 5F 6B 7H 8A

UNIT 73 1 keep 2 is 3 look 4 go 5 get

UNIT 74 1 bring 2 take 3 put 4 turn 5 come

UNIT 75 Ex 1 - 1 close down 2 put forward 3 bring out 4 took over 5 go ahead 6 build up 7 cut back 8 think over Ex 2 - 1 branch out 2 set up 3 run through 4 sold out 5 take ... up 6 dried up 7 took off 8 plan ahead

UNIT 76 Ex 1 - 1E 2H 3F 4C 5B 6D 7A 8G Ex 2 - 1F 2H 3D 4G 5C 6A 7B 8E

UNIT 77 1B 2D 3A 4C 5A 6A 7D 8C 9B 10D 11D 12B 13C 14B

UNIT 78 Ex 1 - 1 filter out 2 stripped ... down 3 wired up 4 stand up to 5 top up 6 go through 7 reading off 8 cutting out Ex 2 - 1 print out 2 runs out of 3 set up 4 sift through 5 put ... down to 6 took/takes up 7 worked out 8 back up

UNIT 79 1B 2C 3A 4D 5D 6A 7C 8B 9D 10D 11A 12A 13B 14D

UNIT 80 Ex 1 1F 2C 3G 4A 5H 6E 7B 8D Ex 2 1H 2G 3B 4A 5D 6E 7F 8C

UNIT 81 1B 2B 3D 4B 5B 6C 7A 8B 9A 10C 11D 12A 13B 14C

UNIT 82 Ex 1 1 1C 2H 3B 4E 5D 6A 7F 8G Ex 2 1E 2F 3D 4G 5A 6B 7H 8C

UNIT 83 1B 2B 3C 4B 5D 6A 7A 8C 9D 10A 11D 12B 13A 14D

UNIT 84 1B 2B 3C 4A 5D 6B 7B 8A 9B 10A 11D 12A 13C 14C

UNIT 85 1B 2C 3D 4D 5C 6A 7C 8A 9B 10B 11C 12A 13D 14D

UNIT 86 1C 2D 3A 4A 5C 6C 7A 8B 9C 10B 11B 12A 13B 14D

UNIT 87 Ex 1 - 1D 2E 3B 4C 5F 6A Ex 2 - 1D 2F 3E 4B 5A 6CUNIT 88 Ex 1 - 1F 2D 3B 4E 5C 6A Ex 2 - 1C 2E 3F 4A 5D 6B

UNIT 89 1 print out, print-out 2 warm up, warm-up 3 burst out, outburst 4 holding up, hold-up 5 broke down, breakdown 6 taking off, take-off 7 dropped out, drop-outs broke out, outbreak 9 stands in, stand-in 10 clean ... up, clean-up

**UNIT 90** 1 shut down, shut-down 2 (have) brought up, upbringing 3 built up, build-up 4 stop over, stopover 5 taken over, takeover 6 passing by, passers-by 7 stowed away, stowaway 8 stand by, stand-by 9 walked out, walk-out 10 check in, Check-in

UNIT 91 1 got away, getaway 2 hand over, hand-over 3 laid out, layout 4 slowed down, slowdown 5 slipped up, slip-up 6 looking on, onlookers 7 go ahead, go-ahead 8 got together, get-together 9 told ... off, telling-off 10 tailed back, tailback

UNIT 92 1 knocked out, knock-out 2 blacked out, blackout 3 changed over, change-over 4 tipped ... off, tip-off 5 wash up, washing-up 6 rose up, uprising 7 kicked off, kick-off 8 laid out, outlay 9 working out, work-out 10 (have) turned out, turn-out

UNIT 93 1 rolled up, rolled-up 2 cut off, cut-off 3 ran away, runaway 4 throw ... away, throwaway 5 stands out, outstanding 6 tense up, tensed-up 7 made up, made-up 8 wear ... out, worn out 9 built up, built-up 10 knock down, knockdown

UNIT 94 1 coming in, incoming 2 broke away, breakaway 3 sat down, sit-down 4 start up, start-up 5 touched up, touched-up 6 knocked out, knockout 7 put ... off, off-putting 8 pick up, pick-up 9 tired ... out, tired out 10 speak out, outspoken

UNIT 95 1 turn up, turn ... down 2 passed out, came to 3 stay in, go out 4 set out, get back 5 switched on, switched off 6 knocked ... out, bring ... round 7 slow down, speed up 8 looked down on, looked up to 9 put ... back, brought ... forward 10 stood up, sit down

UNIT 96 1 comes on, goes off 2 started out, ended up 3 step up, cut back 4 take off, Put ... on 5 talk ... out of, talk ... into 6 took off, touched down 7 took ... down, put ... back 8 built up, died down 9 Count ... in, Count ... out 10 break up, go back

TEST 1 1B 2C 3B 4C 5B 6D 7A 8B 9C 10B 11B 12D 13A 14C 15B 16C

TEST 2 1 put 2 turn 3 see 4 come 5 take 6 look 7 sleep 8 go 9 keep 10 come 11 come 12 turn 13 check 14 put 15 look 16 burst 17 miss 18 give

TEST 3 1B 2D 3D 4C 5A 6D 7B 8D 9A 10C 11A 12C 13A 14D 15A 16B

TEST 4-1 come-2 go-3 take-4 weigh-5 come-6 feel-7-blow-8 look-9 put-10 hold-11 rush-12 kick-13 let 14 fill 15 come 16 turn 17 put 18 go

TEST 5 1C 2B 3A 4C 5B 6C 7C 8A 9A 10D 11B 12A 13A 14D 15A 16A

### **Your Personal List**

This book has practised over 700 of the most common phrasal verbs with over 1000 different meanings. There are many more phrasal verbs in English. Use this section to write down and learn other phrasal verbs which you learn in class or while you read.

Try to put your verbs in the best place:

136 - UP OUT

137 - ON OFF

138-IN DOWN

139 - OVER INTO AROUND AWAY ABOUT

140 - BACK FOR WITH THROUGH ROUND

141 – VERBS WITH TWO PARTICLES

142 - GET PUT

143 - GO COME

144 - TAKE BE

# Particles – UP, OUT

Why don't you warm		the meal in the microwave,
	UP	
Remember not to miss		the 'l' in calm.
	OUT	
	002	
e this box for a common particle	which yo	ou need.
		***************************************

# Particles - ON, OFF

Those silly ideas verge		the ridicalous.
	: ' .	
	ON	
The Government decided not to break		diplomatic relations.
The year finale washed the or by all		wpoundoup roduings,
	OFF	
	Off	
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
this how for a common partials		- maad
this box for a common particle	— which you	i need.
	2,	
'	· · ·	
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# Particles – IN, DOWN

Try to write more than just the verb. Write some of the surrounding words. Wouldn't it be a good idea to trade your old car for a new one? IN The police tried to crack on drug pushers. **DOWN** Use this box for a common particle which you need.

# OVER, INTO, AROUND, AWAY, ABOUT

The lake froze		early last winter,
	OVER	
	OVER	
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	AROUND	
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	AWAY	
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	ABOUT	
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e boxes for particles which	ı you choos	se.
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# BACK, FOR, WITH, THROUGH, ROUND

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exes.	
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	BACK FOR WITH THROUGH ROUND Exes.

## **Verbs with Two Particles**

This page is for you to write the most common phrasal verbs with two particles. Try to write a whole sentence which shows the meaning of the verb.

	PARTICLE 1	PARTICLE 2	
We need to get	DOWN	то	some serious work.
,			
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			-
	٠		

# Common Verbs – GET, PUT

Add a common verb which you decide in the circle at the bottom of the page. Remember to notice where the particle comes in the sentence or phrase.

	over	a serious illness
GET		
	<del>-</del>	
	<del>-</del>	
	те ир	for the weekend
PUT	<del></del>	
	*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1		

# Common Verbs – GO, COME

COME and GO do not have objects. This means that the particle comes immediately after the verb.

•		in the world
	<u>up</u>	in the worth
	·	
GO		
	<del></del>	
		•
	round	to my point of view
COME		
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	<del>-</del>	
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## Common Verbs – TAKE, BE

Try to write down phrases which show the meaning of the phrasal verb. Notice especially if the object comes before or after the particle.

	<i>ар</i>	a new hobby
TAKE		
	off	my food
BE		